

# Open Budget Survey 2021

Questionnaire

Tunisia

May 2022

# Country Questionnaire: Tunisia

PBS-1. What is the fiscal year of the PBS evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."

Answer:

FY 2021

Source:

No sources

Comment:

Le Rapport Préalable au budget n'est pas disponible. C'était également le cas des EBO précédente concernant la Tunisie.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il s'agit bien de l'Année Fiscale 2021. Le Rapport Préalable au budget n'est pas disponible

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: FY 2020

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur du gouvernement est bien noté. Cependant, le dernier rapport préalable au budget publié avant la date limite de recherche de l'OBS (le 31 décembre 2020) doivent être celui de l'exercice 2021. La réponse existante de "FY 2021" est donc maintenue.

PBS-2. When is the PBS made available to the public?

*Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

*The OBS methodology requires that for a PBS to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public one month before the Executive's Budget Proposal is submitted to the legislature for consideration. If the PBS is not released to the public at least one month before the Executive's Budget Proposal is submitted to the legislature for consideration, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the PBS.*

Answer:

d. The PBS is not released to the public, or is released less than one month before the Executive's Budget Proposal is introduced to the legislature

Source:

NA

Comment:

Le PBS n'est pas disponible au public (pas produit)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le PBS n'est pas produit et non disponible au public

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: le PBS est produit en interne et il est communiqué à l'assemblée législative

PBS-3a. If the PBS is published, what is the date of publication of the PBS?

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2020 should be entered as 05/09/2020. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

Answer:

Source:

Comment:

Peer Reviewer

Opinion:

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: n/a

PBS-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the PBS.

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

n/a

Source:

N/A

Comment:

Le PBS n'est pas disponible au public

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le PBS n'est pas disponible au public

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

PBS-4. If the PBS is published, what is the URL or weblink of the PBS?

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

Answer:

Source:

Comment:

Peer Reviewer

Opinion:

Government Reviewer

Opinion:

Comments: n/a

PBS-5. If the PBS is published, are the numerical data contained in the PBS available in a machine readable format?

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) or HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>*

*Option "d" applies if the PBS is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.*

Answer:

d. Not applicable

Source:

N/A

Comment:

Le document n'est pas produit

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le PBS n'est pas produit

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

PBS-6a. If the PBS is not publicly available, is it still produced?

*If the PBS is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question PBS-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question PBS-2)*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*

*If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.*

Answer:

d. Not produced at all

Source:

N/A

Comment:  
Le document n'est pas produit

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: Le PBS n'est pas produit

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Disagree  
Suggested Answer: c. Produced for internal purposes/use only

IBP Comment  
Veuillez voir la "Response to Review" du chercheur à la question PBS-6b. La réponse existante de "d" est maintenue.

PBS-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question PBS-6a, please specify how you determined whether the PBS was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

*If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question PBS-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:  
Aucun site officiel, ni celui du ministère des finances ni celui de la présidence du gouvernement, ne mentionne la disponibilité du PBS. D'ailleurs, le PBS n'a jamais été produit depuis la première enquête en Tunisie datant de 2011.

Source:  
NA

Comment:  
Le PBS n'est pas produit.

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: Le PBS n'est pas produit

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Disagree  
Suggested Answer: Afin de concrétiser les dispositions de la nouvelle loi organique de budget de 2019, et afin de renforcer le rôle de l'assemblée législative dans le choix des orientations et des politiques budgétaires, le ministère des finances élabore le PBS et le communique à l'Assemblée législative sans le rendre publique.

Researcher Response  
On n'a trouvé aucune preuve concrète ni aucune information sur la production du PBS, y compris sur le siteweb de l'assemblée ou dans les déclarations des députés.

IBP Comment  
À la lumière de la "Response to Review" du chercheur, la réponse existante est maintenue.

PBS-7. If the PBS is produced, please write the full title of the PBS.

*For example, a title for the Pre-Budget Statement could be "Proposed 2021 State Budget" or "Guidelines for the Preparation of Annual Plan and Budget for 2020/21."*

*If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:  
n/a

Source:

N/A

Comment:

Le document n'est pas produit

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le PBS n'est pas produit

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Rapport des hypothèses et des grandes orientations du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2020

IBP Comment

Veillez voir la "Response to Review" du chercheur à la question PBS-6b. La réponse existante de "n/a" est maintenue.

PBS-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the PBS?

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.*

Answer:

b. No

Source:

N/A

Comment:

Le PBS n'est pas produit

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le PBS n'est pas produit

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: le PBS est produit en interne mais il n'existe pas une « version pour les citoyens »

EBP-1a. What is the fiscal year of the EBP evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

Answer:

FY 2021

Source:

N/A

Comment:

Il s'agit de l'exercice fiscal le plus récent.

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: C'est bien l'Année Fiscale 2021

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

EBP-1b. When is the EBP submitted to the legislature for consideration?

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2020 should be entered as 05/09/2020. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

Answer:  
15/10/2020

Source:

- L'article 66 de la Constitution de la République Tunisienne. <http://www.legislation.tn/sites/default/files/news/constitution-b-a-t.pdf>  
- Divers articles de presse, comme par exemple: <https://www.tustex.com/economie-actualites-economiques/le-projet-de-loi-de-finances-2021-depose-a-l-arp-de-nouvelles-revisions-de-taxes-sur-la-consommation>

Comment:

Selon l'article 66 de la Constitution, le PBE doit être soumis au législatif au plus tard le 15 octobre de chaque année N-1. De diverses sources journalistiques prouvent que le PBE a été publié par l'Assemblée le 16 octobre 2020, ce qui veut dire que le document a été soumis au plus tard le 15 octobre, conformément aux délais constitutionnels.

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: Le PBE a été remis au parlement (ARP) le 15/10/2020, conformément à l'article 66 de la Constitution de la république Tunisienne.

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

EBP-2. When is the EBP made available to the public?

*Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

*The OBS methodology requires that for an EBP to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public while the legislature is still considering it and before the legislature approves (enacts) it. If the EBP is not released to the public before the legislature approves it, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the EBP.*

*The OBS definition of an Executive's Budget Proposal is a document(s) that (i) the executive submits to the legislature as a formal part of the budget approval process and (ii) the legislature either approves or on which it approves proposed amendments.*

*The OBS will treat the Executive's Budget Proposal as "Not Produced," in the following cases:*

- *The executive does not submit the draft budget to the legislature; or*
- *The legislature receives the draft budget but does not approve it or does not approve recommendations on the draft budget;*
- *The legislature rejects the draft budget submitted by the executive, but the executive implements it without legislative approval; or*
- *There is no legislature, or the legislature has been dissolved.*

Answer:

b. At least two months, but less than three months, in advance of the budget year, and in advance of the budget being approved by the legislature

Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D9%85%D8%B4%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B9%20%D9%82%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%88%D9%86%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D8%A9%202021%20-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AD%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%85\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D9%85%D8%B4%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B9%20%D9%82%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%88%D9%86%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D8%A9%202021%20-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AD%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%85_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le PLF a été publié le 16 octobre 2020 sur le site du Ministère des finances. Malheureusement, le nouveau site du MF n'indique pas les dates de mise en ligne des documents. Toutefois, cette publication a été "trackée" par le chercheur le jour même de la mise en ligne. De plus, le lien du document sur le siteweb (ci-dessus) indique la mention suivante "2020-10", ce qui pourrait donner la preuve que le document a été publié en octobre 2020.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le PLF a été publié le 16/10/2020.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: on doit prendre en considération cette source: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf) c'est le Rapport de projet de budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2021, publié en octobre 2020 conjointement avec PLF.

EBP-3a. If the EBP is published, what is the date of publication of the EBP?

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2020 should be entered as 05/09/2020. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

*In the comment boxes below, researchers should also list any supporting documents to the EBP and their date of publication.*

Answer:

16/10/2020

Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D9%85%D8%B4%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B9%20%D9%82%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%88%D9%86%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D8%A9%202021%20-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AD%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%85\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D9%85%D8%B4%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B9%20%D9%82%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%88%D9%86%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D8%A9%202021%20-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AD%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%85_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le lien ci-dessus présente le PLF pour l'année 2021 sur le site du MF

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le PLF a été publié le 16/10/2020.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: on doit prendre en considération cette source: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf) c'est le Rapport de projet de budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2021, publié en octobre 2020 conjointement avec PLF.

EBP-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the EBP.

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:



Malheureusement, les publications postées sur le site web du MF n'indiquent pas les dates exactes de publications. Toutefois, le suivi continu de la part du chercheur a permis de constater que le PLF a été publié le 16 octobre 2020, c'est à dire après 24h de sa soumission au législatif. De plus, le lien url du PLF - copié ci-dessous- présente la mention "2020-10" ce qui pourrait constituer un indicateur supplémentaire que le document a été publié en octobre 2020.

Source:

1) [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D9%85%D8%B4%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B9%20%D9%82%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%88%D9%86%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D8%A9%202021%20-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AD%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%85\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D9%85%D8%B4%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B9%20%D9%82%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%88%D9%86%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D8%A9%202021%20-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AD%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%85_0.pdf)

Comment:

Ce n'était pas le cas de l'enquête précédente en 2019. En effet, le MF a mis en place un nouveau site web depuis 2020. Le nouveau site ne présente aucune indication sur la date de publication des documents.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le PLF a été publié le 16/10/2020. Même sur le site de l'ARP, la date mentionnée sur le document signale Octobre 2020.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: On peut déterminer la date de publication à partir d'un compte administrateur du site web officiel du ministère des finances on doit prendre en considération cette source: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf) c'est le Rapport de projet de budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2021, publié en octobre 2020 conjointement avec PLF.

EBP-4. If the EBP is published, what is the URL or weblink of the EBP?

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

*In the comment boxes below, researchers should also list any supporting documents to the EBP and their URL or weblink.*

Answer:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D9%85%D8%B4%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B9%20%D9%82%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%88%D9%86%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D8%A9%202021%20-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AD%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%85\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D9%85%D8%B4%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B9%20%D9%82%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%88%D9%86%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D8%A9%202021%20-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AD%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%85_0.pdf)

Source:

Le site web officiel du ministère des finances

Comment:

Les documents annexes au PLF sont les suivants:

1) Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021 [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

2) Rapport sur les transferts et les garanties de l'Etat au profit des entreprises publiques

[http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com\\_docman&task=cat\\_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr)

3) Rapport sur la répartition régionale des investissements

[http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com\\_docman&task=cat\\_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr)

4) Rapport sur le partenariat public privé

[http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com\\_docman&task=cat\\_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr)

5) Rapport sur la situation des entreprises publiques

[http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com\\_docman&task=cat\\_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr)

6) Rapport sur les fonds spéciaux de trésor

[http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com\\_docman&task=cat\\_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr)

7) Rapport sur la dette publique

[http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com\\_docman&task=cat\\_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr)

8) Rapport sur les dépenses et les avantages fiscaux

[http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com\\_docman&task=cat\\_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=120&Itemid=124&lang=fr)

9) projets de budgets détaillés des ministères (ci dessous le lien du budget du ministère des finances à titre d'exemple)

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/%D9%85%D9%87%D9%85%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%8A%D8%A7%D8%AD%D8%A9.pdf>

10) les projets annuels de performance (PAP) des différents ministères/missions (21 missions)

[http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com\\_docman&task=cat\\_view&gid=119&Itemid=124&lang=fr](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php?option=com_docman&task=cat_view&gid=119&Itemid=124&lang=fr)

11) cadre budgétaire à moyen terme 2021-2023

<http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Annexes%202-3%20et%204%20LF2021.pdf>

Remarque: Concernant les PAP, il est important de noter que 3 rapports (parmi les 21) ont été publiés après le 31 décembre 2020.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Sur le site officiel du ministère des finances (<http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/>)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments:

EBP-5. If the EBP is published, are the numerical data contained in the EBP or its supporting documents available in a machine readable format?

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>.*

*Option "d" applies if the EBP is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.*

Answer:

c. No

Source:

N/A

Comment:

Les données relatives au Projet de Loi de Finances pour l'année 2021 ne sont pas accessibles sous format numérique.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les données concernant le PLF 2021 ne sont pas accessibles sous format numérique.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EBP-6a. If the EBP is not publicly available, is it still produced?

*If the EBP is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question EBP-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question EBP-2).*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*

*If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.*

Answer:

e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

Source:  
N/A

Comment:  
Le document est disponible au public

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le document est accessible au public.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EBP-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question EBP-6a, please specify how you determined whether the EBP was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

*If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question EBP-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

Source:

Comment:

Peer Reviewer

Opinion:

Government Reviewer

Opinion:

EBP-7. If the EBP is produced, please write the full title of the EBP.

*For example, a title for the Executive's Budget Proposal could be "Draft Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure for BY 2020-21, produced by the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development."*

*If there are any supporting documents to the EBP, please enter their full titles in the comment box below.*

*If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

Projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021

Source:

C'est le nom exact du document tel que cité sur le site web du MF

Comment:

Les rapports annexes sont les suivants:

- 1) Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021
- 2) Rapport sur les transferts et les garanties de l'Etat au profit des entreprises publiques
- 3) Rapport sur la répartition régionale des investissements
- 4) Rapport sur le partenariat public privé
- 5) Rapport sur la situation des entreprises publiques
- 6) Rapport sur les fonds spéciaux de trésor
- 7) Rapport sur la dette publique
- 8) Rapport sur les dépenses et les avantages fiscaux
- 9) projets de budgets des ministères

- 10) les programmes annuels de performance (PAP) des missions  
11) Cadre de budget à moyen terme

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le Projet de Loi de Finances pour l'année 2021, selon le site officiel du ministère des Finances avec 11 annexes: 1) Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021 2) Rapport sur les transferts et les garanties de l'Etat au profit des entreprises publiques 3) Rapport sur la répartition régionale des investissements 4) Rapport sur le partenariat public-privé 5) Rapport sur la situation des entreprises publiques 6) Rapport sur les fonds spéciaux de trésor 7) Rapport sur la dette publique 8) Rapport sur les dépenses et les avantages fiscaux 9) Projets de budget des différents ministères 10) Programmes Annuels de Performance (PAP) des missions 11) Cadre de Budget à MT

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EBP-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the EBP?

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.*

Answer:

b. No

Source:

N/A

Comment:

Il n'existe pas de version citoyenne du PLF

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il n'y a pas de version citoyenne du PLF

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: a. Yes

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur du gouvernement est bien noté. Veuillez voir la "Response to Review" du chercheur à la question CB-6; comme il a noté, "le Budget Citoyen prend en considération les amendements et l'approbation de la part du législatif, il correspond donc au Budget Approuvé et non pas au projet de budget." La réponse existante de "b" est maintenue.

EB-1a. What is the fiscal year of the EB evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

Answer:

FY 2020

Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi\\_finances\\_2020\\_fr.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi_finances_2020_fr.pdf)

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: L'Année Fiscale 2020

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EB-1b. When was the EB approved (enacted) by the legislature?

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2020 should be entered as 05/09/2020. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

Answer:

10/12/2019

Source:

Diverses sources journalistiques, comme par exemple: <https://www.businessnews.com.tn/arp-adoption-de-la-loi-de-finances-2020,520,93535,3>

Comment:

La date de l'adoption est conforme aux dispositions de la Constitution fixant le 10 décembre (N-1) comme dernier délai pour voter la loi de finances.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: C'est le 10/12/2019 conformément aux dispositions de la Constitution de la république Tunisienne.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EB-2. When is the EB made available to the public?

*Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

*The OBS methodology requires that for an EB to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public three months after the budget is approved by the legislature. If the EB is not released to the public at least three months after the budget is approved by the legislature, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the EB.*

Answer:

a. Two weeks or less after the budget has been enacted

Source:

[http://www.iort.gov.tn/WD120AWP/WD120Awp.exe/CTX\\_15688-146-GqULDucDLh/PageRechercheAvance/SYNC\\_637539548](http://www.iort.gov.tn/WD120AWP/WD120Awp.exe/CTX_15688-146-GqULDucDLh/PageRechercheAvance/SYNC_637539548)

Comment:

La loi de finances pour l'année 2020 a été publiée sur le site web de l'imprimerie officiel de la république tunisienne le 23 décembre 2019. Le lien ci-dessus permet d'accéder à la page de téléchargement du document ou il y est indiqué la date de la loi (23 décembre 2019). Le même document est disponible sur le site web du MF via le lien suivant: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi\\_finances\\_2020\\_fr.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi_finances_2020_fr.pdf)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La loi de finances pour l'année 2020 a été promulguée en date du 23/12/2020 et publiée sur le site web de l'Imprimerie Officielle de la République Tunisienne(IORT) en date du 27/12/2019.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EB-3a. If the EB is published, what is the date of publication of the EB?

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2020 should be entered as 05/09/2020. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

Answer:

27/12/2019

Source:

[http://www.iort.gov.tn/WD120AWP/WD120Awp.exe/CTX\\_15688-146-GqULDucDLh/PageRechercheAvance/SYNC\\_637539548](http://www.iort.gov.tn/WD120AWP/WD120Awp.exe/CTX_15688-146-GqULDucDLh/PageRechercheAvance/SYNC_637539548)

Comment:

La loi de finances pour l'année 2020 a été publiée sur le site web de l'imprimerie officielle de la république tunisienne le 27 décembre 2019. Le lien ci-dessus permet d'accéder à la page de téléchargement du document ou il y est indiqué la date de la loi (23 décembre 2019). Le même document est disponible sur le site web du MF via le lien suivant: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi\\_finances\\_2020\\_fr.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi_finances_2020_fr.pdf)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La loi de finances pour l'année 2020 a été promulguée en date du 23/12/2019 et publiée sur le site de l'Imprimerie Officielle de la République Tunisienne(IORT) en date du 27/12/2019.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EB-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the EB.

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

A travers la date mentionnée sur la page du journal officiel accessible via le lien ci-dessous

Source:

[http://www.iort.gov.tn/WD120AWP/WD120Awp.exe/CTX\\_15688-146-GqULDucDLh/PageRechercheAvance/SYNC\\_637539548](http://www.iort.gov.tn/WD120AWP/WD120Awp.exe/CTX_15688-146-GqULDucDLh/PageRechercheAvance/SYNC_637539548)

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le site de l'Imprimerie Officielle de la République Tunisienne(IORT) indique la date de promulgation et de publication de la Loi de Finances.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EB-4. If the EB is published, what is the URL or weblink of the EB?

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

Answer:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi\\_finances\\_2020\\_fr.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi_finances_2020_fr.pdf)

Source:

site web du MF

Comment:

La LF est publiée sur deux sites officiels, à savoir ceux du MF et de l'imprimerie officielle. Il serait toutefois plus "pratique" d'adopter celui du ministère car il permet un accès direct au document en français

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La Loi de Finances est publiée sur le site de l'IORT, mais également sur celui du ministère des Finances. Le document qui fait foi reste toujours celui de l'IORT.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EB-5. If the EB is published, are the numerical data contained in the EB available in a machine readable format?

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>*

*Option "d" applies if the EB is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.*

Answer:

b. Yes, some of the numerical data are available in a machine readable format

Source:

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/ressources>

Comment:

Quelques données relatives à la répartition globale des dépenses et des recettes ainsi qu'aux indicateurs clés des finances publiques, sont disponibles sur des formats numériques.

Lien vers les données concernant les ressources

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/ressources>

Lien vers les données concernant les dépenses

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/depenses>

Lien vers les indicateurs clés des finances publiques

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/synthese-des-resultats-des-finances-publiques-budget-de-letat>

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Certaines données numériques sont disponibles dans un format numérique à partir du site du ministère des Finances, notamment les données relatives aux Ressources, aux Dépenses, à la répartition globale des Recettes et Dépenses, aux indicateurs clés des finances publiques.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EB-6a. If the EB is not publicly available, is it still produced?

*If the EB is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question EB-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question EB-2)*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*

*If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.*

Answer:

e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

Source:

N/A

Comment:

La loi de finances pour l'année 2020 est disponible au public

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: N/A

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EB-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question EB-6a, please specify how you determined whether the EB was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

*If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question EB-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

Source:

Comment:

Peer Reviewer

Opinion:

Government Reviewer

Opinion:

EB-7. If the EB is produced, please write the full title of the EB.



For example, a title for the Enacted Budget could be "Appropriation Act n. 10 of 2018."

If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

Answer:

Loi de finances pour l'année 2020

Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi\\_finances\\_2020\\_fr.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi_finances_2020_fr.pdf)

Comment:

Intitulé du document selon le lien ci-dessus.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Loi de Finances pour l'année 2020

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

EB-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the EB?

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see:*

<https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.

Answer:

a. Yes

Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget\\_Citoyen\\_2020.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget_Citoyen_2020.pdf)

Comment:

Selon le lien ci-dessus, le document a été publié en février 2020

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il existe une version "citoyenne" du budget et elle a été publiée en février 2020.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

CB-1. What is the fiscal year of the CB evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

*If more than one Citizens Budget is produced, for each CB please indicate the document the CB simplifies/refers to, and the fiscal year.*

Answer:

FY 2020

Source:  
[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget\\_Citoyen\\_2020.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget_Citoyen_2020.pdf)

Comment:  
On a adopté le Budget du citoyen pour l'année 2020, car celui de 2021 (le plus récent) a été publié après le 31 décembre 2020.

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: L'Année Fiscale 2020

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

CB-2a. For the fiscal year indicated in CB-1, what is the public availability status of the CB?

*If more than one Citizens Budget is produced, please complete this question for one of them, specifying in the comment box below which document (Executive's Budget Proposal or Enacted Budget) you are referring to, and – in the same comment box – which other Citizens Budget is produced and its public availability status.*

*Remember that publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology  
Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*

Answer:  
e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

Source:  
[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget\\_Citoyen\\_2020.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget_Citoyen_2020.pdf)

Comment:  
Le lien ci-dessus donne l'indication que le document a été publié en février 2020 c'est à dire après moins de trois mois de l'adoption du budget.

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: Le document du budget citoyen pour l'année fiscale 2020 a été publié en Février 2020, soit moins de trois mois après son adoption.

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

CB-2b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question CB-2a, please specify how you determined whether the CB was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

*If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question CB-2a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

Source:

Comment:

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion:

Government Reviewer  
Opinion:

CB-3a. If the CB is published, what is the date of publication of the CB?

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document. Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2020 should be entered as 05/09/2020. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

*If more than one Citizens Budget is published, please complete this question for one of them, specifying in the comment box below which document you are referring to, and – in the same comment box – which other Citizens Budget is produced and its dates of publication.*

Answer:  
17/02/2020

Source:  
[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget\\_Citoyen\\_2020.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget_Citoyen_2020.pdf)

Comment:  
A travers la nouvelle version du site web du MF qui a été mis en place en 2020, il n'est pas possible de savoir les dates exactes de la mise en ligne des documents. Nous avons uniquement l'indication que le document a été posté en février 2020 (à travers le mention dans le lien ci-dessus). Selon une vérification par javascript de ce lien, il semble que le CB a été publié le 17 février.

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: Le document du Budget Citoyen a été publié en Février 2020( probablement le 17/02/2020).

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

CB-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the CB.

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:  
Selon une vérification par javascript de ce lien, le CB a été apparemment publié le 17 février.

Source:  
[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget\\_Citoyen\\_2020.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget_Citoyen_2020.pdf)

Comment:  
NC

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: Après vérification, il est fort probable que la publication du document de Budget Citoyen soit le 17/02/2020.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

CB-4. If the CB is published, what is the URL or weblink of the CB?

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

*If more than one Citizens Budget is published, please complete this question for one of them, specifying in the comment box below which document you are referring to, and – in the same comment box – which other Citizens Budget is produced and its URL or weblink.*

Answer:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget\\_Citoyen\\_2020.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget_Citoyen_2020.pdf)

Source:

Siteweb du MF

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget\\_Citoyen\\_2020.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget_Citoyen_2020.pdf)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

CB-5. If the CB is produced, please write the full title of the CB.

*For example, a title for the Citizens Budget could be "Budget 2020 People's Guide" or "2021 Proposed Budget in Brief: A People's Budget Publication."*

*If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

*If more than one Citizens Budget is produced, for the other CB, indicate the document the CB refers to and, next to it, its full title.*

Answer:

Budget Citoyen pour l'année 2020

Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget\\_Citoyen\\_2020.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget_Citoyen_2020.pdf)

Comment:

Intitulé du document

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Budget Citoyen pour l'année 2020

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

CB-6. If the CB is produced, please indicate which budget document it corresponds to.

*If more than one Citizens Budget is produced, please complete this question for one of them, specifying in the comment box below which document you are referring to, and – in the same comment box – which other Citizens Budget is produced and which budget document it simplifies.*

Answer:

Le document a été publié en février 2020, il correspond donc au budget approuvé de l'année 2020.

Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget\\_Citoyen\\_2020.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget_Citoyen_2020.pdf)

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le document du Budget Citoyen publié en Février 2020 correspond au budget adopté pour l'année 2020

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Le CB est un document qui simplifie le rapport de projet de budget de 2020 en prenant compte des résultats qui ont été approuvé par le l'Assemblée législative

Researcher Response

Comme le dit le commentaire du gouvernement, le Budget Citoyen prend en considération les amendements et l'approbation de la part du législatif, il correspond donc au Budget Approuvé et non pas au projet de budget. En 2018 par exemple, le MF a publié deux versions du CB, dont "Un projet de budget citoyen" qui a été diffusé bien avant le vote du budget.

IBP Comment

À la lumière de la "Response to Review" du chercheur, la réponse existante est maintenue.

IYRs-1. What is the fiscal year of the IYRs evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

Answer:

FY 2020

Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/telechargement?title=&field\\_secteur\\_et\\_domaines\\_target\\_id=75](http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/telechargement?title=&field_secteur_et_domaines_target_id=75)

Comment:

Il s'agit de l'année fiscale la plus récente durant laquelle les documents ont été publiés.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: L'Année Fiscale 2020

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IYRs-2. When are the IYRs made available to the public?

*Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

*The OBS methodology requires that for IYRs to be considered publicly available, IYRs must be made available to the public no later than three months after the*

*reporting period ends. If at least seven of the last 12 monthly IYRs, or at least three of the last four quarterly IYRs are not released to the public at least three months after the reporting period ends, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the IYRs.*

Answer:

c. At least every quarter, and within three months of the period covered

Source:

Le rapport de mars: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats\\_provisoires\\_de\\_l%27exercice%C3%A9cution\\_du\\_Budget\\_mars\\_2020\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats_provisoires_de_l%27exercice%C3%A9cution_du_Budget_mars_2020_0.pdf)

Le rapport de juin: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-08/R%C3%A9sultats\\_provisoires\\_de\\_l%27exercice%C3%A9cution\\_du\\_Budget\\_Juin\\_2020\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-08/R%C3%A9sultats_provisoires_de_l%27exercice%C3%A9cution_du_Budget_Juin_2020_0.pdf)

Le rapport de septembre: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats\\_provisoires\\_de\\_l%27exercice%C3%A9cution\\_du\\_Budget\\_2020fin%20septembre%202020%20281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats_provisoires_de_l%27exercice%C3%A9cution_du_Budget_2020fin%20septembre%202020%20281%29_2.pdf)

Comment:

Selon une vérification par javascript des dates de dernières modifications des pages qui hébergent les rapports en cours d'année, les dates de publication auraient été les suivantes:

Rapport de mars : 21 mai 2020

Rapport de juin: 4 août 2020

Rapport de septembre: 3 décembre 2020

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Au moins tous les trimestres et dans les trois mois suivants les périodes couvertes: le 21/05/2020, le 04/08/2020 et 03/12/2020.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IYRs-3a. If the IYRs are published, what are the dates of publication of the IYRs?

*Specifically: if quarterly In-Year Reports are published, indicate the dates of publication of at least three of the last four IYRs that were publicly available. If monthly IYRs are published, indicate the dates of publication of at least seven of the last 12 IYRs that were publicly available.*

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD Month YYYY." For example, 5 September 2020 should be entered as 05 September 2020. If the document is not published or not produced, please mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

Selon une vérification par javascript des dates de dernières modifications des pages qui hébergent les rapports en cours d'année, les dates de publication auraient été les suivantes:

Rapport de mars : 21 mai 2020

Rapport de juin: 4 août 2020

Rapport de septembre: 3 décembre 2020

Source:

Le rapport de mars: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats\\_provisoires\\_de\\_l%27exercice%C3%A9cution\\_du\\_Budget\\_mars\\_2020\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats_provisoires_de_l%27exercice%C3%A9cution_du_Budget_mars_2020_0.pdf)

Le rapport de juin: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-08/R%C3%A9sultats\\_provisoires\\_de\\_l%27exercice%C3%A9cution\\_du\\_Budget\\_Juin\\_2020\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-08/R%C3%A9sultats_provisoires_de_l%27exercice%C3%A9cution_du_Budget_Juin_2020_0.pdf)

Le rapport de septembre: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats\\_provisoires\\_de\\_l%27exercice%C3%A9cution\\_du\\_Budget\\_2020fin%20septembre%202020%20281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats_provisoires_de_l%27exercice%C3%A9cution_du_Budget_2020fin%20septembre%202020%20281%29_2.pdf)

Comment:

Le nouveau site du MF ne permet pas d'identifier la date exacte de publication des documents. Ainsi, nous avons eu recours à une vérification par

javascript

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Après vérifications, les rapports trimestriels ont été publiés successivement, les 21/05/2020, 04/08/2020 et 03/12/2020

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IYRs-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the IYRs.

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

Le nouveau site du MF ne permet pas d'identifier la date exacte de publication des documents. Ainsi, nous avons eu recours à une vérification par javascript

Source:

Le rapport de mars: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats\\_\\_provisoires\\_de\\_l%27ex%C3%A9cution\\_du\\_Budget\\_mars\\_2020\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats__provisoires_de_l%27ex%C3%A9cution_du_Budget_mars_2020_0.pdf)

Le rapport de juin: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-08/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20Juin%202020\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-08/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20Juin%202020_0.pdf)

Le rapport de septembre: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29_2.pdf)

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le site officiel du ministère des Finances indique le mois des publications des rapports trimestriels, à savoir mai, août et décembre 2020. Néanmoins après vérifications, il est fort probable que cela soit en dates de 21/05/2020, 04/08/2020 et 03/12/2020.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: on peut vérifier la date de publication à partir d'un compte administrateur du site web du ministère des finances

IYRs-4. If the IYRs are published, what is the URL or weblink of the IYRs?

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Researchers should provide the weblink to the most recent In-Year Report in the space below, and – in the comment box underneath – the weblinks to older IYRs.*

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

Answer:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats\\_\\_provisoires\\_de\\_l%27ex%C3%A9cution\\_du\\_Budget\\_mars\\_2020\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats__provisoires_de_l%27ex%C3%A9cution_du_Budget_mars_2020_0.pdf)

Source:

Le rapport de mars: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats\\_\\_provisoires\\_de\\_l%27ex%C3%A9cution\\_du\\_Budget\\_mars\\_2020\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats__provisoires_de_l%27ex%C3%A9cution_du_Budget_mars_2020_0.pdf)

Juin: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-08/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20Juin%202020\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-08/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20Juin%202020_0.pdf)

Septembre: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29_2.pdf)

Comment:

Il s'agit du lien du rapport du mois de mars, cité à titre d'exemple.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Trois rapports provisoires d'exécution du Budget, relatifs successivement aux mois de mars, juin et septembre 2020: 1\_ Mars:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats\\_\\_provisoires\\_de\\_l%27ex%C3%A9cution\\_du\\_Budget\\_mars\\_2020\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats__provisoires_de_l%27ex%C3%A9cution_du_Budget_mars_2020_0.pdf) 2\_

Juin: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-08/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20Juin%202020\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-08/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20Juin%202020_0.pdf) 3\_

Septembre: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29_2.pdf)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IYRs-5. If the IYRs are published, are the numerical data contained in the IYRs available in a machine readable format?

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>*

*Option "d" applies if the IYRs are not publicly available, therefore their machine readability cannot be assessed.*

Answer:

c. No

Source:

NS

Comment:

Les données mentionnées dans les rapports ne sont pas disponibles en formats numériques.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les données mentionnées dans les rapports trimestriels d'exécution du budget ne sont pas disponibles en format numérique.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IYRs-6a. If the IYRs are not publicly available, are they still produced?

*If the IYRs are not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question IYRs-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question IYRs-2).*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*

*If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.*



Answer:  
e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

Source:  
NS

Comment:  
Les documents sont disponibles au public

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: Le document est accessible au public

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

IYRs-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question IYRs-6a, please specify how you determined whether the IYRs were produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

*If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question IYRs-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

Source:

Comment:

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion:

Government Reviewer  
Opinion:

IYRs-7. If the IYRs are produced, please write the full title of the IYRs.

*For example, a title for the In-Year Report could be "Budget Monitoring Report, Quarter 1" or "Budget Execution Report January-March 2020."*

*If In-Year Reports are not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

*Researchers should provide the full title of the most recent In-Year Report in the space below, and – in the comment box underneath – the full titles of older IYRs.*

Answer:  
Résultats Provisoires de l'Exécution du Budget de l'Etat à fin Mars/Juin/Septembre 2020

Source:  
[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats\\_provisoires\\_de\\_l%27ex%C3%A9cution\\_du\\_Budget\\_mars\\_2020\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-05/R%C3%A9sultats_provisoires_de_l%27ex%C3%A9cution_du_Budget_mars_2020_0.pdf)

Comment:  
NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree  
Comments: Résultats Provisoires de l'Exécution du Budget de l'Etat à fin Mars/Juin/Septembre 2020

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

IYRs-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the IYRs?

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.*

Answer:  
b. No

Source:  
NS

Comment:  
Pas de version citoyenne des rapports en cours d'année

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: Il n'y a pas de version "citoyenne" des rapports d'exécution du Budget

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

MYR-1. What is the fiscal year of the MYR evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

Answer:  
FY 2020

Source:  
NS

Comment:  
NC

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: L'Année Fiscale 2020

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

MYR-2. When is the MYR made available to the public?

*Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

*The OBS methodology requires that for an MYR to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public no later than three months after the reporting period ends (i.e., three months after the midpoint of the fiscal year). If the MYR is not released to the public at least three months after the reporting period ends, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the MYR.*

Answer:

d. The MYR is not released to the public, or is released more than three months after the midpoint

Source:

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D9%88%D9%8A%20%D9%84%D9%85%D9%8A%D8%B2%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AF%D9%88%D9%84%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%89%20%D9%85%D9%88%D9%81%D9%89%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B3%D8%AF%D8%A7%D8%B3%D9%8A%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D9%88%D9%84%202020.pdf>

Comment:

Comme indiqué à travers le lien ci-dessus, le rapport en milieu d'année, bien que produit, est publié le en octobre 2020, soit après plus de 3 mois du 30 juin 2020. De plus, son contenu ne répond pas aux critères méthodologiques de l'OBS. Il ne présente pas, par exemple, des prévisions sur les dépenses et les recettes estimées à la fin de l'année.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport en milieu d'année est produit mais publié au mois d'octobre 2020, soit après plus de 3 mois après la date médiane (le 30/06/2020). De plus, son contenu ne répond pas aux critères méthodologiques de l'OBS. Il ne présente pas, par exemple, des prévisions sur les dépenses et les recettes estimées à la fin de l'année. <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D9%88%D9%8A%20%D9%84%D9%85%D9%8A%D8%B2%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AF%D9%88%D9%84%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%89%20%D9%85%D9%88%D9%81%D9%89%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B3%D8%AF%D8%A7%D8%B3%D9%8A%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D9%88%D9%84%202020.pdf>

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

MYR-3a. If the MYR is published, what is the date of publication of the MYR?

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2020 should be entered as 05/09/2020. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

Answer:

Source:

Comment:

Le rapport n'est pas disponible au public

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Le rapport en milieu d'année est produit mais publié au mois d'octobre 2020, soit après plus de 3 mois après la date médiane (le 30/06/2020). De plus, son contenu ne répond pas aux critères méthodologiques de l'OBS. Il ne présente pas, par exemple, des prévisions sur les dépenses et les recettes estimées à la fin de l'année. <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D9%88%D9%8A%20%D9%84%D9%85%D9%8A%D8%B2%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AF%D9%88%D9%84%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%89%20%D9%85%D9%88%D9%81%D9%89%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B3%D8%AF%D8%A7%D8%B3%D9%8A%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D9%88%D9%84%202020.pdf>

Comments:

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: 05/10/2020

IBP Comment

Les commentaires des examinateurs externes sont bien notés. Comme il n'y a pas de document accessible au public de l'exercice 2020 qui répond aux critères d'un MYR (voir la question MYR-2), la réponse vide existante est maintenue.

MYR-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the MYR.

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

n/a

Source:

NS

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Le rapport en milieu d'année est produit mais publié au mois d'octobre 2020, soit après plus de 3 mois après la date médiane (le 30/06/2020). Le nouveau site du ministère des Finances ne permet pas d'identifier la date exacte de publication du document. La date probable de publication est déterminée par recours à une vérification par javascript.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: La date de publication est déterminée à partir d'un compte administrateur du site web officiel du ministère

Comments: à partir d'un compte administrateur du site web officiel du ministère

IBP Comment

Les commentaires des examinateurs externes sont bien notés. Comme il n'y a pas de document accessible au public de l'exercice 2020 qui répond aux critères d'un MYR (voir la question MYR-2), la réponse existante de "n/a" est maintenue.

MYR-4. If the MYR is published, what is the URL or weblink of the MYR?

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

Answer:

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le rapport n'est pas disponible au public

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Le site officiel du ministère des Finances: <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8>

Government Reviewer

Opinion: I choose not to review this question

Comments: <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D9%88%D9%8A%20%D9%84%D9%85%D9%8A%D8%B2%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AF%D9%88%D9%84%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%89%20%D9%85%D9%88%D9%81%D9%89%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B3%D8%AF%D8%A7%D8%B3%D9%8A%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D9%88%D9%84%202020.pdf>

IBP Comment

Les commentaires des examinateurs externes sont bien notés. Comme il n'y a pas de document accessible au public de l'exercice 2020 qui répond aux critères d'un MYR (voir la question MYR-2), la réponse vide existante est maintenue.

MYR-5. If the MYR is published, are the numerical data contained in the MYR available in a machine readable format?

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>.*

*Option "d" applies if the MYR is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.*

Answer:

d. Not applicable

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le rapport n'est pas disponible au public

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les données numériques contenues dans le RA sont disponibles dans un format non lisible par machine.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

MYR-6a. If the MYR is not publicly available, is it still produced?

*If the MYR is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question MYR-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question MYR-2).*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*

*If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.*

Answer:

d. Not produced at all

Source:

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D9%88%D9%8A%20%D9%84%D9%85%D9%8A%D8%B2%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AF%D9%88%D9%84%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%89%20%D9%85%D9%88%D9%81%D9%89%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B3%D8%AF%D8%A7%D8%B3%D9%8A%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D9%88%D9%84%202020.pdf>

84%D9%89%20%D9%85%D9%88%D9%81%D9%89%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B3%D8%AF%D8%A7%D8%B3%D9%8A%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D9%88%D9%84%202020.pdf

Comment:

La direction des ressources et des Equilibres relevant du MF a publié un document baptisé "rapport mi-annuel d'exécution du budget de l'Etat au premier semestre 2020", mais son contenu ne répond pas aux critères de la méthodologie de l'OBS. Il ne présente pas, par exemple, les prévisions de recettes et de dépenses en fin d'année. Le contenu est comparable à celui d'un rapport d'exécution mais en mode plus développé et plus synthétisé.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport publié sur le site du ministère des Finances, intitulé "rapport mi-annuel d'exécution du budget de l'Etat au premier semestre 2020", son contenu ne répond pas aux critères de la méthodologie de l'OBS.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

MYR-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question MYR-6a, please specify how you determined whether the MYR was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

*If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question MYR-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

La direction des ressources et des Equilibres relevant du MF a publié un document baptisé "rapport mi-annuel d'exécution du budget de l'Etat au premier semestre 2020", mais son contenu ne répond pas aux critères de la méthodologie de l'OBS. Il ne présente pas, par exemple, les prévisions de recettes et de dépenses en fin d'année. Le contenu est comparable à celui d'un rapport d'exécution mais en mode plus développé et plus synthétisé

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le document n'est pas disponible au public

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Le rapport publié sur le site du ministère des Finances, intitulé "rapport mi-annuel d'exécution du budget de l'Etat au premier semestre 2020", son contenu ne répond pas aux critères de la méthodologie de l'OBS: <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8>

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur pair est bien noté. Étant donné qu'il convient avec le chercheur que le "rapport mi-annuel d'exécution du budget de l'Etat au premier semestre 2020" ne répond pas aux exigences d'un MYR, la réponse existante est maintenue.

MYR-7. If the MYR is produced, please write the full title of the MYR.

*For example, a title for the Mid-Year Review could be "Semi-annual Budget Performance Report, FY 2019/20" or "Mid-Year Report on the 2020 National Budget."*

*If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

n/a

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le document n'est pas disponible au public

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Rapport mi-annuel d'exécution du budget de l'Etat au premier semestre 2020

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur pair est bien noté. Comme il n'y a pas de document accessible au public de l'exercice 2020 qui répond aux critères d'un MYR (voir la question MYR-2), la réponse existante de "n/a" est maintenue.

MYR-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the MYR?

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.*

Answer:

b. No

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le document n'est pas disponible au public

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il n'existe pas de rapport d'exécution mi-annuel du budget citoyen.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

YER-1. What is the fiscal year of the YER evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

Answer:

FY 2019

Source:

NC

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree  
Comments: L'année fiscale 2019.

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Disagree  
Suggested Answer: FY 2020 C'est le rapport le plus récent

IBP Comment  
Le commentaire de l'examineur gouvernemental est bien noté. Etant donné que le YER de 2020 aurait être publié après la date limite de recherche de l'OBS du 31 décembre 2020, le rapport de 2019 a été choisi.

YER-2. When is the YER made available to the public?

*Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

*The OBS methodology requires that for an YER to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public no later than one year after the fiscal year to which it corresponds. If the YER is not released to the public within one year after the end of the fiscal year to which it corresponds, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the YER.*

Answer:

c. More than nine months, but within 12 months, after the end of the budget year

Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%201%27Etat%20%C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%201%27Etat%20%C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

Le document a été publié en novembre 2020

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport a été publié sur le site du ministère des Finances en novembre 2020:[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%201%27Etat%20%C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%201%27Etat%20%C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: a. Six months or less after the end of the budget year

Comments: Source: <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%201%27Etat%20%C3%A0%20fin%20dec%202020.pdf>

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur gouvernemental est bien noté. Selon le commentaire de l'IBP Staff à la question YER-1, le YER de 2019 a été évalué car celui de 2020 a été publié après la date limite de recherche de l'OBS du 31 décembre 2020.

YER-3a. If the YER is published, what is the date of publication of the YER?

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document.*

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2020 should be entered as 05/09/2020. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

Answer:

09/11/2020



Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

A travers une vérification via javascript, la date de publication du rapport de fin d'année est le 9 novembre 2020.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La date probable de publication du rapport, après vérification, est le 09/11/2020

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: 28/05/2021 Source: <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20dec%202020.pdf>

Comments:

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur gouvernemental est bien noté. Selon le commentaire de l'IBP Staff à la question YER-1, le YER de 2019 a été évalué car celui de 2020 a été publié après la date limite de recherche de l'OBS du 31 décembre 2020.

YER-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the YER.

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

A travers une vérification via javascript de la date de dernière modification de la page qui héberge le YER

Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: A travers une vérification via javascript.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: A travers un compte administrateur du site web du ministère des Finances Source: <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20dec%202020.pdf>

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur gouvernemental est bien noté. Selon le commentaire de l'IBP Staff à la question YER-1, le YER de 2019 a été évalué car celui de 2020 a été publié après la date limite de recherche de l'OBS du 31 décembre 2020.

YER-4. If the YER is published, what is the URL or weblink of the YER?

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

Answer:

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020->

11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\_1.pdf

Source:  
Site web du MF

Comment:  
NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Site officiel du ministère des Finances: [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20dec%202020.pdf>

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur gouvernemental est bien noté. Selon le commentaire de l'IBP Staff à la question YER-1, le YER de 2019 a été évalué car celui de 2020 a été publié après la date limite de recherche de l'OBS du 31 décembre 2020.

YER-5. If the YER is published, are the numerical data contained in the YER available in a machine readable format?

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>*

*Option "d" applies if the YER is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.*

Answer:

a. Yes, all of the numerical data are available in a machine readable format

Source:

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/ressources#?>

Comment:

Toutes les données présentées dans les tableaux inclus dans le rapport de fin d'années sont disponibles via le lien en haut en format numériques (téléchargeables sur Excel). Le changement de réponse par rapport à l'OBS 2019 est lié au nouveau site web du MF présentant des améliorations à ce niveau.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Toutes les données présentées dans le rapport de fin d'année sont disponibles en format numérique (téléchargeables sur Excel).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Sources: <http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/ressources#?> <http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/depenses#?> <http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/synthese-des-resultats-des-finances-publiques-budget-de-letat>

YER-6a. If the YER is not publicly available, is it still produced?

*If the YER is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question YER-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question YER-2)*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in*

soft electronic copy but is not available online.

Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.

Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.

Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.

If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.

Answer:

e. Not applicable (the document is publicly available)

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le document est disponible au public

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le document est produit et disponible au public.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

YER-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question YER-6a, please specify how you determined whether the YER was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question YER-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

Answer:

Source:

Comment:

Peer Reviewer

Opinion:

Government Reviewer

Opinion:

YER-7. If the YER is produced, please write the full title of the YER.

For example, a title for the Year-End Report could be "Consolidated Financial Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2020" or "Annual Report 2019 Published by the Ministry of Finance and Planning." If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

Answer:

Rapport semestriel de l'exécution de budget de l'Etat à fin décembre 2019

Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

Intitulé du document dans le lien en haut

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport semestriel de l'exécution de budget de l'Etat à fin décembre 2019.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Rapport semestriel de l'exécution de budget de l'Etat à fin décembre 2020 Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20dec%202020.pdf)

[05/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20dec%202020.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20dec%202020.pdf)

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur gouvernemental est bien noté. Selon le commentaire de l'IBP Staff à la question YER-1, le YER de 2019 a été évalué car celui de 2020 a été publié après la date limite de recherche de l'OBS du 31 décembre 2020.

YER-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the YER?

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.*

Answer:

b. No

Source:

NS

Comment:

Pas de version citoyenne du rapport de fin d'année

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il n'existe pas de rapport de fin d'année du Budget citoyen

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

AR-1. What is the fiscal year of the AR evaluated in this Open Budget Survey questionnaire?

*Please enter the fiscal year in the following format: "FY YYYY" or "FY YYYY-YY."*

Answer:

FY 2018

Source:

<http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/upload/loi%20reglement/reglement2018/Regl2018.PDF>

Comment:

C'est le rapport d'audit le plus récent.

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: L'année fiscale 2018

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

AR-2. When is the AR made available to the public?

*Publicly available budget documents are defined as those documents that are published on the website of the public authority issuing the document within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology and that all citizens are able to obtain free of charge. (See the Open Budget Survey Guidelines on Public Availability of Budget Documents.) This is a change from previous rounds of the Open Budget Survey: now at minimum documents must be made available on the Internet and free of charge to be considered publicly available.*

*The OBS methodology requires that for an AR to be considered publicly available, it must be made available to the public no later than 18 months after the end of the fiscal year to which it corresponds. If the AR is not released to the public at least 18 months after the end of the fiscal year to which it corresponds, option "d" applies. Option "d" should also be chosen for documents that are produced for internal purposes only (that is, produced but never released to the public) or are not produced at all. Some governments may publish budget documents further in advance than the latest possible dates outlined above. In these instances, researchers should choose options "a" or "b," depending on the date of publication identified for the AR.*

Answer:

d. Does not release to the public, or is released more than 18 months after the end of the budget year

Source:

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Comment:

La page pertinente sur le site web de la cour des comptes indique la date de mise en ligne du rapport, à savoir le 25 juillet 2020, c'est à dire après 18 mois de la fin de l'année fiscale en question

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree  
Comments: Le site officiel de la Cour des Comptes indique la date de mise en ligne du rapport, le 25/07/2020, soit après 18 mois de la fin de l'année fiscale 2018: [http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

AR-3a. If the AR is published, what is the date of publication of the AR?

*Note that the date of publication is not necessarily the same date that is printed on the document. Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late.*

*Please enter the date in the following format: "DD/MM/YYYY." For example, 5 September 2020 should be entered as 05/09/2020. If the document is not published or not produced, leave this question blank.*

Answer:

25/07/2020

Source:

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Comment:

Le document a été mis en ligne 48h après la tenue de l'assemblée annuelle de la cour qui a eu lieu le 23 juillet 2020

Peer Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le 25/07/2020

Government Reviewer

Opinion: I choose not to review this question

AR-3b. In the box below, please explain how you determined the date of publication of the AR.

*If the document is not published at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

La date de mise en ligne du rapport est clairement indiquée sur la page en question

Source:

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le site officiel de la Cour des Comptes:

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: I choose not to review this question

AR-4. If the AR is published, what is the URL or weblink of the AR?

*Researchers should respond to this question if the document is published either within the time frame accepted by the OBS methodology or too late. If the document is not published at all, researchers should leave this question blank.*

Answer:

<http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/upload/loi%20reglement/reglement2018/Regl2018.PDF>

Source:

Site web de la Cour des Comptes

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Site officiel de la Cour des Comptes:

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

AR-5. If the AR is published, are the numerical data contained in the AR available in a machine readable format?

*Material (data or content) is machine readable if it is in a format that can be easily processed by a computer, such as .csv, .xls/.xlsx, and .json. Numerical data*

found in PDFs, Word (.doc/.docx) and HTML files do not qualify as machine readable. See more at: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>

Option "d" applies if the AR is not publicly available, therefore its machine readability cannot be assessed.

Answer:  
c. No

Source:  
NS

Comment:  
Les données du rapport ne sont pas disponibles en formats numérisés

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les données numériques contenues dans le rapport ne sont pas en formats lisibles par machine.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

AR-6a. If the AR is not publicly available, is it still produced?

*If the AR is not considered publicly available under the OBS methodology (and thus the answer to Question AR-2 was "d"), a government may nonetheless produce the document.*

*Option "a" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public online but not within the time frame specified in the OBS methodology (see Question AR-2).*

*Option "b" applies if the document is produced and made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology but only in hard copy (and is not available online). Option "b" also applies if the document is made available to the public within the time frame specified by the OBS methodology in soft electronic copy but is not available online.*

*Option "c" applies if the document is produced for internal purposes only and so is not made available to the public.*

*Option "d" applies if the document is not produced at all.*

*Option "e" applies if the document is publicly available.*

*If a document is not released to the public, researchers may need to write to or visit the relevant government office in order to determine whether answer "c" or "d" applies.*

Answer:

a. Produced but made available online to the public too late (published after the acceptable time frame)

Source:

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Comment:

Le rapport est publié le 25/07/2020, soit après plus de 18 mois de la fin de l'année fiscale.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport est publié le 25/07/2020, soit après plus de 18 mois de la fin de l'année fiscale.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

AR-6b. If you selected option "c" or "d" in question AR-6a, please specify how you determined whether the AR was produced for internal use only, versus not produced at all.

If option "a," "b," or "e" was selected in question AR-6a, researchers should mark this question "n/a."

Answer:

Source:

Comment:

Peer Reviewer

Opinion:

Government Reviewer

Opinion:

AR-7. If the AR is produced, please write the full title of the AR.

*For example, a title for the Audit Report could be "Annual General Reports of the Controller and Auditor General." If the document is not produced at all, researchers should mark this question "n/a."*

Answer:

Rapport sur le règlement du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2018

Source:

<http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/upload/loi%20reglement/reglement2018/Regl2018.PDF>

Comment:

L'intitulé du document

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport sur le règlement du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2018

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

AR-8. Is there a "citizens version" of the AR?

*While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle. While it is recognized that it may be unreasonable to expect that a citizens version is produced for each and every one of those key documents, it seems acceptable to expect that according to good practice, the executive releases a citizens version of key budget documents for each of the four stages of the budget process to allow citizens to be aware of what is happening, in terms of public financial management, throughout the entire budget cycle. For more information on Citizens Budget see: <https://www.internationalbudget.org/publications/citizens-budgets/>.*

Answer:

b. No

Source:

NS

Comment:

Pas de version citoyenne du rapport d'audit



Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il n'existe pas de version citoyenne du rapport.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

GQ-1a. Are there one or more websites or web portals for disseminating government fiscal information? If yes, please provide the necessary links in the comment/citation.

*GQ-1a asks the researcher to list any government websites or portals where fiscal information can be found. For example, in New Zealand the Treasury website (<http://www.treasury.govt.nz/>) hosts important budget-related information, including the Pre-Budget Statement, the Executive's Budget Proposal, the Citizens Budget, In-Year Reports, the Mid-Year Review, and the Year-End Report. In addition, New Zealand's Parliamentary Counsel Office (<http://www.legislation.govt.nz/>) posts the Enacted Budget while the Controller and Auditor-General website (<http://www.oag.govt.nz/>) publishes the annual Audit Report. The New Zealand researcher would provide the links to each of these sites. Other countries have developed portals that include fiscal information, though not in the "documents" format. For example, these portals have been created by Mexico (<https://www.transparenciapresupuestaria.gob.mx/>) and Brazil (<http://www.portaltransparencia.gov.br/>). Some countries have both a website and a portal. The Brazilian government, for example, apart from the Transparency Portal, has a dedicated website for the federal budget, where all key documents and other information can be found ([www.orcamentofederal.gov.br](http://www.orcamentofederal.gov.br)). Researchers should include details about all of the relevant websites and/or portals that can be used to access budget information.*

Answer:

a. Yes

Source:

mizaniatouna.gov.tn

bct.gov.tn

gbo.tn

Comment:

Le site gouvernemental mizaniatouna.gov.tn présente des données budgétaires et fiscales détaillées en des formats facilement exploitables offrant des possibilités de faire des corrélations et des croisements dynamiques (toutefois les données les plus récentes datent de 2018). Par ailleurs, le site web de la Banque Centrale de Tunisie présente aussi des données budgétaires pertinentes. Il est également pertinent de rappeler que l'Unité GBO (gestion budgétaire par objectifs) relevant du MF dispose d'un site web présentant quelques rapports annexes au projet de loi de finances qui ne sont pas publiés sur le site principal du MF

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le site officiel du gouvernement "mizaniatouna.gov.tn" présente des données budgétaires et fiscales détaillées en formats facilement exploitables offrant des possibilités de faire des corrélations et des croisements dynamiques. Le site de l'Unité GBO (gestion budgétaire par objectifs) relevant du ministère des Finances présente quelques rapports annexés au projet de loi de finances et qui ne sont pas publiés par ailleurs sur le site principal du ministère des Finances. Le site officiel de la Banque Centrale de Tunisie présente des données budgétaires pertinentes.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: finances.gov.tn mizaniatouna.gov.tn bct.gov.tn gbo.tn

GQ-1b. On these websites/portals, can revenue and/or expenditure data for the current fiscal year be downloaded as a consolidated, machine readable file (or set of files)? If yes, please provide the necessary links in the comment/citation. For more information on machine readability, see:

<http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>.

*GQ-1b, GQ-1c, and GQ-1d ask about whether governments publish specific types of content on their websites/portals: (a) consolidated files that contain disaggregated revenue and/or expenditure information for the current fiscal year; (b) consolidated files that contain disaggregated revenue and/or expenditure information for multiple years in consistent formats; and (c) infographics/visualizations or other similar tools used to simplify data access and analysis. Researchers should provide the links to relevant webpages and some explanations of what they contain.*

Answer:

a. Yes, both revenue and expenditure data can be downloaded as a consolidated file

Source:  
[http://isdatbank.info/boost\\_tunisia\\_fr/](http://isdatbank.info/boost_tunisia_fr/)

Comment:  
Le lien ci-dessus, extrait du site mizaniatouna, permet de télécharger les données relatives aux dépenses et aux recettes de l'Etat en fichiers consolidés

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les données sur les revenus et les dépenses pour l'exercice en cours peuvent être téléchargées sous forme de fichier consolidé lisible par machine. Le site "mizaniatouna.gov.tn", permet de télécharger les données relatives aux dépenses et aux recettes de l'Etat en fichiers consolidés: [http://isdatbank.info/boost\\_tunisia\\_fr/](http://isdatbank.info/boost_tunisia_fr/)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: vous pouvez consulter aussi: <http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/ressources#?> <http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/depenses#?> <http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/synthese-des-resultats-des-finances-publiques-budget-de-letat> Les liens ci-dessus, extraits du site web officiel du ministère des finances, permettent de télécharger les données relatives aux dépenses, aux recettes et aux indicateurs des finances publiques de l'Etat en plusieurs fichiers Excel

GQ-1c. On these websites/portals, can disaggregated revenue and/or expenditure data in consolidated, machine readable files be downloaded for multiple years in consistent formats? If yes, please provide the necessary links and details in the comment/citation. For more information on machine readability, see: <http://opendatahandbook.org/glossary/en/terms/machine-readable/>.

Answer:

a. Yes, both revenue and expenditure data can be downloaded for multiple years in consistent formats

Source:

[http://www.mizaniatouna.gov.tn/tunisia/template\\_fr/tendances.php](http://www.mizaniatouna.gov.tn/tunisia/template_fr/tendances.php)

Comment:

Les dépenses et les recettes peuvent être téléchargées pour plusieurs années (2008-2017)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les données ventilées sur les revenus et les dépenses dans des fichiers consolidés lisibles par machine peuvent être téléchargées pendant plusieurs années dans des formats cohérents: [http://www.mizaniatouna.gov.tn/tunisia/template\\_fr/tendances.php](http://www.mizaniatouna.gov.tn/tunisia/template_fr/tendances.php)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: vous pouvez consulter aussi: <http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/ressources#?> <http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/depenses#?> <http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/synthese-des-resultats-des-finances-publiques-budget-de-letat> Les liens ci-dessus, extraits du site web officiel du ministère des finances, permettent de télécharger les données relatives aux dépenses, aux recettes et aux indicateurs des finances publiques de l'Etat en plusieurs fichiers Excel

GQ-1d. On these websites/portals, are infographics/visualizations or other similar tools used to simplify data access and analysis? If yes, please provide the necessary links and details in the comment/citation.

Answer:

a. Yes

Source:

[http://isdatbank.info/boost\\_tunisia\\_fr/](http://isdatbank.info/boost_tunisia_fr/)

Comment:

Ce lien, issu du site mizaniatouna.gov.tn permet des possibilités pour visualiser des tableaux à double entrée et de faire des corrélations. De plus, le même site permet facilement de visualiser des courbes concernant la répartition des dépenses et leur évolution dans le temps. Voici un exemple: [http://www.mizaniatouna.gov.tn/tunisia/template\\_fr/etablisements.php](http://www.mizaniatouna.gov.tn/tunisia/template_fr/etablisements.php)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le site "mizaniatouna.gov.tn" simplifie l'accès et l'analyse des données permettant de visualiser des tableaux à double entrée et d'établir des corrélations. De même, il permet de visualiser des courbes concernant la répartition des dépenses et leur évolution dans le temps. Exemple: [http://www.mizaniatouna.gov.tn/tunisia/template\\_fr/etablisements.php](http://www.mizaniatouna.gov.tn/tunisia/template_fr/etablisements.php)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le site web officiel du ministère des finances , permet aussi de visualiser des graphiques (camembert) sur les recettes et les dépenses et des courbes concernant les principaux indicateurs des finances publiques. Voici un exemple: <http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/les-indicateurs/synthese-des-resultats-des-finances-publiques-budget-de-letat>

GQ-2. Are there laws in place guiding public financial management and/or auditing? If yes, please provide the necessary details and links in the comment/citation, and specify whether and where the law(s) contains specific provisions for budget transparency and/or participation.

*GQ-2 asks about the existence of any national laws governing public financial management and auditing. These may include a public finance act, a section of the constitution, or an organic budget law. In some countries, fiscal responsibility legislation may also be relevant. For example, the Kenya researcher may include the link to its Public Finance Management Act, 2012 (<http://kenyalaw.org:8181/exist/kenyalex/actview.xql?actid=No.%2018%20of%202012>), and the Macedonian researcher may include a link to its State Audit Law (<https://www.finance.gov.mk/files/u11/Audit%20law.pdf>). Researchers should provide links to websites where such laws are published, if possible, or an electronic copy of the law itself. They should also indicate if and where (e.g. which article) these laws include specific provisions for budget transparency and citizen participation in budget processes.*

Answer:

a. Yes

Source:

La nouvelle loi organique du Budget, Article 8  
Loi 15-2019 datant du 13 février 2019, disponible en français via le lien suivant  
<http://www.gbo.tn/images/LOB-V-Fr.pdf>

Comment:

La nouvelle LOB définit les principes généraux de la gestion budgétaire et les attributions des institutions intervenantes. L'article 8 de la nouvelle loi évoque la question de la transparence comme un principe fondamental du management du Budget. L'article 8 de ladite loi impose le respect des principes de crédibilité et de transparence dans le processus budgétaire, y compris la publication à temps des documents pertinents.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La nouvelle loi organique du Budget (LOB), n° 15-2019 en date du 13 février 2019 définit les principes généraux de la gestion budgétaire et les attributions des structures intervenants. L'article 8 de cette nouvelle loi souligne la nécessité du respect des principes de sincérité et de transparence dans le processus d'élaboration et d'exécution du budget. Le principe de sincérité exige de ne pas sous estimer ou surestimer les prévisions des charges et des recettes prévues par la loi de finances et de faire apparaître les éléments des actifs financiers et du patrimoine de l'Etat. Le principe de transparence exige de clarifier le rôle des différentes structures de l'Etat, de fournir les informations sur le budget de l'Etat suivant les méthodes et procédures utilisées ainsi que des rapports sur l'exécution du budget de l'Etat et sur la performance et de les rendre public dans les délais.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

GQ-3. Is there at least one additional law regulating: (1) access to information; (2) government transparency; or (3) citizens participation? If yes, please provide the necessary details and links in the comment/citation, and specify whether and where these laws contain specific provisions for budget transparency and/or participation.

*The third and last question asks researchers to list any additional laws regulating access to information, transparency, or citizens' participation that are relevant for the promotion of budget transparency and citizen participation in budget processes. These might include legislation related to access to information, to*

planning processes, or to public administration more generally. India's Right to Information Act of 2005 (<https://www.ncess.gov.in/facilities/central-public-information-officer/rti-act-details.html>) is an example of this type of law. More information on access to information legislation (constitutional provisions, laws, and regulations), including examples of model laws, can be found here: <http://www.right2info.org/laws/constitutional-provisions-laws-and-regulations#section-1>.

Answer:  
a. Yes

Source:

- Loi organique du 24 mars 2016 relative au droit d'accès à l'information.  
[http://www.iort.gov.tn/WD120AWP/WD120Awp.exe/CTX\\_64892-29-dGBuhrhQMT/RechercheTexte/SYNC\\_2015486813](http://www.iort.gov.tn/WD120AWP/WD120Awp.exe/CTX_64892-29-dGBuhrhQMT/RechercheTexte/SYNC_2015486813)  
-Article 32 de la Constitution attribuant à l'Etat la responsabilité de garantir le droit d'accès à l'information.  
<http://www.legislation.tn/sites/default/files/news/constitution-b-a-t.pdf>

Comment:  
NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il y a la nouvelle constitution du pays adoptée en janvier 2014 qui attribue à l'Etat la responsabilité de garantir le droit d'accès à l'information selon l'article 32(L'Etat garantit le droit à l'information et le droit d'accès à l'information. L'Etat veille à garantir le droit d'accès aux réseaux de communication). Aussi, la loi organique relative au droit d'accès à l'information en date du 24/03/2016, stipule dans son article premier le droit de toute personne physique ou morale à l'accès à l'information afin de permettre : - l'obtention de l'information, - le renforcement des principes de transparence et de reddition des comptes et surtout en ce qui concerne la gestion des services publics, - l'amélioration de la qualité du service public et le renforcement de la confiance dans les organismes soumis aux dispositions de la présente loi, - le renforcement de la participation du public dans l'élaboration, le suivi de la mise en œuvre et l'évaluation des politiques publiques, - le renforcement de recherche scientifique.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Décret gouvernemental n° 2021-3 du 6 janvier 2021, relatif aux données publiques ouvertes: <http://www.ogptunisie.gov.tn/fr/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/Decret-gouvernemental-Open-Data.pdf>

1. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for the budget year that are classified by administrative unit (that is, by ministry, department, or agency)?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 1 addresses the presentation of expenditure by administrative unit. This information indicates which government entity (ministry, department, or agency, or MDAs) will be responsible for spending the funds and, ultimately, held accountable for their use.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all administrative units, accounting for all expenditures, in the budget year. To answer "b," the administrative units shown individually, in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation, must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures in the budget year. In other words, the sum of the expenditures assigned to the individual MDAs (education, health, infrastructure, interior, defense, etc.) must account for at least two-thirds of the total expenditure budgeted for that particular year. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents administrative units that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by administrative unit.*

Answer:

a. Yes, administrative units accounting for all expenditures are presented.

Source:

- Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021, page 52

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le tableau présenté à la page 52 du rapport fait apparaître une classification de toutes les dépenses (41016 millions de dinars) par unité administrative (ministères/missions)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le Projet de budget de l'exécutif présente les dépenses pour l'année budgétaire classées par unité administrative (ministère/missions).

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

2. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for the budget year by functional classification?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 2 addresses the presentation of expenditure by functional classification. This classification indicates the programmatic purpose, sector, or objective for which the funds will be used, such as health, education, or defense. Administrative units are not necessarily aligned with functional classifications. For instance, in one country all functions connected with water supply (which fall into the "Housing" function) may be undertaken by a single government agency, while in another country they may be distributed across the Ministries of Environment, Housing, and Industrial Development. In the latter case, three ministries have programs addressing water supply, so three ministries contribute to one function. Similarly, some administrative units may conduct activities that cut across more than one function. For instance, in the example above, some programs of the Ministry of Environment would also be classified in the "environmental protection" function.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for the budget year organized by functional classification.*

Answer:

b. No, expenditures are not presented by functional classification.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Les dépenses ne sont pas présentées selon une classification fonctionnelle.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le Projet de budget de l'exécutif ne présente pas les dépenses budgétaires selon une classification fonctionnelle.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: c. Not applicable/other (please comment).

Comments: chaque activité correspond à un seul organisme gouvernemental

Researcher Response

Réponse "b" maintenue. Prenons par exemple la fonction "éducation": elle ne peut pas être assimilée au budget du "ministère de l'éducation" dans la mesure où il existe des dizaines d'établissements éducatifs en dehors de ce ministère à l'instar des centres de formation professionnelle qui sont sous l'égide du ministère de l'emploi.

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examinateur du gouvernement est bien noté. À la lumière de la "Response to Review" du chercheur, la réponse existante de "b" est maintenue.

3. If the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation presents expenditures for the budget year by functional classification, is the functional classification compatible with international standards?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 3 asks whether a country's functional classification meets international standards. To answer "a," a country's functional classification must be aligned with the OECD and the UN's Classification of the Functions of Government (COFOG), or provide a cross-walk between the national functional presentation and COFOG.*

*The OECD Best Practices for Budget Transparency can be viewed at <http://www.oecd.org/gov/budgeting/Best%20Practices%20Budget%20Transparency%20-%20complete%20with%20cover%20page.pdf>*

*COFOG can be viewed at [https://unstats.un.org/unsd/publication/SeriesM/SeriesM\\_84E.pdf](https://unstats.un.org/unsd/publication/SeriesM/SeriesM_84E.pdf) or*

at <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/ch6ann.pdf>.

Answer:

b. No, the functional classification is not compatible with international standards, or expenditures are not presented by functional classification.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Les dépenses ne sont pas présentées selon une classification fonctionnelle.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le projet de budget de l'exécutif ne présente pas les dépenses budgétaires selon une classification fonctionnelle.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

4. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for the budget year by economic classification?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 4 asks whether the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents expenditures for the budget year organized by economic classification. Economic classification provides information on the nature of the expenditure, such as whether funds are being used to pay for wages and salaries, capital projects, or social assistance benefits. Please note that a presentation of expenditures by current and capital expenditures without additional disaggregation or detail will not qualify as an economic classification.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for the budget year organized by economic classification.*

Answer:

a. Yes, expenditures are presented by economic classification.

Source:

Tableau page 27 du rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021  
[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Les dépenses sont présentées selon une classification économique (salaires, moyens de services, interventions publiques, investissement, service de la dette).

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le projet de budget de l'exécutif présente les dépenses budgétaires selon une classification économique (salaires, moyens de services, interventions publiques, investissement, service de la dette).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

5. If the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation presents expenditures for the budget year by economic classification, is the economic classification compatible with international standards?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 5 asks whether a country's economic classification meets international standards. To answer "a," a country's economic classification must be consistent with the International Monetary Fund's (IMF) 2001 Government Finance Statistics (GFS). The GFS economic classification is presented here: <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/app4.pdf>. To learn more about Government Finance Statistics also refer to the entire IMF 2001 GFS*

Answer:

b. No, the economic classification is not compatible with international standards, or expenditures are not presented by economic classification.

Source:

IMF 2001 GFS manual; page 70 (tableau sur la classification économique des dépenses)

Comment:

La classification économique n'est pas compatible avec les standards internationaux en la matière, dans la mesure où elle ne présente pas les cotisations et les prestations de la sécurité sociale.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le projet de budget de l'exécutif présente les dépenses budgétaires selon une classification économique qui n'est pas compatible avec les standards internationaux dans la mesure où les cotisations et les prestations de la sécurité sociale ne sont pas précisées.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

6. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for individual programs for the budget year?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 6 asks whether expenditures are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should treat the term "program" as meaning any level of detail below an administrative unit – that is, any programmatic grouping that is below the ministry, department, or agency level. For example, the Ministry of Health's budget could be broken down into several subgroups, such as "primary health care," "hospitals," or "administration." These subgroups should be considered programs even if they could be, but are not, broken down into smaller, more detailed units.*

*A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable détaillé. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures, in the budget year. To answer "b," the programs shown individually in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures in the budget year. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program.*

*Budget decisions for the upcoming year can also affect the parameters of future budgets. It is therefore useful to estimate revenues and expenditures for multi-year periods, understanding that these estimates might be revised as circumstances change. Sometimes referred to as a Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF), a three-year period – that is, the budget year plus two more years – is generally considered an appropriate horizon for budgeting and planning.*

Answer:

b. Yes, programs accounting for at least two-thirds of, but not all, expenditures are presented.

Source:

Les budgets détaillés des ministères/missions (documents annexes au projet de loi finances 2021) disponibles dans la page suivante:  
[http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/budgets\\_ministeres](http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/budgets_ministeres)

Ci-dessus, à titre d'exemple, celui du ministère de la santé

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/%D9%85%D9%87%D9%85%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B5%D8%AD%D8%A9\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/%D9%85%D9%87%D9%85%D8%A9%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B5%D8%AD%D8%A9_0.pdf)

Comment:

Les annexes de tous les projets de budgets ministériels présentent une répartition de toutes les dépenses selon les programmes individuels, y compris les dépenses de gestion (salaires et moyens de services). Dans l'exemple cité se rapportant au ministère de la santé, cette répartition est présentée en annexe à partir de la page 99 du document. Toutefois, les budgets détaillés des deux ministères de l'intérieur et de la défense ne sont pas disponibles. Leurs budgets représentent moins de 1/3 du total des dépenses en 2021.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le projet de budget de l'exécutif et autres document budgétaires annexés présentent les dépenses des programmes individuels pour l'année budgétaire représentant au moins les deux tiers des dépenses. Les détails du budget des ministères de l'intérieur et de la défense ne sont pas disponibles, ils représentent moins de 1/3 du total des dépenses en 2021.

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

7. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditure estimates for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year) by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 7 asks if multi-year expenditure estimates are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications – which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditure estimates by all three of the expenditure classifications for at least two years beyond the budget year. To answer "b," multi-year expenditure estimates must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if multi-year expenditure estimates are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if multi-year expenditure estimates are not presented by any of the three classifications.*

Answer:

b. Yes, multi-year expenditure estimates are presented by two of the three expenditure classifications.

Source:

-Cadre de dépenses à Moyen Terme - pages 16 et 17

<http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Annexes%202-3%20et%204%20LF2021.pdf>

Comment:

Le cadre de dépenses à moyen terme présente une estimation des dépenses par ministère (page 17) ainsi qu'une classification économique des dépenses (page 16) à l'horizon 2023

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le projet de budget de l'exécutif présente des estimations de dépenses pour une période pluriannuelle selon deux classifications de dépenses (administrative et économique). Selon l'article 39 de la LOB, les prévisions des ressources et des charges de l'Etat ont lieu sur la base des équilibres généraux et dans le cadre des plans de développement, du budget économique et d'un cadre budgétaire à moyen terme pour trois ans et actualisé chaque année.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

7b. Based on the response to Question 7, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications have estimates for a multi-year period in the Executive's Budget Proposal?

Answer:

Administrative classification

Economic classification

Source:

- Cadre budgétaire à moyen terme, pages 16 et 17

<http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Annexes%202-3%20et%204%20LF2021.pdf>

Comment:

No Comment



Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le projet de budget de l'exécutif présente des estimations de dépenses pour une période pluriannuelle selon deux classifications de dépenses (administrative et économique).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

8. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditure estimates for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year) by program?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 8 asks if multi-year expenditure estimates are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department. For example, the Ministry of Health's budget could be broken down into several subgroups, such as "primary health care," "hospitals," or "administration." These subgroups should be considered programs even if they could be, but are not, broken down into smaller, more detailed units.*

*A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable détaillé. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures, for at least two years beyond the budget year. To answer "b," the programs shown individually in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures over the multi-year period. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents multi-year estimates for programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if multi-year estimates are not presented by program.*

*Revenues generally are separated into two major categories: "tax" and "non-tax" revenues. Taxes are compulsory transfers that result from government exercising its sovereign power. The largest sources of tax revenue in some countries are taxes on personal and business income and taxes on goods and services, such as sales or value-added taxes. The category of non-tax revenues is more diverse, ranging from grants from international institutions and foreign governments to funds raised through the sale of government-provided goods and services. Note that some forms of revenue, such as contributions to social security funds, can be considered either a tax or non-tax revenue depending on the nature of the approach to these contributions. Particularly because different revenues have different characteristics, including who bears the burden of paying the tax and how collections are affected by economic conditions, it is helpful when estimates for revenues are disaggregated and displayed based on their sources.*

*For more information, please refer to the 2001 GFS manual, in particular Appendix 4 (<http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/app4.pdf>).*

Answer:

b. Yes, multi-year estimates for programs accounting for at least two-thirds of, but not all, expenditures are presented.

Source:

Projets Annuels de Performance des missions/ministères, PAP (documents annexes au PLF) - [http://www.gbo.tn/index.php/fr/Loi-de-Finance-et-rapports-annexes?keys=&field\\_annee\\_de\\_publication\\_value=&field\\_ministere\\_target\\_id=All&field\\_types\\_de\\_rapports\\_target\\_id=All&page=0](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php/fr/Loi-de-Finance-et-rapports-annexes?keys=&field_annee_de_publication_value=&field_ministere_target_id=All&field_types_de_rapports_target_id=All&page=0)

Ci-dessous le lien du PAP du Ministère des affaires culturelles, cité à titre d'exemple

[http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/PAP%202021%20version%20francaise%20M.%20culture\\_0.pdf](http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/PAP%202021%20version%20francaise%20M.%20culture_0.pdf)

Comment:

Les PAP présentent le cadre de dépenses à moyen terme (2021-2023) pour toutes les unités administratives selon une méthodologie uniforme. Le document cité à titre d'exemple présente, au niveau de la page 50 (Tableau 17), le cadre de dépenses à moyen terme du programme "Livre et Lecture" sous l'égide du ministère des affaires culturelles. Le même cadre est présenté pour les autres programmes du Ministère. Après vérification des autres PAP relatifs aux autres ministères, il s'avère qu'une estimation à moyen terme des dépenses pour chaque programme est présentée. Nous n'avons pas opté pour la réponse "a" étant donné que les PAP des deux ministères de l'intérieur et de la défense ne sont pas publiés. Ces deux budgets représentent moins de 1/3 du total des dépenses. La différence de réponse par rapport à l'OBS 2019 tient au fait que les PAP n'étaient pas publiés à temps à l'époque.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le projet de budget de l'exécutif et documents budgétaires annexés présentent des estimations de dépenses pour une période pluriannuelle pour les unités administratives (2021-2023) et par programme. Un projet annuel de performance (PAP) par ministère s'articule par programme (le PAP combine l'exposé de la stratégie, l'explication des objectifs, la projection des indicateurs, et un tableau synthétique des crédits). Seuls les ministères de l'intérieur et de la défense qui ne présentent leurs dépenses selon cette méthodologie, alors qu'ils représentent moins de 1/3 du budget de l'Etat.

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

9. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present the individual sources of tax revenue (such as income tax or VAT) for the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 9 assesses the degree to which the individual sources of "tax" revenue are disaggregated in the budget. The largest sources of tax revenue in some countries are taxes on personal and business income and taxes on goods and services, such as sales or value-added taxes.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present all individual sources of tax revenue for the budget year, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all tax revenue. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present individual sources of tax revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all tax revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents individual sources of tax revenue that account for less than two-thirds of tax revenues. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of tax revenue are not presented.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, individual sources of tax revenue accounting for all tax revenue are presented.

**Source:**

Rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

**Comment:**

De la page 37 à 43, est présentée une répartition détaillée de toutes les recettes fiscales par source individuelle.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021 présente une répartition détaillée de toutes les recettes fiscales par source individuelle.

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

10. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present the individual sources of non-tax revenue (such as grants, property income, and sales of government-produced goods and services) for the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 10 assesses the degree to which the individual sources of "non-tax" revenue are disaggregated in the budget. The category of non-tax revenues is diverse, and can include revenue ranging from grants from international institutions and foreign governments to funds raised through the sale of government-provided goods and services.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present all individual sources of non-tax revenue for the budget year, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all non-tax revenue. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present individual sources of non-tax revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all non-tax revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents individual sources of non-tax revenue that account for less than two-thirds of non-tax revenues. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of non-tax revenue are not presented.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, individual sources of non-tax revenue accounting for all non-tax revenue are presented.

**Source:**

Rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

**Comment:**

L'ensemble des recettes non fiscales (crédits extérieurs, bénéfices venant de la participation de l'Etat dans les entreprises publiques, dons...) sont présentées par source individuelle (pages 44 et 45).

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021 présente une répartition détaillée de toutes les recettes non fiscales par source individuelle.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

11. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present revenue estimates by category (such as tax and non-tax) for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 11 evaluates whether revenue estimates are presented for a multi-year period (at least two years beyond the budget year) by "category;" that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present multi-year estimates of revenues classified by category for at least two years following the budget year in question.*

Answer:

a. Yes, multi-year estimates of revenue are presented by category.

Source:

Cadre Budgétaire à moyen terme 2021-2023, page 16

<http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Annexes%202-3%20et%204%20LF2021.pdf>

Comment:

Le tableau au niveau de la page 16 présente une estimation des recettes fiscales et non fiscales pour la période 2021-2023

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021 présente une répartition détaillée des recettes fiscales et non fiscales pour la période 2021-2023.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

12. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates for individual sources of revenue presented for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 12 evaluates whether revenue estimates for individual sources of revenue are presented for a multi-year period (at least two years beyond the budget year). The question applies to both tax and non-tax revenue.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present multi-year estimates of all sources of revenue individually, accounting for all revenue, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present multi-year estimates of individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents multi-year estimates of individual revenue sources that account for less than two-thirds of revenue. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of revenue are not presented for a multi-year period.*

Answer:

d. No, multi-year estimates for individual sources of revenue are not presented.

Source:

Cadre Budgétaire à moyen terme 2021-2023, page 16  
<http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Annexes%202-3%20et%204%20LF2021.pdf>

Comment:

Les prévisions de recettes pour la période 2021-2023 sont présentées uniquement par grandes catégories (fiscales/non fiscales), les données désagrégées par source individuelle de recettes n'y sont pas présentées.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021 présente une répartition des recettes fiscales et non fiscales pour la période 2021-2023 sans préciser leurs sources individuelles.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

13. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present three estimates related to government borrowing and debt: the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year; the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year; and interest payments on the debt for the budget year?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 13 asks about three key estimates related to borrowing and debt that the budget should include:*

- the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year;*
- the central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year; and*
- the interest payments on the outstanding debt for the budget year.*

*Debt is the accumulated amount of money that the government borrows. The government can borrow from its citizens and banks and businesses within the country (domestic debt) or from creditors outside the country (external debt). External debt is typically owed to private commercial banks, other governments, or international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the IMF.*

*Net new borrowing is the additional amount of new borrowing that is required for the budget year to finance expenditures in the budget that exceed available revenues. Net new borrowing adds to the accumulated debt. It is distinct from gross borrowing, which also includes borrowing needed to repay existing debt that matured during the budget year; debt that is replaced (or rolled over) does not add to the total of accumulated debt. For the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.*

*Interest payments on the debt (or debt service costs) are typically made at regular intervals, and these payments must be made on a timely basis in order to avoid defaulting on the debt obligation. Interest payments are separate from the repayment of principal, which occurs only when the loan has matured and must be paid back in full.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present all three estimates of borrowing and debt. For a "b" answer, the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present two of those three estimates. For a "c" answer, the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present one of the three estimates. Answer "d" applies no information on borrowing and debt is presented for the budget year.*

Answer:

a. Yes, all three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are presented.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021, pages 49 et 139-143

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport présente au niveau de sa dernière section; Une estimation des besoins de financements au titre de l'emprunt ainsi que l'encours de la dette pour l'année 2021 (page 141, point 2), estimé à 112339 millions de dinars. Les prévisions du service de la dette au titre du paiement des intérêts en 2021 sont présentées au niveau de la page 49 sous la rubrique 'charges de financement' (4275 millions de dinars) conformément aux nouvelles dispositions de la loi organique du budget (article 15).

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances 2021 présente trois estimations relatives aux emprunts et à la dette du gouvernement: une estimation des besoins de financement au titre de l'emprunt et de l'encours de la dette et les prévisions de service de la dette.

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

13b. Based on the response to Question 13, check the box(es) below to identify which estimates of government borrowing and debt are presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal:

Answer:

The amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year  
The central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year  
The interest payments on outstanding debt for the budget year

Source:

Rapport sur le budget de loi de finances pour l'année 2021, pages 49 et 139-143

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les estimations relatives aux emprunts et à la dette du gouvernement: le montant des nouveaux emprunts nets requis au cours de l'exercice budgétaire, le fardeau total de la dette à la fin de l'année budgétaire et les paiements d'intérêts sur l'encours de la dette pour l'année budgétaire.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

14. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information related to the composition of the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year?

(The core information must include interest rates on the debt instruments; maturity profile of the debt; and whether it is domestic or external debt.)"

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 14 focuses on the composition of government debt at the end of the budget year, asking whether "core" information related to its composition is presented. These core components include:*

- *interest rates on the debt;*
- *maturity profile of the debt; and*
- *whether the debt is domestic or external.*

*The interest rates affect the amount of interest that must be paid to creditors. The maturity profile indicates the final payment date of the loan, at which point the principal (and all remaining interest) is due to be paid; government borrowing typically includes a mix of short-term and long-term debt. As discussed in Question 13, domestic debt is held by a country's citizens, banks, and businesses, while external debt is held by foreigners. These factors related to the composition of the debt give an indication of the potential vulnerability of the country's debt position, and ultimately whether the cost of servicing the accumulated debt is affordable.*

*Beyond these core elements, a government may also provide additional information related to the composition of its debt, including for instance: whether interest rates are fixed or variable; whether debt is callable; the currency of the debt; a profile of the creditors (bilateral institutions, multilateral institutions, commercial banks, Central Bank, etc.); an analysis of the risk associated with the debt; and where appropriate, what the debt is being used to finance.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to the composition of government debt at the end of the budget year as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the composition of government debt is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on the composition of the debt outstanding at the end of the budget year.*

Answer:

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances, tableau page 141

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport présente uniquement la structure de l'encours de la dette selon sa provenance (intérieure/extérieure)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les estimations relatives aux emprunts et à la dette du gouvernement en précisant seulement la structure de l'encours de la dette selon sa provenance (intérieure/extérieure).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

14b. Based on the response to Question 14, check the box(es) to identify which elements of the composition of the total debt outstanding are presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal:

Answer:

Whether the debt is domestic or external  
Information beyond the core elements (please specify)

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances, tableau page 141

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

La composition de l'encours de la dette est présentée uniquement par rapport à sa provenance (domestique/extérieure)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances 2021 présente l'encours total de la dette par rapport à sa provenance intérieure ou extérieure.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Maturity profile of the debt Whether the debt is domestic or external Information beyond the core elements (dette extérieure par devise)

Comments: Maturity profile of the debt: Rapport sur la dette publique P18 : <http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Annexe%207%20LF2021%20Dette%20Publique.pdf> Information beyond the core elements (la dette extérieure par devise) Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances, page 142 deuxième tableau : [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf) Information beyond the core elements (sensibilité de la dette suite à la variation de devise ) Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances, page 142 troisième tableau : [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur gouvernemental est bien reçu. Parce que le Rapport sur la dette publique fait partie de la Loi de finances et a été publié après la date limite de recherche de 31 Décembre 2020, il ne peut pas être pris en compte. Toutefois, les autres éléments (la dette extérieure par devise et la sensibilité de la dette suite à la variation de devise) sont bien notés. La réponse est donc révisée de "Whether the debt is domestic or external" à "Whether the debt is domestic or external et Information beyond the core elements (please specify)".

15. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget projections are based?"

(The core information must include a discussion of the economic outlook with estimates of nominal GDP level, inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.)"

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 15 focuses on the macroeconomic forecast that underlies the budget's revenue and expenditure estimates, asking whether "core" information related to the economic assumptions is presented. These core components include a discussion of the economic outlook as well as estimates of the following:

- nominal GDP level;
- inflation rate;
- real GDP growth; and
- interest rates.

While the core macroeconomic information should be a standard feature of the Executive's Budget Proposal, the importance of some types of macroeconomic assumptions may vary from country to country. For example, the budget estimates of some countries are particularly affected by changes in the price of oil and other commodities.

Beyond these core elements, some governments also provide additional information related to the economic outlook, including for instance: short and long-term interest rates; rate of employment and unemployment; GDP deflator; price of oil and other commodities; current account; exchange rate; and composition of GDP growth.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to the macroeconomic forecast as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the macroeconomic forecast is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on the macroeconomic forecast is presented.

Answer:

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances, page 9

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport présente uniquement une prévision du taux de croissance réelle en 2021

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les prévisions du taux de croissance réelle en 2021, 2022 et 2023 (page 31 du dit rapport).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

15b. Based on the response to Question 15, check the box(es) to identify which elements of the macroeconomic forecast are included in the Executive's Budget Proposal:

Answer:

Real GDP growth

Information beyond the core elements (please specify)

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances, page 9

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport présente uniquement le taux de croissance réelle en 2021

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les prévisions du taux de croissance réelle en 2021, 2022 et 2023 (page 31 du dit rapport).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Real GDP growth Information beyond the core elements (croissance des importations et des exportations, cours des prix de pétrole): Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances, page 9 et 11 [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur gouvernemental est bien noté ; la réponse est révisée de "Real GDP growth" à "Real GDP growth et Information beyond the core elements (please specify)".

16. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation show the impact of different macroeconomic assumptions (i.e., sensitivity analysis) on the budget?"

(The core information must include estimates of the impact on expenditures, revenue, and debt of different assumptions for the inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.)"

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 16 focuses on the issue of whether the Executive's Budget Proposal shows how different macroeconomic assumptions affect the budget estimates (known as a "sensitivity analysis"). It asks whether "core" information related to a sensitivity analysis is presented, estimating the impact on expenditures, revenue, and debt of different assumptions for:*

- *inflation rate;*
- *real GDP growth; and*
- *interest rates.*

*A sensitivity analysis shows the effect on the budget of possible changes in some macroeconomic assumptions, and is important for understanding the impact of the economy on the budget; for instance, what would happen to revenue collections if GDP growth were slower than what is assumed in the budget proposal? Or what would happen to expenditure if inflation were higher than estimated? Or how will revenue be affected by a decrease in the price of oil?*

*As noted for Question 15, changes in certain macroeconomic assumptions, such as the price of oil and other commodities, can have a significant impact on the budget estimates. As a result, some sensitivity analyses may also examine the impact on the budget estimates of changes in assumptions such as the price of oil that are beyond the core elements of the inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to a "sensitivity analysis" as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to a "sensitivity analysis" is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on "sensitivity analysis" is presented.*

Answer:

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances, page 9

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Les hypothèses ne sont pas accompagnées par une analyse d'impact sur les recettes et les dépenses.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le Projet de budget de l'exécutif ne montre pas l'impact de différentes hypothèses macroéconomiques retenues sur le budget.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer:

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements.

Comments: Des informations qui concernent l'analyse de sensibilité de la variation du cour de pétrole et de la variation du taux de change du dinar



tunisien contre le dollar américain sur les dépenses publiques : Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances, page 60, 1er paragraphe : [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examinateur du gouvernement est bien reçu. Bien que l'information sur le cours de pétrole et le taux de change contenue à la page 60 est brève, elle est néanmoins pertinente ; la réponse est révisée de "d" à "c".

17. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information for at least the budget year that shows how new policy proposals, as distinct from existing policies, affect expenditures?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Questions 17 and 18 ask about new policy proposals in the budget. In any given year, most of the expenditures and revenues in the budget reflect the continuation of existing policies. However, much of the attention during the budget debate is focused on new proposals – whether they call for eliminating an existing program, introducing a new one, or changing an existing program at the margins. Typically, these new proposals are accompanied by an increase, a decrease, or a shift in expenditures or revenues. Because these changes may have different impacts on people's lives, the budget proposal should present sufficient detail about new policies and their budgetary impact.*

*Question 17 asks about new expenditure policies, and Question 18 asks about new revenue policies. To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present both estimates of how all new policy proposals affect expenditures (for Question 17) or revenues (for Question 18) and a narrative discussion of the impact of these new policies. To answer "b" for either question, the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present estimates that show the impact of all new policy proposals, but no narrative discussion is included. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes only a narrative discussion, or if it includes estimates that show the impact of only some, but not all, policy proposals (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on the impact of new policy proposals.*

Answer:

a. Yes, estimates that show how all new policy proposals affect expenditures are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances, pages 46-143  
[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Dans les pages citées, sont présentés des narratifs expliquant l'impact budgétaires de nouvelles politiques/orientations sur les dépenses de gestion (pages 46 à 63), et les dépenses d'investissement (pages 63 à 143). Le changement de réponse par rapport à l'OBS 2019 tient à l'exhaustivité de l'information concernant les orientations budgétaires de chaque ministère et leur impact sur les dépenses d'investissement. A titre d'exemple, l'analyse des orientations budgétaires pour le ministère de l'enseignement supérieur en 2021 est largement plus exhaustive que celle de 2019.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente des explications concernant l'impact budgétaire des nouvelles politiques et orientations sur les dépenses de gestion ainsi que sur les dépenses d'investissement.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

18. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information for at least the budget year that shows how new policy proposals, as distinct from existing policies, affect revenues?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Questions 17 and 18 ask about new policy proposals in the budget. In any given year, most of the expenditures and revenues in the budget reflect the continuation of existing policies. However, much of the attention during the budget debate is focused on new proposals – whether they call for eliminating an existing program, introducing a new one, or changing an existing program at the margins. Typically, these new proposals are accompanied by an increase, a decrease, or a shift in expenditures or revenues. Because these changes may have different impacts on people's lives, the budget proposal should present sufficient detail about new policies and their budgetary impact.*

*Question 17 asks about new expenditure policies, and Question 18 asks about new revenue policies. To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present both estimates of how all new policy proposals affect expenditures (for Question 17) or revenues (for Question 18) and a narrative discussion of the impact of these new policies. To answer "b" for either question, the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present estimates that show the impact of all new policy proposals, but no narrative discussion is included. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes only a narrative discussion, or if it includes estimates that show the impact of only some, but not all, policy proposals (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on the impact of new policy proposals.*

Prior-year information constitutes an important benchmark for assessing the proposals for the upcoming budget year. Estimates of prior years should be presented in the same formats (in terms of classification) as the budget year to ensure that year-to-year comparisons are meaningful. For example, if the budget proposes shifting responsibility for a particular program from one administrative unit to another – such as shifting responsibility for the training of nurses from the health department to the education department – the prior-year figures must be adjusted before year-to-year comparisons of administrative budgets can be made.

Typically, when the budget proposal is submitted, the year prior to the budget year (BY-1), also known as the current year, has not ended, so the executive will provide estimates of the anticipated outcome for BY-1. The soundness of these estimates is directly related to the degree to which they have been updated to reflect actual expenditures to date, legislative changes that have occurred, and anticipated changes in macroeconomic, caseload, and other relevant factors for the remainder of the year.

The first year that can reflect actual outcomes, therefore, is generally two years before the budget year (BY-2). Thus the OECD recommends that data covering at least two years before the budget year (along with two years of projections beyond the budget year) are provided in order to assess fully the trends in the budget.

Answer:

d. No, information that shows how new policy proposals affect revenues is not presented.

Source:

Projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D9%85%D8%B4%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B9%20%D9%82%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%88%D9%86%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D8%A9%202021%20-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AD%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%85\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D9%85%D8%B4%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B9%20%D9%82%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%88%D9%86%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A9%20%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D8%A9%202021%20-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AD%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%85_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le PLF pour l'année 2021 contient plus que 40 nouvelles dispositions, dont une majorité qui est à caractère fiscal impactant ainsi les recettes. Dans le PLF, comme dans le rapport annexe, il n'existe aucune information traitant l'impact budgétaire de ces nouvelles mesures.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 ne donne pas des explications concernant l'impact des nouvelles dispositions fiscales sur les recettes budgétaires.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

19. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1) by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 19 asks if expenditure estimates for the year prior to the budget year (BY-1) are presented by one of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. (See Questions 1-5 above.)

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditure estimates for BY-1 by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," expenditure estimates for BY-1 must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if expenditure estimates for BY-1 are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if expenditure estimates for BY-1 are not presented by any of the three classifications.

Answer:

b. Yes, expenditure estimates for BY-1 are presented by two of the three expenditure classifications.

Source:

Cadre de dépenses à Moyen Terme, pages 16 et 17

<http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Annexes%202-3%20et%204%20LF2021.pdf>

Comment:

Les deux tableaux au niveau des pages 16 et 17 présentent une classification à la fois économique et administrative des dépenses relatives à l'année 2020.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les dépenses de l'année précédente (2020) selon deux classifications de dépenses (administrative, économique).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

20. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for individual programs for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 20 asks if expenditure estimates for the year before the budget year (BY-1) are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department. For example, the Ministry of Health's budget could be broken down into several subgroups, such as "primary health care," "hospitals," or "administration." These subgroups should be considered programs even if they could be, but are not, broken down into smaller, more detailed units.*

*A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable détaillé. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures, for BY-1. To answer "b," the programs shown individually in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures for BY-1. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents programs that account for only less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program.*

Answer:

b. Yes, programs accounting for at least two-thirds of, but not all, expenditures are presented for BY-1.

Source:

Projets Annuels de Performance des missions/ministères, PAP (documents annexes au PLF) -[http://www.gbo.tn/index.php/fr/Loi-de-Finance-et-rapports-annexes?keys=&field\\_annee\\_de\\_publication\\_value=&field\\_ministere\\_target\\_id=All&field\\_types\\_de\\_rapports\\_target\\_id=All&page=0](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php/fr/Loi-de-Finance-et-rapports-annexes?keys=&field_annee_de_publication_value=&field_ministere_target_id=All&field_types_de_rapports_target_id=All&page=0)

Ci-dessous le lien du PAP du Ministère des affaires culturelles, cité à titre d'exemple

[http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/PAP%202021%20version%20fran%20culture\\_0.pdf](http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/PAP%202021%20version%20fran%20culture_0.pdf)

Comment:

A la page 19, est présentée la répartition des dépenses pour les 5 programmes du ministère cité à titre d'exemple. La même démarche est la même concernant les budgets détaillés des autres ministères, à l'exception des deux ministères de la défense et de l'intérieur. Les dépenses de ceux-ci représentent moins du 1/3 du total des dépenses programmatiques.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le projet de budget de l'exécutif 2021 et documents annexes (PAP) présentent les dépenses des programmes individuels pour l'année précédente (2020). Les détails du budget des ministères de l'intérieur et de la défense ne sont pas disponibles, ils représentent moins de 1/3 du total des dépenses en 2021.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

21. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, have expenditure estimates of the year prior to the budget year (BY-1) been updated from the original enacted levels to reflect actual expenditures?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 21 asks whether the expenditure estimates for the year before the budget year (BY-1) have been updated from the original enacted levels. Updates can reflect actual experience to date; revised estimates due to shifting of funds by the executive, as permitted under the law; enactment of supplemental budgets; and revised assumptions regarding macroeconomic conditions, caseload, and other relevant factors for the remainder of the year.*

*Answer "a" applies if the estimates have been updated; answer "b" applies if the original estimates are still being used.*

Answer:

a. Yes, expenditure estimates for BY-1 have been updated from the original enacted levels.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021, page 27  
[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le tableau présenté au niveau de la page 27 fait apparaître deux colonnes relatives, respectivement, aux dépenses approuvées en vertu de la loi de finances 2020, et aux dépenses effectives estimées à fin 2020.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les estimations des dépenses de l'année précédente (2020) mises à jour par rapport aux niveaux d'origine adoptés pour refléter les dépenses réelles.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

22. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of expenditure for more than one year prior to the budget year (that is, BY-2 and prior years) by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 22 asks if expenditure estimates for more than one year prior to the budget year (BY-2 and prior years) are presented by any of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. (See Questions 1-5 above.)*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years are not presented by any of the three classifications*

Answer:

c. Yes, expenditure estimates for BY-2 and prior years are presented by only one of the three expenditure classifications.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021, page 27  
[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le tableau de la page 27 présente les dépenses effectives pour l'année 2019, mais uniquement selon une classification économique.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les dépenses effectives pour l'année 2019 selon une classification économique.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

22b. Based on the response to Question 22, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications have estimates for more than one year prior to the budget year in the Executive Budget Proposal:

Answer:  
Economic classification

Source:  
Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021, page 27

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:  
Les dépenses effectives relatives à l'année 2019 sont présentées uniquement selon une classification économique.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les dépenses budgétaires effectives de l'année 2019 sont présentées uniquement selon une classification économique.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

23. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present expenditures for individual programs for more than one year preceding the budget year (that is, BY-2 and prior years)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 23 asks if expenditure estimates for more than one year before the budget year (BY-2 and prior years) are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department. For example, the Ministry of Health's budget could be broken down into several subgroups, such as "primary health care," "hospitals," or "administration." These subgroups should be considered programs even if they could be, but are not, broken down into smaller, more detailed units.*

*A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable détaillé. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures, for BY-2 and prior years. To answer "b," the programs shown individually in the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation must account for at least two-thirds of all expenditures for BY-2 and prior years. A "c" answer applies if the Executive's Budget Proposal or its supporting documentation presents programs that account for only less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program.*

Answer:

b. Yes, programs accounting for at least two-thirds of, but not all, expenditures are presented for BY-2 and prior years.

Source:

Les PAP des missions/ministères. - [http://www.gbo.tn/index.php/fr/Loi-de-Finance-et-rapports-annexes?keys=&field\\_annee\\_de\\_publication\\_value=&field\\_ministere\\_target\\_id=All&field\\_types\\_de\\_rapports\\_target\\_id=All&page=0](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php/fr/Loi-de-Finance-et-rapports-annexes?keys=&field_annee_de_publication_value=&field_ministere_target_id=All&field_types_de_rapports_target_id=All&page=0)

Ci-dessous le PAP de la mission des affaires culturelles cité à titre d'exemple.

[http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/PAP%202021%20version%20fran%20culture\\_0.pdf](http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/PAP%202021%20version%20fran%20culture_0.pdf)

Comment:

Les PAP présentent une répartition programmatique détaillée des dépenses en 2019. Par exemple, le tableau 15 au niveau de la page 46 présente les dépenses détaillées du Programme "Livres et Lecture" durant la période 2019-2021. La même démarche est la même s'agissant des autres ministères, à l'exception des deux missions de l'intérieur et de la défense dont les dépenses ne dépassent pas le 1/3 du total des dépenses.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 et documents annexés (PAP) présentent les détails des dépenses budgétaires de l'année 2019 selon les programmes. Les données relatives au budget des ministères de l'intérieur et de la défense ne sont pas disponibles, et représentent moins de 1/3 du total des dépenses en 2021.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

24. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, what is the most recent year presented for which all expenditures reflect actual outcomes?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 24 asks for which year the actual outcomes for expenditures are shown. In most cases, the most recent year for which budget data on actual outcomes are available will be BY-2, as BY-1 is generally not yet finished when the budget proposal is drafted. So a government that has updated all its expenditure data for BY-2 to reflect what actually occurred, as opposed to estimating the outcome for that year, shows good public financial management practice.*

*For an "a" answer, a country must meet the good practice of having the figures for BY-2 reflect actual outcomes.*

**Answer:**

a. Two years prior to the budget year (BY-2).

**Source:**

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021, page 27

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

**Comment:**

Le rapport présente les dépenses à partir de l'année 2019 (N-2)

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente toutes les dépenses de l'année 2019 reflétant les résultats réels.

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

25. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present revenue by category (such as tax and non-tax) for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, revenue estimates for BY-1 are presented by category.

**Source:**

Rapport sur le Projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021, page 27

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

**Comment:**

Le tableau de la page 27 présente une estimation des recettes par catégorie concernant l'année 2020

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente une estimation des recettes fiscales et non fiscales pour l'année 2020.

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

26. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present individual sources of revenue for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1)?

**GUIDELINES:**

Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.

Answer:

a. Yes, individual sources of revenue accounting for all revenue are presented for BY-1.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021  
pages 41 et 44

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Les deux tableaux situés au niveau des pages 41 et 44 présentent les sources individuelles des recettes fiscales à partir de 2019, y compris les détails sur la composition des recettes non fiscales.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les sources individuelles des recettes fiscales et non fiscales des deux années précédentes 2019 et 2020.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

27. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, have the original estimates of revenue for the year prior to the budget year (BY-1) been updated to reflect actual revenue collections?

**GUIDELINES:**

Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.

Answer:

a. Yes, revenue estimates for BY-1 have been updated from the original enacted levels.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021  
pages 41 et 44

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Dans les tableaux des pages 41 et 44, sont présentés deux colonnes indiquant, respectivement, les recettes préalablement prévues par le budget approuvé de 2020, et une estimation des recettes effectives réalisées en fin d'année.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les recettes inscrites dans le budget approuvé de 2020 ainsi qu'une estimation des recettes attendues en fin d'année 2020.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

28. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present revenue estimates by category (such as tax and non-tax) for more than one year prior to the budget year (that is, BY-2 and prior years)?

**GUIDELINES:**

Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, revenue estimates for BY-2 and prior years are presented by category.

**Source:**

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021  
pages 41 et 44

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

**Comment:**

Les deux tableaux présentent une répartition des recettes pour l'année 2019

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les recettes fiscales et non fiscales des deux années précédentes 2019 et 2020.

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

29. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present individual sources of revenue for more than one year prior to the budget year (that is, BY-2 and prior years)?

**GUIDELINES:**

Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.

**Answer:**

a. Yes, individual sources of revenue accounting for all revenue are presented for BY-2 and prior years.

**Source:**

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021  
pages 16 et 18

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

**Comment:**

Les tableaux des pages 16 et 18 présentent les sources individuelles de toutes les recettes effectives en 2019

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les sources individuelles de toutes les recettes des deux années précédentes 2019 et 2020.

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

30. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, what is the most recent year presented for which all revenues reflect actual



outcomes?

**GUIDELINES:**

Questions 25 through 30 cover the same topics about prior-year information as the previous six questions, only they ask about information provided for revenues rather than expenditures.

Answer:

a. Two years prior to the budget year (BY-2).

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021  
pages 16 et 18

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Les deux tableaux présentent les recettes effectivement réalisées pour l'année 2019. Ces recettes sont présentées par sources individuelles.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les recettes réelles réalisées l'année 2019.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

31. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1)?

(The core information must include the total debt outstanding at the end of BY-1; the amount of net new borrowing required during BY-1; interest payments on the debt; interest rates on the debt instruments; maturity profile of the debt; and whether it is domestic or external debt.)"

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 31 focuses on prior-year debt information, rather than on prior-year expenditures or revenues, asking whether "core" information is provided on government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the year preceding the budget year (BY-1).

The "core" information includes:

- total debt outstanding at the end of BY-1;
- amount of net new borrowing required during BY-1;
- interest payments on the debt;
- interest rates on the debt instruments;
- maturity profile of the debt; and
- whether it is domestic or external debt.

This core information for BY-1 is consistent with the budget year information for borrowing and debt, which is examined in Questions 13 and 14. Please note that for the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.

In addition, some governments provide information beyond the core elements, such as gross new borrowing required during BY-1; currency of the debt; whether the debt carries a fixed or variable interest rate; whether it is callable; a profile of the creditors (bilateral institutions, multilateral institutions, commercial banks, Central Bank, etc.); where appropriate, what the debt is being used to finance.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for BY-1 as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to government borrowing and debt, including its composition, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on government borrowing and debt for BY-1.

Answer:

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021

pages 16 et 18

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Les informations incluses dans les pages 16 et 28 présentent uniquement l'encours de la dette à fin 2020 ainsi qu'une estimation des besoins en endettement à fin 2020 (domestique et extérieur)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les données relatives à l'encours de la dette à fin 2020 et une estimation des besoins en endettement, intérieur et extérieur, à fin 2020.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021 les informations sur les paiements des intérêts de la dette publique pour les années 2019 et 2020 sont incluses dans la page 140 les informations sur la nature externe et interne de la dette publique pour les années 2019 et 2020 sont incluses dans la page 142 [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

32. In the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation, what is the most recent year presented for which the debt figures reflect actual outcomes?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 32 asks for which year the actual outcome for total debt outstanding is shown. In most cases, the most recent year for which budget data on actual outcomes are available will be BY-2, as BY-1 is generally not yet finished when the budget proposal is drafted. So a government that has updated its debt data for BY-2 to reflect what actually occurred, as opposed to estimating the outcome for that year, shows good public financial management practice.*

*For an "a" answer, a country must meet the good practice of having the figures for BY-2 reflect actual outcomes.*

*It is essential that all government activities that may have an impact on the budget – in the current budget year or in future budget years – be fully disclosed to the legislature and the public in budget documents. In some countries, for instance, entities outside central government (such as public corporations) undertake fiscal activities that could affect current and future budgets. Similarly, activities that can have a significant impact on the budget, such as payment arrears and contingent liabilities, sometimes are not properly captured by the regular presentations of expenditure, revenue, and debt.*

Answer:

a. Two years prior to the budget year (BY-2).

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021, page18

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le tableau fait apparaître les résultats effectifs concernant l'endettement au titre de l'année 2019.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les résultats effectifs de l'endettement au titre de l'année 2019.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

33. "Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on extra-budgetary funds for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a statement of purpose or policy rationale for the extra-budgetary fund; and complete income, expenditure, and financing data on a gross basis.)"

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 33 focuses on extra-budgetary funds, asking whether “core” information related to these funds, which exist outside the budget, are presented. These core components include:

- a statement of purpose or policy rationale for the extra-budgetary fund (i.e., why was a particular fund set up? what is it used for?); and
- estimates of its income, expenditure, and financing. (These estimates should be presented on a gross basis so that it is possible to tell how much money flows through each extra-budgetary fund.)

In most countries, governments engage in certain budgetary activities that are not included in the central government’s budget. Known as extra-budgetary funds, they can range in size and scope. For example, countries frequently set up pension and social security programs as extra-budgetary funds, where the revenues collected and the benefits paid are recorded in a separate fund outside the budget. Another example of an extra-budgetary fund can be found in countries dependent on hydrocarbon/mineral resources, where revenues from producing and selling those resources are channeled through systems outside the annual budget.

In some cases, the separation engendered by an extra-budgetary fund serves a legitimate political purpose, and the finances and activities of these funds are well documented. In other cases, however, this structure is used for obfuscation, and little or nothing is known about a fund’s finances and activities.

The availability of information related to extra-budgetary funds is essential for a comprehensive understanding of the government’s true fiscal position. In addition to the core information, other information about extra-budgetary funds is also desirable. Such information includes a discussion of the risks associated with the extra-budgetary fund; expenditures classified by economic, functional, or administrative unit; and the rules and procedures that govern the operations and management of the extra-budgetary fund.

For more information about extra-budgetary funds, see the *Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget* (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf>) and Principle 2.1.1 of the IMF’s *Fiscal Transparency Handbook* (2018) (<https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml>).

To answer “a,” the Executive’s Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to extra-budgetary funds as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. A “b” answer applies if the Executive’s Budget Proposal or supporting documentation presents all of the core information. Answer “b” is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A “c” answer applies if some information related to extra-budgetary funds is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer “d” applies if no information is presented on extra-budgetary funds.

Please provide in the comments a list of all known extra-budgetary funds.

Answer:

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements or some extra-budgetary funds.

Source:

Rapport sur les entreprises publiques 2021

<http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Annexe%209%20LF2021%20Entreprises%20Publiques.pdf>

Comment:

Pour la première fois en Tunisie, le rapport sur les entreprises publiques (y compris les caisses sociales) a été joint au projet de loi de finances pour l’année 2021. Le rapport présente en détails la mission de chaque entreprise, ses politiques, le cadre légal, la participation de l’Etat. Il présente également une analyse financière détaillée. Toutefois, cette analyse porte uniquement sur un échantillon de 33 parmi les 110 entreprises publiques. De plus, l’analyse financière s’arrête en 2020 et ne présente pas une estimation des dépenses/recettes en 2021. Un rapport analogue a été produit en 2019 lors de l’enquête précédente mais il a été publié tardivement (après le 31 décembre 2018). Pour cette raison, il n’a pas été pris en considération dans l’OBS 2019

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les entreprises publiques, annexé au rapport sur le projet de budget de l’exécutif 2021, présente des informations sur les fonds extrabudgétaires. Le rapport présente en détails la mission de chaque entreprise, ses politiques, le cadre légal, la participation de l’Etat. Il présente également une analyse financière détaillée. Toutefois, cette analyse ne concerne que 33 parmi les 110 entreprises publiques et l’analyse financière s’arrête en 2020 et ne précise aucune estimation des dépenses/recettes en 2021.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

34. Does the Executive’s Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present central government finances (both budgetary and extra-budgetary) on a consolidated basis for at least the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 34 asks whether the Executive’s Budget Proposal or supporting documents present the finances of the central government on a consolidated basis, showing both its budgetary and extra-budgetary activities. Virtually all of the questions in the OBS questionnaire focus on budgetary central government – the activities of the ministries, departments, or agencies of central government. In addition, Question 33 asks about extra-budgetary funds, such as social security

funds that are not included in the budget.

Coverage is an important aspect of fiscal reporting. Budget documents should cover the full scope of government's financial activity. In many countries, extra-budgetary activities are substantial, and can represent a sizable share of the central government's activities. To get a full picture of the central government's finances, therefore, it is necessary to examine both activities that are included in the budget and those that are extra-budgetary. This question asks whether such a consolidated presentation of central government finances is provided.

The central government is only one component of the overall public sector. The public sector also includes other levels of government, such as state and local government, and public corporations. (See Box 2.1 under Principle 1.1.1 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018): <https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml>) For the purpose of answering this question, please consider only the central government level.

In order to answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present central government finances (both budgetary and extra-budgetary) on a consolidated basis for at least the budget year.

Answer:

b. No, central government finances are not presented on a consolidated basis.

Source:

Rapport sur les transferts et les garanties de l'Etat au profit des Entreprises Publiques

<http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Annexe%208%20LF2021%20Transferts%20Garantie.pdf>

Comment:

Le gouvernement a publié un rapport exhaustif annexé au projet de loi de finances 2021 présentant des informations détaillées sur les transferts et garanties accordés à chacune des entreprises publiques. Le rapport contient également des analyses pertinentes sur les motifs des transferts et garanties. Mais les analyses s'arrêtent en 2020 et ne portent pas sur une estimation des dépenses/recettes en 2021.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les transferts et les garanties de l'Etat au profit des entreprises publiques, annexé au rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021, présente des informations détaillées sur les transferts et garanties accordés à chacune des entreprises publiques. Le dit-rapport contient également des analyses sur les motifs des transferts et garanties. Ces analyses s'arrêtent en 2020 et ne précise aucune estimation des dépenses/recettes en 2021.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

35. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of intergovernmental transfers for at least the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 35 asks about intergovernmental transfers. In many cases, the central government supports the provision of a good or service by a lower level of government through an intergovernmental transfer of funds. This is necessary because, independent from the level of administrative decentralization that exists in a given country, the capacity for revenue collection of a local government is unlikely to be sufficient to pay for all its expenses. However, because the activity is not being undertaken by an administrative unit of the central government, it is unlikely to receive the same level of review in the budget. Thus it is important to include in the budget proposal a statement that explicitly indicates the amount and purposes of these transfers.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all intergovernmental transfers and a narrative discussing these transfers. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all intergovernmental transfers are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, intergovernmental transfers (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no estimates of intergovernmental transfers are presented.

Answer:

c. Yes, estimates of some but not all intergovernmental transfers are presented.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021. Pages 57 et 58

Comment:

Les pages précitées font apparaître les prévisions de transferts budgétaires au profit du "fonds des prêts et de soutien aux collectivités locales". La présentation est suivie par un narratif descriptif mais il y manque des informations, comme par exemple les communes bénéficiaires.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les prévisions de transferts budgétaires au profit des collectivités locales (communes) "fonds des prêts et de soutien aux collectivités locales". Cette présentation est soutenue par un narratif descriptif sans pour autant indiquer les communes bénéficiaires.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

36. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present alternative displays of expenditures (such as by gender, by age, by income, or by region) to illustrate the financial impact of policies on different groups of citizens, for at least the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 36 asks about "alternative displays" of expenditures that highlight the financial impact of policies on different groups of citizens. As discussed above, expenditures are typically presented by at least one of three classifications – administrative, functional, and economic classifications (see Questions 1-5) – and by individual program (Question 6). In addition, governments can provide alternative displays to emphasize different aspects of expenditure policies and to show who benefits from these expenditures.*

*For the purpose of answering this question, the alternative presentation must differ from the presentations (such as administrative, functional, or economic classifications or presentation by program) used to answer other questions. The alternative display can cover all expenditures or only a portion of expenditures. For instance, it can show how all expenditures are distributed according to geographic region or it can show how selected expenditures (such as the health budget or the agriculture budget) are distributed to different regions. But such a geographic display must be something different than the presentation of intergovernmental transfers used to answer question 35. One exception is when a country includes a special presentation of all policies intended to benefit the most impoverished populations (and is used to answer Question 52) then that can be considered an alternative display for purposes of answering this question as well. Finally, brief fact sheets showing how proposals in the budget benefit particular groups would be insufficient; only more detailed presentations would be considered.*

*The IBP Budget Brief, "How Transparent are Governments When it Comes to Their Budget's Impact on Poverty and Inequality?"*

*(<https://www.internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/government-transparency-of-budgets-impact-on-poverty-inequality-ibp-2019.pdf>) includes a discussion of the importance of alternative displays of budget information and provides a number of examples. For instance,*

- *Bangladesh in its 2017-18 Budget included a detailed supplementary Gender Budgeting Report, which presents the spending dedicated to advancing women across various departments. (<https://mof.portal.gov.bd/site/page/3bb14732-b5b1-44df-9921-efedf1496295>).*
- *The UK's 2017 budget included a supplementary analysis that provided a distributional analysis of the budget by households in different income groups (see [https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/661465/distributional\\_analysis\\_autumn\\_budget\\_2017.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/661465/distributional_analysis_autumn_budget_2017.pdf)).*
- *South Africa's 2017 Budget Review goes beyond the standard presentation of intergovernmental transfers, discussing the redistribution that results from national revenue flowing to the provinces and municipalities and presenting the allocations on a per capita basis (see chapter 6, <http://www.treasury.gov.za/documents/national%20budget/2017/review/FullBR.pdf>).*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must include at least three different presentations that illustrate the financial impact of policies on different groups of citizens for at least the budget year. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must include at least two different alternative displays of expenditures. A "c" applies if only one type of alternative display of expenditure is presented. Answer "d" applies if no alternative display of expenditure is presented.*

Answer:

c. Yes, one alternative display of expenditures is presented to illustrate the financial impact of policies on different groups of citizens.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021, page 56-57

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Au niveau des pages 56 et 57, sont présentées les prévisions des dépenses additionnelles au profit des familles pauvres, et aux personnes handicapées. Ces programmes sont sous l'égide du ministère des affaires sociales. Toutefois, le gouvernement ne fournit pas une présentation transversale des dépenses à travers l'intégralité du budget.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 ne présente pas des dépenses ventilées par sexe, par âge, par revenu ou par région pour illustrer l'impact financier des politiques sur différents groupes de citoyens. Toutefois, deux programmes ciblant les familles nécessiteuses et les

personnes handicapées apparaissent dans les prévisions budgétaires destinées au ministère des affaires sociales.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer:

b. Yes, two alternative displays of expenditures are presented to illustrate the financial impact of policies on different groups of citizens.

Comments: Alternative1: Source: Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021, page 56-57-58 [http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf) Comment: Le projet de budget comporte un programme de lutte contre la pauvreté destiné aux familles nécessiteuses d'un budget équivalent à 833 millions de dinars et des transferts au titre des bourses universitaires d'un budget équivalent à 215 millions de dinars. Le Rapport du projet de budget de l'Etat de 2021 présente un narratif sur tous ces transferts. Par ailleurs, le Le Rapport du projet de budget de l'Etat de 2021 présente aussi un narratif sur les aides aux personnes handicapées pour créer des micro projets. Alternative2: Source: Rapport sur la répartition régionale des Investissements page 42-72 <http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Rapport%20r%C3%A9partition%20r%C3%A9gionale%20investissement%20%281%29.pdf> Comment: Le Rapport sur la répartition régionale des Investissements comporte la répartition des investissements par région sur la période 2016-2020

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur du gouvernement est bien noté. Comme le notent les lignes directrices pour cette question, « ... lorsqu'un pays inclut une présentation spéciale de toutes les politiques destinées à bénéficier aux populations les plus démunies (et est utilisé pour répondre à la question 52), cela peut être considéré comme un affichage alternatif aux fins de répondre cette question". Compte tenu des programmes décrits par le chercheur à la question 52, la réponse est révisée de « d » à « c ». L'Alternative2, quant à elle, fait référence à un rapport qui ne fait pas partie du package de l'EBP, et qui a été mis en ligne après la date limite de la recherche OBS du 31 décembre 2020.

36b. Based on the response to Question 36, select the box(es) below to identify which types of alternative displays are included in the Executive's Budget Proposal:

Answer:

Policy impacts based on income

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021

Comment:

Le gouvernement ne fournit pas d'informations sur l'impact budgétaires des politiques destinées aux catégories vulnérables.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 ne fournit pas d'informations sur l'impact budgétaire des politiques destinées aux catégories vulnérables.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Other displays of expenditure (répartition régionale des dépenses d'investissement) <http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Rapport%20r%C3%A9partition%20r%C3%A9gionale%20investissement%20%281%29.pdf>

IBP Comment

Veillez voir le commentaire "IBP Staff" à la question 36. La réponse est révisée de "None of the above" à "Policy impacts based on income".

37. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of transfers to public corporations for at least the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 37 asks about transfers to public corporations. It is often the case that governments have a stake in enterprises that manage resources that are particularly relevant for the public good (such as electricity, water, and oil). While these public corporations can operate independently, in some cases the government will provide direct support by making transfers to these corporations, including to subsidize capital investment and operating expenses.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all transfers to public corporations and a narrative discussing the purposes of these transfers. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all transfers to public corporations are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all,*

transfers to public corporations (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "c" also applies if estimates of transfers to public corporations are presented as a single line item. Answer "d" applies if no estimates of transfers to public corporations are presented.

Please provide in the comments a list of all known public corporations.

Answer:

d. No, estimates of transfers to public corporations are not presented.

Source:

Rapport sur les transferts et les garanties de l'Etat au profit des Entreprises Publiques

<http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Annexe%208%20LF2021%20Transferts%20Garantie.pdf>

Comment:

Bien qu'il s'agit d'un rapport exhaustif couvrant la période 2016-2020, le rapport ne contient pas une estimation des transferts pour l'année 2021.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les transferts et les garanties de l'Etat au profit des entreprises publiques, annexé au rapport de projet de loi de finances 2021, ne contient pas une estimation des transferts au profit de ses entreprises pour l'année 2021.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

38. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on quasi-fiscal activities for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a statement of purpose or policy rationale for the quasi-fiscal activity and the intended beneficiaries.)

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 38 focuses on quasi-fiscal activities, asking whether "core" information related to such activities is presented. These core components include:

- A statement of purpose or policy rationale for the quasi-fiscal activity (i.e., what is the reason for engaging in this activity?);
- The identification of intended beneficiaries of the quasi-fiscal activity.

The term "quasi-fiscal activities" refers to a broad range of activities that are fiscal in character and could be carried out through the regular budget process but are not. For example, a quasi-fiscal activity could take place if, instead of providing a direct subsidy through the budget for a particular activity, a public financial institution provides an indirect subsidy by offering loans at below-market rates for that activity. Similarly, it is a quasi-fiscal activity when an enterprise provides goods or services at prices below commercial rates to certain individuals or groups to support the government's policy goals.

The above examples are policy choices that may be approved by the government and legislature. However, quasi-fiscal activities can also involve activities that violate or circumvent a country's budget process laws or are not subject to the regular legislative approval process for expenditures. For example, the executive may issue an informal order to a government entity, such as a public commercial enterprise, to provide the executive with goods and services that normally would have to be purchased with funding authorized by the legislature. All quasi-fiscal activities should be disclosed to the public and subject to public scrutiny.

Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about quasi-fiscal activities, including for example: the anticipated duration of the quasi-fiscal activity; a quantification of the activity and the assumptions that support these estimates; and a discussion of the fiscal significance and potential risks associated with the activity, including the impact on the entity carrying out the activity. Principle 3.3.2 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (<https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml>) provides examples of quasi-fiscal activities that can be consulted as needed. And more details on quasi-fiscal activities can be found in the Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf>).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to all quasi-fiscal activities for at least the budget year as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to quasi-fiscal activities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on quasi-fiscal activities.

If quasi-fiscal activities do not represent a significant problem in your country, please mark "e." However, please exercise caution in answering this question.

Answer:

d. No, information related to quasi-fiscal activities is not presented.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021

Comment:

Les informations concernant les activités quasi budgétaires ne sont pas présentées.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 ne présente pas d'informations concernant les activités quasi budgétaires.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: e. Not applicable/other (please comment).

39. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on financial assets held by the government for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a listing of the assets, and an estimate of their value.)

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 39 focuses on financial assets held by the government, asking whether "core" information related to these assets is presented. These core components include:*

- *A listing of the financial assets; and*
- *An estimate of their value.*

*Governments own financial assets such as cash, bonds, or equities. Unlike private sector businesses, however, few governments maintain balance sheets that show the value of their assets and liabilities.*

*Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about financial assets, including for example: a discussion of their purpose; historical information on defaults; differences between reported values and market values; and a summary of financial assets as part of the government's balance sheet.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year all of the core information related to all financial assets held by the government as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to financial assets is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on financial assets held by the government.*

Answer:

d. No, information related to financial assets is not presented.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021

Comment:

Pas d'informations sur les actifs financiers dans le PLF 2021.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 ne présente pas d'informations concernant les actifs financiers détenus par le gouvernement pendant au moins l'année budgétaire.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

40. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on nonfinancial assets held by the government for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a listing of the assets by category.)



**GUIDELINES:**

Question 40 focuses on nonfinancial assets held by the government, asking whether "core" information related to these assets is presented. The core information is a listing of nonfinancial assets, grouped by the type (or category) of asset.

Nonfinancial assets are things of value that the government owns or controls (excluding financial assets) such as land, buildings, and machinery. The valuation of public nonfinancial assets can be problematic, particularly in cases where the asset is not typically available on the open market (such as a government monument). In these cases, it is considered acceptable to provide summary information in budget documents from a country's register of assets. But, in some cases, governments are able to value their nonfinancial assets; some present a summary of nonfinancial assets as part of their balance sheets. For an example of how nonfinancial assets are presented in one of the many supporting documents to the New Zealand Executive's Budget Proposal, see the Forecast Financial Statement 2011, Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued), Note 14, accessible here: <https://treasury.govt.nz/sites/default/files/2011-05/befu11-pt6of8.pdf>.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year a listing by category of all nonfinancial assets held by the government as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to nonfinancial assets is presented, but some nonfinancial assets are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on nonfinancial assets held by the government.

**Answer:**

d. No, information related to nonfinancial assets is not presented.

**Source:**

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021

**Comment:**

Il n'y a aucune information concernant les actifs non financiers dans le PLF 2021.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 ne présente pas d'informations concernant les actifs non financiers détenus par le gouvernement pendant au moins l'année budgétaire.

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Afin d'appliquer les dispositions de la nouvelle loi organique de budget approuvée en 2019, le conseil des normes et la direction générale de la comptabilité publique ont préparé les normes, le cadre conceptuel et la classification du budget général (ou comptable) et la refonte du système d'information est en cours pour passer très prochainement à une comptabilité en partie double et par la suite à la préparation et la publication du bilan financier de l'Etat.

41. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of expenditure arrears for at least the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 41 asks about estimates of expenditure arrears, which arise when government has entered into a commitment to spend funds but has not made the payment when it is due. (For more information see sections 3.49-3.50 of the IMF's GFS Manual 2001, <http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/pdf/all.pdf> (page 29)). Though equivalent to borrowing, this liability is often not recorded in the budget, making it difficult to assess fully a government's financial position. Moreover, the obligation to repay this debt affects the government's ability to pay for other activities.

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all expenditure arrears and a narrative discussing the arrears. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all expenditure arrears are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, expenditure arrears (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no estimates of expenditure arrears are presented. Answer "d" also applies if information is only available for the changes in arrears, and not the stock or balance of arrears.

If expenditure arrears do not represent a significant problem in your country, please mark "e." However, please exercise caution in answering this question. Public expenditure management laws and regulations often will allow for reasonable delays, perhaps 30 or 60 days, in the routine payment of invoices due. Expenditure arrears impacting a small percentage of expenditure that are due to contractual disputes should not be considered a significant problem for the purpose of answering this question.

**Answer:**

b. Yes, estimates of all expenditure arrears are presented, but a narrative discussion is not included.

**Source:**

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021, page 22 et 23.

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Pour la première fois, une estimation de tous les arriérés de dépenses a été présentée dans le rapport sur le PLF 2021. Ceci a été suite à des pressions faites par les organisations professionnelles qui représentent les petits entrepreneurs qui ont cumulé des dettes importantes envers l'Etat. Ainsi, le rapport présente au niveau des pages 22 et 23 les arriérés suivants:

- 1600 millions de dinar pour le paiement des arriérés au titre de subvention des carburants
- 1550 millions de dinars pour le paiement des arriérés au titre de subvention des produits alimentaires de base.
- 413 millions de dinar pour le paiement des arriérés au profit des fournisseurs de services/entrepreneurs au titre des années précédentes.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente une estimation de tous les arriérés de dépenses budgétaires.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

42. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on contingent liabilities, such as government loan guarantees or insurance programs, for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a statement of purpose or policy rationale for each contingent liability; the new guarantees or insurance commitments proposed for the budget year; and the total amount of outstanding guarantees or insurance commitments (the gross exposure) at the end of the budget year.)

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 42 focuses on contingent liabilities, asking whether "core" information related to these liabilities is presented. These core components include:*

- *a statement of purpose or policy rationale for each contingent liability;*
- *the new contingent liabilities for the budget year, such as new guarantees or insurance commitments proposed for the budget year; and*
- *the total amount of outstanding guarantees or insurance commitments at the end of the budget year. This reflects the gross exposure of the government in the case that all guarantees or commitments come due (even though that may be unlikely to occur).*

*Contingent liabilities are recognized under a cash accounting method only when the contingent event occurs and the payment is made. An example of such liabilities is the case of loans guaranteed by the central government, which can include loans to state-owned banks and other state-owned commercial enterprises, subnational governments, or private enterprises. Under such guarantees, government will only make a payment if the borrower defaults. Thus a key issue for making quantitative estimates of these liabilities is assessing the likelihood of the contingency occurring.*

*In the budget, according to the OECD, "[w]here feasible, the total amount of contingent liabilities should be disclosed and classified by major category reflecting their nature; historical information on defaults for each category should be disclosed where available. In cases where contingent liabilities cannot be quantified, they should be listed and described."*

*Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about contingent liabilities, including for example: historical default rates for each program, and likely default rates in the future; the maximum guarantee that is authorized by law; any special financing associated with the guarantee (e.g., whether fees are charged, whether a reserve fund exists for the purpose of paying off guarantees, etc.); the duration of each guarantee; and an estimate of the fiscal significance and potential risks associated with the guarantees.*

*For more details on contingent liabilities, see Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf>) and page 59 (Box 11) and Principle 3.2.3 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (<https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml>).*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year all of the core information related to contingent liabilities as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to contingent liabilities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on contingent liabilities.*

Answer:

d. No, information related to contingent liabilities is not presented.

Source:

Rapport sur les transferts et les garanties au profit des entreprises publiques

<http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Annexe%208%20LF2021%20Transferts%20Garantie.pdf>

Comment:

Le gouvernement a publié un rapport exhaustif sur les garanties accordées par l'Etat au profit des entreprises publiques. Mais, la période couverte par

le rapport s'arrête en 2020. Les estimations concernant l'année 2021 n'y sont pas présentées.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les transferts et les garanties au profit des entreprises publiques, annexé au rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021, ne présente des informations sur les passifs éventuels pour au moins l'année budgétaire.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

43. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present projections that assess the government's future liabilities and the sustainability of its finances over the longer term?

(The core information must cover a period of at least 10 years and include the macroeconomic and demographic assumptions used and a discussion of the fiscal implications and risks highlighted by the projections.)

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 43 focuses on government's future liabilities and the sustainability of its finances over the longer-term, asking whether "core" information related to these issues is presented. These core components must include:*

- *Projections that cover a period of at least 10 years.*
- *The macroeconomic and demographic assumptions used in making the projections.*
- *A discussion of the fiscal implications and risks highlighted by the projections. Good public financial management calls for budgets to include fiscal sustainability analyses.*

*The IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (<https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml>) recommends that governments regularly publish the projected evolution of the public finances over the longer term (see Principle 3.1.3.). Future liabilities are a particularly important element when assessing the sustainability of public finances over the long term. Future liabilities are the result of government commitments that, unlike contingent liabilities, are virtually certain to occur at some future point and result in an expenditure. A typical example consists of government obligations to pay pension benefits or cover health care costs of future retirees. Under a cash accounting system, only current payments associated with such obligations are recognized in the budget. To capture the future impact on the budget of these liabilities, a separate statement is required.*

*Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about the sustainability of their finances, including for example: projections that cover 20 or 30 years; multiple scenarios with different sets of assumptions; assumptions about other factors (such as the depletion of natural resources) that go beyond just the core macroeconomic and demographic data; and a detailed presentation of particular programs that have long time horizons, such as civil service pensions.*

*For more details on future liabilities, see Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf>).*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core information related to future liabilities and the sustainability of government finances over the longer term as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to future liabilities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on future liabilities and the sustainability of government's finances*

Answer:

d. No, information related to future liabilities and the sustainability of finances over the longer term is not presented.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021

Comment:

Le projet de budget n'inclut pas d'informations sur les futurs passifs et la soutenabilité financière du Budget de l'Etat.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 ne contient pas d'informations sur les futurs passifs et la soutenabilité financière du Budget de l'Etat.

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

44. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of the sources of donor assistance, both financial and in-kind, for at least the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 44 asks about estimates of donor assistance, both financial and in-kind assistance. Such assistance is considered non-tax revenue, and the sources of this assistance should be explicitly identified. In terms of in-kind assistance, the concern is primarily with the provision of goods (particularly those for which there is a market that would allow goods received as in-kind aid to be sold, thereby converting them into cash) rather than with in-kind aid like advisors from a donor country providing technical assistance.*

*To answer "a" the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all donor assistance and a narrative discussing the assistance. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all donor assistance are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, donor assistance (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "c" also applies if the sources of donor assistance are not presented, but the total amount of donor assistance is presented as a single line item. Answer "d" applies if no estimates of donor assistance are presented. Select answer "e" if your country does not receive donor assistance.*

Answer:

c. Yes, estimates of some but not all sources of donor assistance are presented.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021, page 45

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport présente une mention d'un don de la part de l'Union Européenne estimé à 240 millions d'euros, soit l'équivalent de 800 millions de dinars. Le rapport ne présente que les "dons d'appui budgétaire" et ne fournit pas d'informations sur les dons affectés à des projets précis qui sont d'un montant largement inférieur mais qui sont assez nombreux (renforcement de capacités, assistance technique, dons en nature, études expertises, etc)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente des estimations de certaines sources d'aide des donateurs (dons d'appui budgétaire), et ne fournit pas d'informations sur les dons affectés à des projets précis.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

45. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on tax expenditures for at least the budget year?

(The core information must include a statement of purpose or policy rationale for each tax expenditure, the intended beneficiaries, and an estimate of the revenue foregone.)

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 45 focuses on tax expenditures, asking whether "core" information related to these tax preferences is presented. These core components must include for both new and existing tax expenditures:*

- a statement of purpose or policy rationale;
- a listing of the intended beneficiaries; and
- an estimate of the revenue foregone.

*Tax expenditures arise as a result of exceptions or other preferences in the tax code provided for specified entities, individuals, or activities. Tax expenditures often have the same impact on public policy and budgets as providing direct subsidies, benefits, or goods and services. For example, encouraging a company to engage in more research through a special tax break can have the same effect as subsidizing it directly through the expenditure side of the budget, as it still constitutes a cost in terms of foregone revenues. However, expenditure items that require annual authorization are likely to receive more scrutiny than tax breaks that are a permanent feature of the tax code.*

*Beyond the core information, some governments may also provide other information about tax expenditures, including for example: the intended beneficiaries*

by sector and income class (distributional impact); a statement of the estimating assumptions, including the definition of the benchmark against which the foregone revenue is measured; and a discussion of tax expenditures as part of a general discussion of expenditures for those program areas that receive both types of government support (in order to better inform policy choices). For more details on tax expenditures, see *Guide to Transparency in Public Finances: Looking Beyond the Core Budget* (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/Looking-Beyond-the-Budget.pdf>) and Principle 1.1.4 of the IMF's *Fiscal Transparency Handbook* (2018) (<https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml>).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present, for at least the budget year, all of the core information related to tax expenditures as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to tax expenditures is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on tax expenditures.

Answer:

d. No, information related to tax expenditures is not presented.

Source:

Rapport sur les dépenses fiscales

<http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/Annexe%2014%20LF2021%20D%C3%A9penses%20fiscales.pdf>

Comment:

Le gouvernement a publié un rapport consistant sur les dépenses fiscales (conformément aux nouvelles dispositions de la loi organique du Budget). Il contient toutes les informations clés mais la période couverte par le rapport s'arrête en 2019.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les dépenses fiscales, annexé au rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021, ne présente pas des informations relatives aux prévisions des dépenses fiscales de l'année budgétaire. Les informations consignées dans le dit-rapport couvrent la période d'avant 2019.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

46. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of earmarked revenues for at least the budget year?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 46 asks about estimates of earmarked revenues, which are revenues that may only be used for a specific purpose (for example, revenues from a tax on fuel that can only be used for building roads). This information is important in determining which revenues are available to fund the government's general expenses, and which revenues are reserved for particular purposes.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present for at least the budget year both estimates covering all earmarked revenues and a narrative discussing the earmarks. If a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all earmarked revenues are presented, then a "b" answer is appropriate. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, earmarked revenues (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no estimates of earmarked revenues are presented. An "e" response applies if revenue is not earmarked or the practice is disallowed by law or regulation.*

Answer:

d. No, estimates of earmarked revenues are not presented.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021

Comment:

Le projet de budget ne présente aucune information sur les recettes fiscales affectées à des dépenses spécifiques.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 ne présente des informations sur les recettes fiscales affectées à des dépenses spécifiques.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

47. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on how the proposed budget (both new proposals and existing policies) is linked to government's policy goals for the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

Questions 47 and 48 ask about information that shows how the budget (both new proposals and existing policies) is linked to the government's policy goals. The budget is the executive's main policy document, the culmination of the executive's planning and budgeting processes. Therefore, it should include a clear description of the link between policy goals and the budget – that is, an explicit explanation of how the government's policy goals are reflected in its budget choices. For an example of a discussion of a government's policy goals in the budget, see pages 13-18 of New Zealand's 2011 Statement of Intent (<http://www.treasury.govt.nz/publications/abouttreasury/soi/2011-16>), one of the many documents supporting its budget.

In some countries the government prepares strategic/development plans. These plans include all the policies the government is planning to implement for the budget year and very often cover a multi-year perspective. In some cases, these plans do not match the budget documentation, and it is possible that they are completely disconnected from the Executive's Budget Proposal. So the question is examining whether government policy plans are "translated" into revenue and expenditure figures in the actual budget documents.

Question 47 asks about the information covering the budget year, and Question 48 asks about the period at least two years beyond the budget year. To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present both estimates of how the budget is linked to government's policy goals for the budget year (for Question 47) or for a multi-year period beyond the budget year (for Question 48) and a narrative discussion of how these policy goals are reflected in the budget. To answer "b" for either question, the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present estimates that show how the budget is linked to government's policy goals, but no narrative discussion is included. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes only a narrative discussion, or if it includes estimates that show how the budget is linked to some, but not all, of the government's policy goals (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on how the budget is linked to government's policy goals.

**Answer:**

b. Yes, estimates that show how the proposed budget is linked to all the government's policy goals for the budget year are presented, but a narrative discussion is not included.

**Source:**

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021; pages 32

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

**Comment:**

Le rapport présente les objectifs spécifiques du PLF 2021, à savoir:

- Améliorer les ressources propres de l'Etat
- Satisfaire les besoins basiques de la population à travers l'activation des transferts sociaux et les équipements dans les secteurs de l'éducation et la santé.
- Promotion de l'infrastructure dans les régions défavorisées.
- Compression des dépenses de fonctionnement de l'Etat.

Ces objectifs sont cités sans présentation d'un narratif consistant

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les estimations liées aux objectifs politiques du gouvernement pour l'année budgétaire sans pour autant présenter un narratif consistant.

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

48. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present information on how the proposed budget (both new proposals and existing policies) is linked to government's policy goals for a multi-year period (for at least two years beyond the budget year)?

**GUIDELINES:**

Questions 47 and 48 ask about information that shows how the budget (both new proposals and existing policies) is linked to the government's policy goals. The budget is the executive's main policy document, the culmination of the executive's planning and budgeting processes. Therefore, it should include a clear description of the link between policy goals and the budget – that is, an explicit explanation of how the government's policy goals are reflected in its budget choices. For an example of a discussion of a government's policy goals in the budget, see pages 13-18 of New Zealand's 2011 Statement of Intent (<http://www.treasury.govt.nz/publications/abouttreasury/soi/2011-16>), one of the many documents supporting its budget.

In some countries the government prepares strategic/development plans. These plans include all the policies the government is planning to implement for the

budget year and very often cover a multi-year perspective. In some cases, these plans do not match the budget documentation, and it is possible that they are completely disconnected from the Executive's Budget Proposal. So the question is examining whether government policy plans are "translated" into revenue and expenditure figures in the actual budget documents.

Question 47 asks about the information covering the budget year, and Question 48 asks about the period at least two years beyond the budget year. To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present both estimates of how the budget is linked to government's policy goals for the budget year (for Question 47) or for a multi-year period beyond the budget year (for Question 48) and a narrative discussion of how these policy goals are reflected in the budget. To answer "b" for either question, the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present estimates that show how the budget is linked to government's policy goals, but no narrative discussion is included. A "c" response applies if the presentation includes only a narrative discussion, or if it includes estimates that show how the budget is linked to some, but not all, of the government's policy goals (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on how the budget is linked to government's policy goals.

Answer:

c. Yes, information that shows how the proposed budget is linked to some but not all of the government's policy goals for a multi-year period is presented.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021, page 30 et 31

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Les pages précitées présentent les objectifs stratégiques du PLF 2021, à savoir:

- Améliorer les ressources propres de l'Etat
- Continuer à appuyer les entreprises sinistrés par la crise de la COVID
- La Digitalisation des services publics de base
- La rationalisation du système de subvention des carburants et des dépenses de fonctionnement.
- Accorder plus de protections aux catégories pauvres.
- Reprise de l'activité productive au niveau des entreprises publiques "en panne" surtout dans les secteurs de l'énergies et des mines.

La présentation des objectifs est accompagnée d'un narratif de deux pages comprenant une analyse économique sur les recettes escomptées à moyen terme

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 présente les estimations liées aux objectifs politiques stratégiques du gouvernement pour une période pluriannuelle sans pour autant présenter un narratif consistant.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IBP Comment

Étant donné que les pages 30 et 31 fournissent un bref aperçu et ne « traduisent » généralement pas les plans d'action pluriannuels en chiffres de dépenses et de recettes, la réponse est donc révisée de "b" à "c" pour garantir l'application cohérente de la méthodologie de l'enquête dans tous les pays.

49. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present nonfinancial data on inputs to be acquired for at least the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 49 asks about the availability of nonfinancial data on inputs for the budget year. (Nonfinancial data on outputs and outcomes are addressed in Question 50.)

The budget should disclose not only the amount of money that is being allocated on a program but also any information needed to analyze that expenditure. Nonfinancial data and performance targets associated with budget proposals are used to assess the success of a given policy. For example, even when allocated funds are spent according to plan, there remains the question of whether the policy delivered the results that it aimed to achieve.

Nonfinancial data can include information on:

**Inputs** - These are the resources assigned to achieve results. For example, in regards to education, nonfinancial data on inputs could include the number of books to be provided to each school or the materials to be used to build or refurbish a school.

**Outputs** - These are products and services delivered as a result of inputs. For example, the number of pupils taught every year; the number of children that received vaccines; or the number of beneficiaries of a social security program.

**Outcomes** - These are the intended impact or policy goals achieved. For example, an increase in literacy rates among children under 10, or a reduction in rates of maternal mortality.

*In addition, governments that set performance targets must use nonfinancial data for outputs and outcomes to determine if these targets have been met.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present, for at least the budget year, nonfinancial data on inputs for each individual program within all administrative units (ministries, departments, and agencies). It is also acceptable if nonfinancial data on inputs for each individual program is organized by functions. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present nonfinancial data on inputs for all administrative units or all functions, but not for each individual program (or even for any programs) within those administrative units or functions. A "c" response applies if nonfinancial data on inputs are presented only for some programs and/or some administrative units or some functions. Answer "d" applies if no nonfinancial data on inputs is presented.*

Answer:

d. No, nonfinancial data on inputs are not presented.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le projet de loi de finances 2021 ainsi que les documents annexes ne présentent pas de données non financières sur les inputs.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 ainsi que les documents annexes ne présentent pas de données non financières relatives aux intrants.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer:

c. Yes, nonfinancial data on inputs are presented for some programs and/or some administrative units (or functions).

Comments: Des informations sur l'effectif de recrutement sont présentés dans la page 54 du rapport du projet du budget 2021:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Researcher Response

Il s'agit des nouveaux recrutements prévus dans le budget pour un certain nombre d'unités administratives. Il ne s'agit pas de toutes les ressources humaines mises à la disposition de ces unités, mais uniquement de l'effectif additionnel prévu pour 2021. De plus, je ne suis pas sûr si on peut considérer les ressources humaines comme des "intrants".

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur du gouvernement est bien noté. À la lumière de la "Response to Review" du chercheur, la réponse existante de "d" est maintenue.

50. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present nonfinancial data on results (in terms of outputs or outcomes) for at least the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 50 asks about the availability of nonfinancial data on results for the budget year. Nonfinancial data on results can include data on both outputs and outcomes, but not on inputs (which are addressed in Question 49).*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present, for at least the budget year, nonfinancial data on results for each individual program within all administrative units (ministries, departments, and agencies). It is also acceptable if nonfinancial data on results for each individual program is organized by functional classification. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must present nonfinancial data on results for all administrative units or all functional classifications, but not for each individual program (or even for any programs) within those administrative units or functions. A "c" response applies if nonfinancial data on results are presented only for some programs and/or some administrative units or some functions. Answer "d" applies if no nonfinancial data on results is presented.*

Answer:

c. Yes, nonfinancial data on results are presented for some programs and/or some administrative units (or functions).

Source:

Programmes annuels de performance (PAP) des différentes missions. - [http://www.gbo.tn/index.php/fr/Loi-de-Finance-et-rapports-annexes?keys=&field\\_annee\\_de\\_publication\\_value=&field\\_ministere\\_target\\_id=All&field\\_types\\_de\\_rapports\\_target\\_id=All&page=0](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php/fr/Loi-de-Finance-et-rapports-annexes?keys=&field_annee_de_publication_value=&field_ministere_target_id=All&field_types_de_rapports_target_id=All&page=0)

Ci-dessous, l'exemple de la mission de l'éducation.

[http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/PAP%202021%20Education\\_0.pdf](http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/PAP%202021%20Education_0.pdf)



Comment:

Dans les PAP, chaque programme est accompagné d'un ensemble d'indicateurs liés à des objectifs. Les PAP fournissent des données non financières sur les résultats réalisées. Par exemple, au niveau des pages 24 et 25, le PAP du ministère de l'éducation, cité à titre d'exemple, présente pour le programme de l'enseignement primaire un certain nombre de résultats attendus relatifs au taux d'élèves qui ont dépassé l'année préparatoire, le taux d'insertion des élèves handicapés, le taux d'abandon scolaire, etc. Ces informations ne sont pas disponibles pour les deux ministères de l'intérieur et de la défense.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le document intitulé "Programmes annuels de performance (PAP)", annexé au rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021, présente des données non financières portant sur les réalisations prévues de certains programmes en relation avec leurs objectifs fixés. A noter que les ministères de l'intérieur et de la défense ne sont pas concernés par cette démarche (PAP) et ne fournissent pas d'informations relatives à leurs programmes.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

51. Are performance targets assigned to nonfinancial data on results in the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 51 asks about performance targets assigned to nonfinancial data on results for the budget year. The question applies to those nonfinancial results shown in the budget, and that were identified for purposes of Question 50.*

*To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must assign performance targets to all nonfinancial data on results shown in the budget for at least the budget year. To answer "b," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must assign performance targets to a majority (but not all) of the nonfinancial data on results shown in the budget. A "c" response applies performance targets are assigned only to less than half of the nonfinancial data on results. Answer "d" applies if no performance targets are assigned to nonfinancial data on results shown in the budget, or the budget does not present nonfinancial results.*

Answer:

c. Yes, performance targets are assigned to some nonfinancial data on results.

Source:

Programmes annuels de performance (PAP) des différentes missions. - [http://www.gbo.tn/index.php/fr/Loi-de-Finance-et-rapports-annexes?keys=&field\\_annee\\_de\\_publication\\_value=&field\\_ministere\\_target\\_id=All&field\\_types\\_de\\_rapports\\_target\\_id=All&page=0](http://www.gbo.tn/index.php/fr/Loi-de-Finance-et-rapports-annexes?keys=&field_annee_de_publication_value=&field_ministere_target_id=All&field_types_de_rapports_target_id=All&page=0)

Ci-dessous, l'exemple de la mission de l'éducation.

[http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/PAP%202021%20Education\\_0.pdf](http://www.gbo.tn/sites/default/files/2021-04/PAP%202021%20Education_0.pdf)

Comment:

Les PAP présentent les niveaux de résultats ciblés pour chaque indicateur de performance jusqu'à 2023. L'information n'est pas disponible pour les programmes relevant des deux ministères de la défense et de l'intérieur.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le document intitulé "Programmes annuels de performance (PAP)", annexé au rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021, présente des données non financières portant sur les niveaux de résultats fixés pour chaque indicateur de performance arrêté pour les différents programmes en 2023. A noter que les ministères de l'intérieur et de la défense ne sont pas concernés par cette démarche (PAP) et ne fournissent pas d'informations relatives à leurs programmes.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

52. Does the Executive's Budget Proposal or any supporting budget documentation present estimates of policies (both new proposals and existing policies) that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations in at least the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 52 asks whether the budget highlight policies, both new and existing, that benefit the poorest segments of society. This question is intended to*

assess only those programs that directly address the immediate needs of the poor, such as through cash assistance programs or the provision of housing, rather than indirectly, such as through a stronger national defense. This information is of particular interest to those seeking to bolster government's commitment to anti-poverty efforts. For purposes of answering this question, a departmental budget (such as the Department of Social Welfare) would not be considered acceptable. In general, this question is asking whether the EBP includes a special presentation that pulls together estimates of all the relevant policies in one place. However, if the country uses "program budgeting," where programs are presented as expenditure categories with specific and identified objectives, and it identifies anti-poverty programs within each administrative unit, then that is also acceptable for this question.

The IBP Budget Brief, "How Transparent are Governments When it Comes to Their Budget's Impact on Poverty and Inequality?" (<https://www.internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/government-transparency-of-budgets-impact-on-poverty-inequality-ibp-2019.pdf>) includes a discussion of countries that have provided information on how its policies affect the poor.

For instance, Pakistan provides a detailed breakdown of pro-poor expenditure as part of its 2017-18 budget proposal. In one document, the government sets out policy priorities, expected outputs, and estimates of past and future spending for several programs aimed at poverty alleviation. Another supporting document provides a comprehensive overview of ongoing policies, including a chapter on social safety nets, covering both financial and performance information of poverty alleviation schemes over a period of eight years. ([http://www.finance.gov.pk/budget/mtbf\\_2018\\_21.pdf](http://www.finance.gov.pk/budget/mtbf_2018_21.pdf) and [http://www.finance.gov.pk/survey\\_1718.html](http://www.finance.gov.pk/survey_1718.html)).

To answer "a," the Executive's Budget Proposal or supporting documentation must for at least the budget year both present estimates covering all policies that are intended to benefit the most impoverished populations and include a narrative discussion that specifically addresses these policies. (For countries using program budgeting that breaks out individual anti-poverty programs, there should be a separate narrative associated with each such program.) Answer "b" if a narrative discussion is not included, but estimates for all policies that are intended to benefit the most impoverished populations are presented. Answer "c" if the presentation includes estimates covering only some, but not all, policies that are intended to benefit the most impoverished populations (regardless of whether it also includes a narrative discussion). Answer "d" if no estimates of policies that are intended to benefit the most impoverished populations are presented.

Answer:

a. Yes, estimates of all policies that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

Source:

Rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021, page 56-57

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021\\_0.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/Rapport%20LF%202021_0.pdf)

Comment:

Le projet de budget comporte un seul programme de lutte contre la pauvreté, à savoir le PAFN (programme d'appui aux familles nécessiteuses) d'un budget équivalent à 833 millions de dinars comprenant le:

- Versement d'une prime mensuelle de 180 dinars au profit de 285000 familles pauvres, augmentée de 10 dinars pour chaque enfant scolarisé.
- Prime spéciale à l'occasion de la rentrée scolaire
- Prise en charge des frais de transport pour les enfants des familles pauvres.
- Distribution de 280 mille cartes de soin gratuites.

Par ailleurs, le PLF présente un narratif sur les aides aux personnes handicapées pour créer des micro projets.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur le projet de loi de finances 2021 signale des programmes de soutien au profit des catégories défavorisées dotés d'une enveloppe budgétaire de 833 millions de dinars, tels que le Programme National d'Aide aux Familles Nécessiteuses (PNAFN) qui cible 285000 familles pauvres, le Programme de promotion sociale des personnes handicapées comprenant des aides à la création de micro-projets générateurs de revenus permanents, des subventions aux associations de prise en charge des personnes handicapées et la gestion des centres de promotion de l'enfance abandonnée, en plus de la distribution de cartes de soins, gratuits au profit de 280 000 familles ou à tarifs réduits au profit de 623 000 familles.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

53. Does the executive release to the public its timetable for formulating the Executive's Budget Proposal (that is, a document setting deadlines for submissions from other government entities, such as line ministries or subnational government, to the Ministry of Finance or whatever central government agency is in charge of coordinating the budget's formulation)?

GUIDELINES:

Question 53 asks about the budget timetable. An internal timetable is particularly important for the executive's management of the budget preparation process, in order to ensure that the executive accounts for the views of the different departments and agencies in the proposed budget. The timetable would, for instance, set deadlines for submissions from other government entities, such as line ministries or subnational government, to the Ministry of Finance or whatever central government agency is in charge of coordinating the budget's formulation. So that civil society is aware of the various steps in the budget formulation process, and when opportunities may exist to engage the executive, it is essential that this timetable be made available to the public.

To answer "a," the executive must prepare a detailed budget timetable and release it to the public. A "b" answer applies if the timetable is made public, but some details are not included. A "c" response applies if the timetable is made public, but many important details are excluded, reducing its value for those outside government. Answer "d" applies if no timetable is made available to the public. As long as a timetable for formulating the Executive's Budget Proposal is released, answer "a," "b," or "c" may be selected, even if the Executive's Budget Proposal is not made publicly available.

Answer:

a. Yes, a detailed timetable is released to the public.

Source:

-Circulaire de préparation du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2021  
<https://legislation-securite.tn/ar/node/104823>

- Arrêté du 15 mars 2019 sur le calendrier budgétaire.

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B2%D9%86%D8%A7%D9%85%D8%A9\\_%D8%A5%D8%B9%D8%AF%D8%A7%D8%AF\\_%D9%85%D8%B4%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B9\\_%D9%82%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%88%D9%86\\_%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A9\\_%D9%84%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D8%A9ATSC\\_1\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B2%D9%86%D8%A7%D9%85%D8%A9_%D8%A5%D8%B9%D8%AF%D8%A7%D8%AF_%D9%85%D8%B4%D8%B1%D9%88%D8%B9_%D9%82%D8%A7%D9%86%D9%88%D9%86_%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A9_%D9%84%D9%84%D8%B3%D9%86%D8%A9ATSC_1_1.pdf)

Comment:

Depuis 2019, le calendrier budgétaire détaillé est fixé par arrêté du ministre des finances. Le décret est disponible au public. La circulaire du ministre des finances sur la préparation du projet de budget 2021, fait référence à cet arrêté

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La circulaire du ministre des Finances en date du 14/05/2020 portant sur la préparation du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2021, ainsi que l'arrêté du ministre des Finances en date du 15/03/2019 relatif au calendrier de préparation du budget annuel, constituent le guide du processus de préparation du budget de l'Etat. Ces documents sont rendus publics et publiés sur le site officiel du ministère des finances.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

54. Does the Pre-Budget Statement present information on the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget projections are based?

(The core information must include a discussion of the economic outlook with estimates of nominal GDP level, inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates.)

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 54 focuses on the macroeconomic forecast that underlies the Pre-Budget Statement, asking whether "core" information related to the economic assumptions is presented. These core components include a discussion of the economic outlook as well as estimates of the following:*

- *nominal GDP level;*
- *inflation rate;*
- *real GDP growth; and*
- *interest rates.*

*Beyond these core elements, some governments also provide additional information related to the economic outlook, including for instance: short- and long-term interest rates; the rate of employment and unemployment; GDP deflator; price of oil and other commodities; current account; exchange rate; and composition of GDP growth.*

*To answer "a," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all of the core information related to the macroeconomic forecast as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the macroeconomic forecast is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on the macroeconomic forecast is presented.*

Answer:

d. No, information related to the macroeconomic forecast is not presented.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le rapport préalable au Budget n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: A part la circulaire du ministre des Finances en date du 14/05/2020 portant sur la préparation du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2021 et qui précise le cadre général et rappelle les principes à respecter lors de l'élaboration comme par exemple l'ordre des priorités à accorder aux projets en cours, aux engagements déjà pris par l'Etat, aucun rapport préalable contenant des informations relatives aux prévisions macroéconomiques n'est présenté, ni rendu public.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer:

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements.

Comments: real GDP growth

IBP Comment

Comme le note l'examineur gouvernemental dans les questions 55 à 58, le Rapport préalable au budget est considéré comme n'étant pas accessible au public. La réponse existante de "d" est donc maintenue.

55. Does the Pre-Budget Statement present information on the government's expenditure policies and priorities that will guide the development of detailed estimates for the upcoming budget?

(The core information must include a discussion of expenditure policies and priorities and an estimate of total expenditures.)

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 55 focuses on the government's expenditure policies and priorities in the Pre-Budget Statement, asking whether "core" information related to these policies is presented. These core components include:*

- *a discussion of expenditure policies and priorities; and*
- *an estimate of total expenditures.*

*Although a Pre-Budget Statement is unlikely to include detailed programmatic proposals (such detailed information is typically only presented in the budget itself), it should include a discussion of broad policy priorities and a projection of at least total expenditures associated with these policies for the budget year. The Pre-Budget Statement can include some detail, for instance, estimates provided by any of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications.*

*To answer "a," the Pre-Budget Statement must present for the upcoming budget year all of the core information related to the government's expenditure policies and priorities as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all of the core components noted above for the upcoming budget year. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the government's expenditure policies and priorities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on the government's expenditure policies and priorities is presented.*

Answer:

d. No, information related to the government's expenditure policies and priorities is not presented.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le rapport préalable au Budget n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Aucun rapport préalable contenant des informations relatives aux prévisions macroéconomiques n'est disponible et la circulaire du ministre des Finances en date du 14/05/2020 portant sur la préparation du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2021 se limite à préciser le cadre général et rappelle les principes à respecter lors de l'élaboration du budget.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La réponse est oui mais le RPB est produit en interne, il est juste communiqué à l'Assemblée législative.

56. Does the Pre-Budget Statement present information on the government's revenue policies and priorities that will guide the development of detailed estimates for the upcoming budget?

(The core information must include a discussion of revenue policies and priorities and an estimate of total revenues.)

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 56 focuses on the government's revenue policies and priorities in the Pre-Budget Statement, asking whether "core" information related to these policies is presented. These core components include:

- a discussion of revenue policies and priorities; and
- an estimate of total revenue.

Although a Pre-Budget Statement is unlikely to include detailed revenue proposals, it should include a discussion of broad policy priorities and a projection of at least the total revenue associated with these policies for the budget year. The Pre-Budget Statement can also include more detail, for instance, with estimates provided by revenue category – tax and non-tax – or some of the major individual sources of revenue, such as the Value Added Tax or the income tax.

To answer "a," the Pre-Budget Statement must present for the upcoming budget year all of the core information related to the government's revenue policies and priorities as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all of the core components noted above for the upcoming budget year. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the government's revenue policies and priorities is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information on the government's revenue policies and priorities is presented.

Answer:

d. No, information related to the government's revenue policies and priorities is not presented.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le rapport préalable au Budget n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il n'existe pas de rapport préalable au budget présentant des informations sur les politiques et les priorités du gouvernement en matière de revenus qui guideront l'élaboration d'estimations détaillées pour le budget 2021.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La réponse est oui mais le RPB est produit en interne, il est juste communiqué à l'Assemblée législative.

57. Does Pre-Budget Statement present three estimates related to government borrowing and debt: the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year; the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year; and interest payments on the debt for the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 57 asks whether the Pre-Budget Statement includes three key estimates related to borrowing and debt:

- the amount of net new borrowing needed in the upcoming budget year;
- the central government's total debt burden at the end of the upcoming budget year; and
- the interest payments on the outstanding debt for the upcoming budget year.

Debt is the accumulated amount of money that the government borrows. The government can borrow from its citizens, banks, and businesses within the country (domestic debt) or from creditors outside the country (external debt). External debt is typically owed to private commercial banks, other governments, or international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund.

Net new borrowing is the additional amount of new borrowing that is required for the budget year to finance expenditures in the budget that exceed available revenues. Net new borrowing adds to the accumulated debt. It is distinct from gross borrowing, which also includes borrowing needed to repay existing debt that matured during the budget year; debt that is replaced (or rolled over) does not add to the total of accumulated debt. For the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.

Interest payments on the debt (or debt service costs) are typically made at regular intervals, and these payments must be made on a timely basis in order to

avoid defaulting on the debt obligation. Interest payments are separate from the repayment of principal, which occurs only when the loan has matured and must be paid back in full.

To answer "a," the Pre-Budget Statement must present all three estimates of borrowing and debt for at least the upcoming budget year. For a "b" answer, the Pre-Budget Statement must present two of those three estimates. For a "c" answer, the PBS must present one of the three estimates. Answer "d" applies if no information on borrowing and debt is presented in the PBS.

Answer:

d. No, none of the three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are not presented.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le rapport préalable au Budget n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il n'existe pas de rapport préalable au budget présentant les estimations relatives aux emprunts et à la dette du gouvernement .

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La réponse est oui mais le RPB est produit en interne, il est juste communiqué à l'Assemblée législative.

58. Does the Pre-Budget Statement present estimates of total expenditures for a multi-year period (at least two-years beyond the budget year)?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 58 asks about multi-year expenditure estimates in the Pre-Budget Statement.*

*To answer "a," expenditure estimates for at least two years beyond the upcoming budget year must be presented. The estimates must be for at least total expenditures, but could include more detail than just the aggregate total.*

Answer:

b. No, multi-year expenditure estimates are not presented.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le rapport préalable au Budget n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il n'existe pas de rapport préalable au budget qui présente des estimations des dépenses totales pour une période pluriannuelle.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La réponse est oui mais le RPB est produit en interne, il est juste communiqué à l'Assemblée législative.

59. Does the Enacted Budget present expenditure estimates by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 59 asks if expenditure estimates in the Enacted Budget are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications – which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. Unlike classification by administrative unit, which tends to be unique to each country, functional and economic classifications for*

government budgeting have been developed and standardized by international institutions. Cross-country comparisons are facilitated by adherence to these international classification standards.

To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present expenditure estimates by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," expenditure estimates must be presented by two of the three classifications. A "c" answer applies if expenditure estimates are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if expenditure estimates are not presented by any of the three classifications.

Answer:

b. Yes, the Enacted Budget presents expenditure estimates by two of the three expenditure classifications.

Source:

Loi de finances pour l'année 2020

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi\\_finances\\_2020\\_fr.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi_finances_2020_fr.pdf)

Comment:

Le tableau annexe (pages 21-25) fournit une présentation de toutes les dépenses selon une classification économique et administrative

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: De même, la loi de finances pour l'année 2021 présente, dans les tableaux figurant dans les pages de 21 à 24, toutes les prévisions de dépenses selon la classification économique et administrative. Source, le site officiel du ministère des finances

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-02/1%20%282%29.pdf> (version Arabe).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

59b. Based on the response to Question 59, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications are included in the Enacted Budget:

Answer:

Administrative classification

Economic classification

Source:

Loi de finances pour l'année 2020

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi\\_finances\\_2020\\_fr.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi_finances_2020_fr.pdf)

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: De même, la loi de finances pour l'année 2021 présente, dans les tableaux figurant dans les pages de 21 à 24, toutes les prévisions de dépenses selon la classification économique et administrative. Source, le site officiel du ministère des finances

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-02/1%20%282%29.pdf> (version Arabe).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

60. Does the Enacted Budget present expenditure estimates for individual programs?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 60 asks if expenditure estimates in the Enacted Budget are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department.

*A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable detaillé. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)*

*To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present all programs, which account for all expenditures, in the budget year. To answer "b," the Enacted Budget must present expenditures for individual programs that when combined account for at least two-thirds of expenditures, but not all expenditures. A "c" answer applies if the Enacted Budget presents programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program in the Enacted Budget.*

Answer:

a. Yes, the Enacted Budget presents estimates for programs accounting for all expenditures.

Source:

Loi de finances pour l'année 2020; page 21-25

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi\\_finances\\_2020\\_fr.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi_finances_2020_fr.pdf)

Comment:

Le tableau (pages 21-25) fournit une présentation de toutes les dépenses par programme respectivement pour chaque unité administrative (ce n'était pas le cas pour l'OBS 2019)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: De même, la loi de finances pour l'année 2021 présente, dans les tableaux figurant dans les pages de 21 à 24, toutes les prévisions de dépenses par programme respectivement pour chaque unité administrative. Source, le site officiel du ministère des finances

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-02/1%20%282%29.pdf> (version Arabe).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

61. Does the Enacted Budget present revenue estimates by category (such as tax and non-tax)?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 61 asks whether revenue estimates in the Enacted Budget are presented by "category"— that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately.*

*To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present revenue estimates classified by category.*

Answer:

a. Yes, the Enacted Budget presents revenue estimates by category.

Source:

Loi de finances pour l'année 2020

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi\\_finances\\_2020\\_fr.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi_finances_2020_fr.pdf)

Comment:

Le tableau (pages 16-19) donne une présentation de toutes les prévisions de recettes par catégorie et par source individuelle de revenu.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: De même, la loi de finances pour l'année 2021 présente, dans les tableaux figurant dans les pages de 16 à 19, toutes les prévisions de recettes par catégorie. Source, le site officiel du ministère des finances <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-02/1%20%282%29.pdf> (version Arabe).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree



62. Does the Enacted Budget present individual sources of revenue?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 62 asks whether revenue estimates for individual sources of revenue are presented in the Enacted Budget. The question applies to both tax and non-tax revenue.*

*To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present all individual sources of revenue, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. To answer "b," the Enacted Budget must present individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Enacted Budget presents individual sources of revenue that account for less than two-thirds of revenues. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of revenue are not presented.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, the Enacted Budget presents individual sources of revenue accounting for all revenue.

**Source:**

Loi de finances pour l'année 2020

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi\\_finances\\_2020\\_fr.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi_finances_2020_fr.pdf)

**Comment:**

Le tableau (pages 16-19) donne une présentation de toutes les prévisions de recettes par catégorie et par source individuelle de revenu.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: De même, la loi de finances pour l'année 2021 présente, dans les tableaux figurant dans les pages de 16 à 19, toutes les prévisions de recettes par source individuelle de revenu. Source, le site officiel du ministère des finances <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-02/1%20%282%29.pdf> (version Arabe).

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

63. Does the Enacted Budget present three estimates related to government borrowing and debt: the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year; the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year; and interest payments on the debt for the budget year?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 63 asks about three key estimates related to borrowing and debt:*

- *the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year;*
- *the total debt outstanding at the end of the budget year;*
- *the interest payments on the outstanding debt for the budget year.*

*Debt is the accumulated amount of money that the government borrows. The government can borrow from its citizens, banks, and businesses within the country (domestic debt) or from creditors outside the country (external debt). External debt is typically owed to private commercial banks, other governments, or international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund.*

*Net new borrowing is the additional amount of new borrowing that is required for the budget year to finance expenditures in the budget that exceed available revenues. Net new borrowing adds to the accumulated debt. It is distinct from gross borrowing, which also includes borrowing needed to repay existing debt that matured during the budget year; debt that is replaced (or rolled over) does not add to the total of accumulated debt. For the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.*

*Interest payments on the debt (or debt service costs) are typically made at regular intervals, and these payments must be made on a timely basis in order to avoid defaulting on the debt obligation. Interest payments are separate from the repayment of principal, which occurs only when the loan has matured and must be paid back in full.*

*To answer "a," the Enacted Budget must present all three estimates of borrowing and debt. For a "b" answer, the Enacted Budget must present two of those three estimates. For a "c" answer, the Enacted Budget must present one of the three estimates. Answer "d" applies if no information on borrowing and debt is presented in the Enacted Budget.*

Answer:

c. Yes, one of the three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are presented.

Source:

Loi de finances pour l'année 2020, page 2

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi\\_finances\\_2020\\_fr.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Loi_finances_2020_fr.pdf)

Comment:

Le tableau de la page 2 présente uniquement une estimation des ressources d'emprunt pour l'année 2020.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: De même, la loi de finances pour l'année 2021 présente, dans la pages 2, une estimation des ressources d'emprunt pour l'année 2021.

Source, le site officiel du ministère des finances <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-02/1%20%282%29.pdf> (version Arabe).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

64. What information is provided in the Citizens Budget?

(The core information must include expenditure and revenue totals, the main policy initiatives in the budget, the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget is based, and contact information for follow-up by citizens.)

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 64 focuses on the content of the Citizens Budget, asking whether "core" information is presented. These core components include:*

- *expenditure and revenue totals;*
- *the main policy initiatives in the budget;*
- *the macroeconomic forecast upon which the budget is based; and*
- *contact information for follow-up by citizens.*

*To answer "a," the Citizens Budget or supporting documentation must present all of the above core information as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," the Citizens Budget must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if the Citizens Budget includes some of the core components above, but other core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if a Citizens Budget is not published.*

Answer:

a. The Citizens Budget provides information beyond the core elements.

Source:

Budget Citoyen pour l'année 2020

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget\\_Citoyen\\_2020.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget_Citoyen_2020.pdf)

Comment:

Au niveau de la page 2 sont présentées les hypothèses macroéconomiques sur lesquelles est basé le Budget. Les pages 9-12 présentent une répartition détaillée des recettes et des dépenses. Les pages 4-5 présentent les principales orientations politiques du budget. On trouve enfin les contacts pour demande d'information au niveau de la dernière page du document. Au delà de ces informations clés, le BC présente également une définition simplifiée du budget et de la loi de finances, ainsi qu'une présentation des principaux projets/programmes prévus avec les prévisions de dépenses associées (page 6 et 7)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: De même, le Budget Citoyen pour l'année 2021 présente des détails explicatifs sur le site officiel du ministère des Finances,

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-03/Budget%20Citoyen%202021%20FR.pdf>

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

65. How is the Citizens Budget disseminated to the public?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 65 asks how the Citizens Budget is disseminated to the public. Citizens Budgets should be made available to a variety of audiences. Therefore paper versions and an Internet posting of a document might not be sufficient.*

*To answer "a," the executive must use three or more different types of creative media tools to reach the largest possible share of the population, including those who otherwise would not normally have access to budget documents or information. Dissemination would also be pursued at the very local level, so that the coverage is targeted both by geographic area and population group (e.g., women, elderly, low income, urban, rural, etc.). Option "b" applies if significant dissemination efforts are made through a combination of two means of communications, for instance, both posting the Citizens Budget on the executive's official website and distributing printed copies of it. Option "c" applies if the Citizens Budget is disseminated through only posting on the executive's official website. Option "d" applies when the executive does not publish a Citizens Budget.*

**Answer:**

c. A Citizens Budget is disseminated only by using one means of dissemination.

**Source:**

NS

**Comment:**

Le document est disséminé uniquement via le site web du Ministère des Finances.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le site officiel du ministère des Finances qui dissémine le Budget Citoyen. <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-03/Budget%20Citoyen%202021%20FR.pdf>

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

66. Has the executive established mechanisms to identify the public's requirements for budget information prior to publishing the Citizens Budget?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 66 asks whether the executive has established mechanisms to identify the public's requirements for budget information before publishing a Citizens Budget. What the public wants to know about the budget might differ from the information the executive includes in technical documents that comprise the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget; similarly, different perspectives might exist on how the budget should be presented, and this may vary depending on the context. For this reason the executive should consult with the public on the content and presentation of the Citizens Budget.*

*To answer "a," the executive must have established mechanisms to consult with the public, and these mechanisms for consultation are both accessible and widely used by the public. Such mechanisms can include focus groups, social networks, surveys, hotlines, and meetings/events in universities or other locations where people gather to discuss public issues. In countries where Citizens Budgets are consistently produced and released, it may be sufficient for the government to provide the public with contact information and feedback opportunities, and subsequently use the feedback to improve its management of public resources.*

*Option "b" applies if the executive has established mechanisms for consultation that are accessible to the public, but that the public nonetheless does not use frequently. That is, the public does not typically engage with the executive on the content of the Citizens Budget, even though the executive has created opportunities for such consultation. Option "c" applies if the executive has established mechanism for consultation with the public, but they are poorly designed and thus not accessible to the public. Option "d" applies if the executive has not created any mechanisms to seek feedback from the public on the content of the Citizens Budget.*

**Answer:**

d. No, the executive has not established any mechanisms to identify the public's requirements for budget information in the Citizen's Budget.

**Source:**

NS

**Comment:**

Le MF n'a établi aucun mécanisme pour identifier les besoins du public en matières d'informations budgétaires.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il n'existe aucun mécanisme pour identifier les besoins du public en matière d'informations budgétaires avant de publier le Budget des citoyens.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

67. Are "citizens" versions of budget documents published throughout the budget process?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 67 asks if "citizens" versions of budget documents are published throughout the budget process. While the Citizens Budget was initially conceived as a simplified version of the Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, good practice is now evolving and suggests that a "citizens" version of key budget documents should be produced during each of the four phases of the budget cycle. This would serve to inform citizens of the state of public financial management throughout the entire budget cycle.*

*To answer "a," a citizens version of at least one budget document is published for each of the four stages of the budget process (budget formulation, enactment, execution, and audit) – for a total of at least four citizens budget documents throughout the process. Option "b" applies if a citizens version of a budget document is published for at least two of the four stages of the budget process. Option "c" applies if a citizens version of a budget document is published for at least one of the four stages of the budget process. Select option "d" if no "citizens" version of budget documents is published.*

Answer:

c. A citizens version of budget documents is published for at least one stage of the budget process.

Source:

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget\\_Citoyen\\_2020.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-02/Budget_Citoyen_2020.pdf)

Comment:

Une seule version du Budget des Citoyens est publiée. Elle concerne le budget approuvé.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Une version citoyenne des documents budgétaires est publiée pour au moins une étape du processus budgétaire qui est celle du budget après son approbation.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

68. Do the In-Year Reports present actual expenditures by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 68 asks if expenditure estimates in In-Year Reports are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications – which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above.*

*Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. Unlike classification by administrative unit, which tends to be unique to each country, functional and economic classifications for government budgeting have been developed and standardized by international institutions. Cross-country comparisons are facilitated by adherence to these international classification standards.*

*To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present actual expenditures by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," actual expenditures must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if actual expenditures are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if actual expenditures are not presented by any of the three classifications in In-Year Reports.*

Answer:

c. Yes, the In-Year Reports present actual expenditures by only one of the three expenditure classifications.

Source:

Résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat à fin septembre 2020, page 9

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29_2.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport d'exécution présente les dépenses uniquement selon une classification économique.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les rapports en cours d'année sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat présentent les dépenses réelles selon une seule classification.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

68b. Based on the response to Question 68, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications are included in the In-Year Reports:

Answer:

Economic classification

Source:

Résultats Provisoires de l'Exécution du Budget de l'Etat à fin Septembre 2020. Page 9

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29_2.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport d'exécution présente les dépenses uniquement selon une classification économique.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les rapports en cours d'année sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat présentent les dépenses réelles selon la classification économique.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

69. Do the In-Year Reports present actual expenditures for individual programs?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 69 asks if expenditure estimates in In-Year Reports are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department.*

*A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable détaillé. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)*

*To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present actual expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures. To answer "b," In-Year Reports must present actual expenditures for individual programs that when combined account for at least two-thirds of expenditures, but not all expenditures. A "c" answer applies if In-Year Reports present actual expenditures for programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if actual expenditures are not presented by program in In-Year Reports.*

Answer:

d. No, the In-Year Reports do not present actual expenditures by program.

Source:

Résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat

Comment:

Le rapport d'exécution ne présente pas une répartition des dépenses par programme.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les rapports en cours d'année sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat ne présentent pas les dépenses par programme.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

70. Do the In-Year Reports compare actual year-to-date expenditures with either the original estimate for that period (based on the enacted budget) or the same period in the previous year?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 70 asks whether In-Year Reports compare actual expenditures to-date with either the enacted levels or actual expenditures for the same period in the previous year.*

*The OECD recommends that the reports contain the total year-to-date expenditures in a format that allows for a comparison with the budget's forecast expenditures (based on enacted levels) for the same period.*

*To answer "a," comparisons must be made for expenditures presented in the In-Year Reports*

Answer:

a. Yes, comparisons are made for expenditures presented in the In-Year Reports.

Source:

Résultats Provisoires de l'Exécution du Budget de l'Etat à fin Septembre 2020. Page 9

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29_2.pdf)

[12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29_2.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport présente une comparaison des dépenses effectives avec les niveaux de dépenses effectuées à fin septembre 2019

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les rapports en cours d'année sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat présentent une comparaison des dépenses réelles avec l'estimation initiale pour la période en question, basée sur le budget adopté ou la même période de l'année précédente.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

71. Do In-Year Reports present actual revenue by category (such as tax and non-tax)?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Questions 71 asks whether In-Year Reports present actual revenues by "category"— that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately.*

*To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present revenue estimates classified by category.*

Answer:

a. Yes, In-Year Reports present actual revenue by category.

Source:  
Résultats Provisoires de l'Exécution du Budget de l'Etat à fin Septembre 2020. Page (6-8)

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29_2.pdf)

Comment:  
Le rapport présente la répartition des recettes fiscales par catégorie.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les rapports en cours d'année sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat présentent la répartition des recettes fiscales par catégorie.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

72. Do In-Year Reports present the individual sources of revenue for actual revenues collected?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 72 asks whether In-Year Reports present actual collections of individual sources of revenue (such as income taxes, VAT, etc.). The question applies to both tax and non-tax revenue.*

*To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present actual collections for all individual sources of revenue, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. To answer "b," In-Year Reports must present actual collections for individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue collected, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if In-Year Reports present individual sources of actual revenue that account for less than two-thirds of all revenue collected. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of actual revenue are not presented.*

Answer:

a. Yes, In-Year Reports present individual sources of actual revenue accounting for all revenue.

Source:

Résultats Provisoires de l'Exécution du Budget de l'Etat à fin Septembre 2020. Pages 6, 7 et 8

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20%281%29_2.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport présente les sources individuelles de toutes les recettes (Impôt sur le revenu, Impôts sur les Sociétés, TVA, Taxes à la consommation, Droits de douane, etc)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les rapports en cours d'année sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat présentent les sources individuelles de toutes les recettes.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

73. Do the In-Year Reports compare actual year-to-date revenues with either the original estimate for that period (based on the enacted budget) or the same period in the previous year?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 73 asks whether In-Year Reports compare actual revenues to-date with either the enacted levels or actual revenues for the same period in the previous year.*

*The OECD recommends that the reports contain the total year-to-date revenues in a format that allows for a comparison with the budget's forecast revenues (based on enacted levels) for the same period.*

To answer "a," comparisons must be made for revenues presented in the In-Year Reports.

Answer:

a. Yes, comparisons are made for revenues presented in the In-Year Reports.

Source:

Résultats Provisoires de l'Exécution du Budget de l'Etat à fin Septembre 2020. Pages 6, 7 et 8

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20281%29_2.pdf)

[12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20281%29_2.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport d'exécution du budget de l'Etat en cours d'année présente à fin septembre 2020 les revenus collectés et les comparent avec ceux de la même période de l'année précédente.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les rapports en cours d'année sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat présentent les revenus collectés en comparaison avec ceux de la même période de l'année précédente.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

74. Do In-Year Reports present three estimates related to actual government borrowing and debt: the amount of net new borrowing; the total debt outstanding; and interest payments?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 74 asks about three key estimates related to borrowing and debt:*

- *the amount of net new borrowing so far during the year;*
- *the central government's total debt burden at that point in the year; and*
- *the interest payments to-date on the outstanding debt.*

*Debt is the accumulated amount of money that the government borrows. The government can borrow from its citizens and banks and businesses within the country (domestic debt) or from creditors outside the country (external debt). External debt is typically owed to private commercial banks, other governments, or international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund.*

*Net new borrowing is the additional amount of new borrowing that is required for the budget year to finance expenditures in the budget that exceed available revenues. Net new borrowing adds to the accumulated debt. It is distinct from gross borrowing, which also includes borrowing needed to repay existing debt that matured during the budget year; debt that is replaced (or rolled over) does not add to the total of accumulated debt. For the purposes of this question, the deficit may be accepted as a proxy for net new borrowing.*

*Interest payments on the debt (or debt service costs) are typically made at regular intervals, and these payments must be made on a timely basis in order to avoid defaulting on the debt obligation. Interest payments are separate from the repayment of principal, which occurs only when the loan has matured and must be paid back in full.*

*To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present all three estimates of borrowing and debt. For a "b" answer, In-Year Reports must present two of those three estimates. For a "c" answer, IYRs must present one of the three estimates. Answer "d" applies if no information on borrowing and debt is presented in In-Year Reports.*

Answer:

a. Yes, all three estimates related to government borrowing and debt are presented.

Source:

Résultats Provisoires de l'Exécution du Budget de l'Etat à fin Septembre 2020. Page 8 et page 10

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20281%29_2.pdf)

[12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20281%29_2.pdf)

Comment:



Le tableau de la page 8 présente, entre autres, le total de la dette contractée à fin septembre 2020.  
Le tableau de la page 10 présente, entre autres, l'encours de la dette publique à fin septembre 2020, ainsi que les dépenses au titre de paiement des intérêts.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les rapports en cours d'année sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat présentent le total de la dette contractée à la date en question, l'encours de la dette publique ainsi que les dépenses au titre de paiement des intérêts.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

75. Do In-Year Reports present information related to the composition of the total actual debt outstanding?

(The core information must include interest rates on the debt instruments; maturity profile of the debt; and whether it is domestic or external debt.)

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 75 focuses on the composition of government debt, asking whether "core" information related to its composition is presented. These core components include:*

- *interest rates on the debt;*
- *maturity profile of the debt; and*
- *whether the debt is domestic or external.*

*The interest rates affect the amount of interest that must be paid to creditors. The maturity profile indicates the final payment date of the loan, at which point the principal (and all remaining interest) is due to be paid; government borrowing typically includes a mix of short-term and long-term debt. As discussed in Question 74, domestic debt is held by a country's citizens and banks and businesses, while external debt is held by foreigners. These factors related to the composition of the debt give an indication of the potential vulnerability of the country's debt position, and ultimately whether the cost of servicing the accumulated debt is affordable.*

*Beyond these core elements, a government may also provide additional information related to the composition of its debt, including for instance: whether interest rates are fixed or variable; whether debt is callable; the currency of the debt; a profile of the creditors (bilateral institutions, multilateral institutions, commercial banks, Central Bank, etc.); an analysis of the risk associated with the debt; and where appropriate, what the debt is being used to finance.*

*To answer "a," In-Year Reports must present all of the core information related to the composition of government debt to-date as well as some additional information beyond the core elements. To answer "b," In-Year Reports must present all of the core components noted above. Answer "b" is also accepted if one of the core elements is not presented but additional information beyond the core elements is presented. A "c" answer applies if some information related to the composition of government debt is presented, but some of the core pieces of information are not included. Answer "d" applies if no information is presented on the composition of the debt outstanding in In-Year Reports.*

Answer:

c. Yes, information is presented, but it excludes some core elements.

Source:

Résultats Provisoires de l'Exécution du Budget de l'Etat à fin Septembre 2020. Page 10

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20281%29\\_2.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-12/R%C3%A9sultats%20provisoires%20de%20l%27ex%C3%A9cution%20du%20Budget%20C3%A0%20fin%20septembre%202020%20281%29_2.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport présente uniquement l'encours de la dette, qu'il s'agisse d'une dette extérieure ou intérieure.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les rapports en cours d'année sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat présentent le total de l'encours de la dette, intérieure et extérieure.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

76. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget include an updated macroeconomic forecast for the budget year underway?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 76 asks whether the Mid-Year Review includes an updated macroeconomic forecast for the budget year underway, and provides an explanation of the update.*

*Refer to Question 15 for the components of the macroeconomic forecast presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal.*

*To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must include an updated macroeconomic forecast and explain all of the differences between the initial forecast presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal and the updated forecast. The explanation must include at least estimates of all differences; a narrative discussion is desirable but not required if estimates of all the differences are provided. To answer "b," the macroeconomic forecast must be updated, but only some of the differences between the initial and updated forecasts are explained. The explanation would be more limited, such as only a narrative discussion of the differences or estimates covering only some of the differences. A "c" response applies if the Mid-Year Review includes an updated macroeconomic forecast, but does not provide an explanation for the revisions. A "d" response applies if the macroeconomic forecast has not been updated.*

Answer:

d. No, the estimates for macroeconomic forecast have not been updated.

Source:

NS

Comment:

La revue en milieu d'année n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer:

b. Yes, the estimates for macroeconomic forecast have been updated, and an explanation of some of the differences between the original and updated forecasts is presented.

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat 2020 en milieu d'année présente les estimations pour les prévisions macroéconomiques mises à jour relatifs à certains indicateurs: Taux de croissance du Plb, Taux d'inflation,.... Le dit-rapport est disponible sur le site officiel du ministère des Finances (version Arabe, Pages 5-8). <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8>

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur pair est bien noté. Étant donné que le MYR a été évalué comme n'étant pas accessible au public dans la section 1 (questions MYR-1 à MYR-8), selon la méthodologie de l'OBS, la réponse « D » doit être sélectionnée pour cet indicateur. La réponse existante est donc maintenue.

77. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget include updated expenditure estimates for the budget year underway?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 77 asks whether the Mid-Year Review includes updated estimates of expenditure for the budget year underway, and provides an explanation of the update. Please note that year-to-date expenditures as assessed in Question 70 do not qualify as updated estimates of expenditure for the purposes of this indicator.*

*To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must include updated expenditure estimates and explain all of the differences between the initial levels presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal (or the Enacted Budget) and the updated estimates. The explanation must include at least estimates of all differences; a narrative discussion is desirable but not required if estimates of all the differences are provided. The expenditure estimates must be updated, but only some of the differences between the initial and updated estimates are explained. The explanation would be more limited, such as only a narrative discussion of the differences or estimates covering only some of the differences. A "c" response applies if the Mid-Year Review includes updated expenditure estimates, but does not provide an explanation for the revisions. A "d" response applies if the expenditure estimates have not been updated.*

Answer:

d. No, expenditure estimates have not been updated.

Source:

NS

Comment:

La revue en milieu d'année n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer:

b. Yes, expenditure estimates have been updated, and an explanation of some of the differences between the original and updated expenditure estimates is presented.

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat 2020 en milieu d'année présente des estimations de dépenses mises à jour en y apportant certaines explications concernant les écarts enregistrés. Le dit-rapport est disponible sur le site officiel du ministère des Finances (version Arabe, pages 17-25) <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8.pdf>

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur pair est bien noté. Étant donné que le MYR a été évalué comme n'étant pas accessible au public dans la section 1 (questions MYR-1 à MYR-8), selon la méthodologie de l'OBS, la réponse « D » doit être sélectionnée pour cet indicateur. La réponse existante est donc maintenue.

78. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget present updated expenditure estimates for the budget year underway by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 78 asks if expenditure estimates for the budget year underway in the Mid-Year Review are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications – which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above. Please note that year-to-date expenditures as assessed in Question 70 do not qualify as updated estimates of expenditure for the purposes of this indicator.*

*Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. Unlike classification by administrative unit, which tends to be unique to each country, functional and economic classifications for government budgeting have been developed and standardized by international institutions. Cross-country comparisons are facilitated by adherence to these international classification standards.*

*To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must present expenditure estimates by all three of the expenditure classifications. To answer "b," expenditure estimates must be presented by two of these three classifications. A "c" answer applies if expenditure estimates are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" applies if expenditure estimates are not presented by any of the three classifications in the Mid-Year Review.*

Answer:

d. No, the Mid-Year Review does not present expenditure estimates by any expenditure classification.

Source:

NS

Comment:

La revue en milieu d'année n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer:

c. Yes, the Mid-Year Review presents expenditure estimates by only one of the three expenditure classifications.

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat 2020 en milieu d'année présente des estimations de dépenses mises à jour selon la classification économique. Le dit-rapport est disponible sur le site officiel du ministère des Finances (version Arabe, pages 17, 18, 22 et 24) <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8.pdf>

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur pair est bien noté. Étant donné que le MYR a été évalué comme n'étant pas accessible au public dans la section 1 (questions MYR-1 à MYR-8), selon la méthodologie de l'OBS, la réponse « D » doit être sélectionnée pour cet indicateur. La réponse existante est donc maintenue.

78b. Based on the response to Question 78, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications are included in the Mid-Year Review:

Answer:  
None of the above

Source:  
NS

Comment:  
La revue en milieu d'année n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer: Le rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat 2020 en milieu d'année présente des estimations de dépenses mises à jour selon la classification économique. Le dit-rapport est disponible sur le site officiel du ministère des Finances (version Arabe, pages 17, 18, 22 et 24) <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8.pdf>

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur pair est bien noté. Étant donné que le MYR a été évalué comme n'étant pas accessible au public dans la section 1 (questions MYR-1 à MYR-8), selon la méthodologie de l'OBS, la réponse « None of the above » doit être sélectionnée pour cet indicateur. La réponse existante est donc maintenue.

79. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget present updated expenditure estimates for the budget year underway for individual programs?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 79 asks if expenditure estimates in the Mid-Year Review are presented by program for the budget year underway. Please note that year-to-date expenditures as assessed in Question 70 do not qualify as updated estimates of expenditure for the purposes of this indicator.*

*A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable detaillé. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)*

*To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must present expenditures for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures. To answer "b," the Mid-Year Review must present expenditures for individual programs that when combined account for at least two-thirds of expenditures, but not all expenditures. A "c" answer applies if the Mid-Year Review presents programs that account for less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" applies if expenditures are not presented by program in the Mid-Year Review.*

Answer:  
d. No, the Mid-Year Review does not present expenditure estimates by program.

Source:  
NS

Comment:  
La revue en milieu d'année n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat 2020 en milieu d'année ne présente pas des estimations de

dépenses mises à jour par programme.

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur pair est bien noté. Cependant, le MYR a été évalué comme n'étant pas accessible au public dans la section 1 (questions MYR-1 à MYR-8).

80. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget include updated revenue estimates for the budget year underway?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 80 asks whether the Mid-Year Review includes updated estimates of revenue for the budget year underway, and provides an explanation of the update. Please note that year-to-date revenues as assessed in Question 73 do not qualify as updated estimates of revenue for the purposes of this indicator.*

*To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must include updated revenue estimates and explain all of the differences between the initial levels presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal (or the Enacted Budget) and the updated estimates. The explanation must include at least estimates of all differences; a narrative discussion is desirable but not required if estimates of all the differences are provided. To answer "b," the revenue estimates must be updated, but only some of the differences between the initial and updated estimates are explained. The explanation would be more limited, such as only a narrative discussion of the differences or estimates covering only some of the differences. A "c" response applies if the Mid-Year Review includes updated revenue estimates, but no explanation for the revisions is provided. A "d" response applies if the revenue estimates have not been updated.*

Answer:

d. No, revenue estimates have not been updated.

Source:

NS

Comment:

La revue en milieu d'année n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer:

a. Yes, revenue estimates have been updated, and an explanation of all of the differences between the original and updated revenue estimates is presented.

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat 2020 en milieu d'année présente des estimations des revenus et des explications des écarts enregistrés. Le dit-rapport est disponible sur le site officiel du ministère des Finances (version Arabe, pages 7-15)

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8.pdf>

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examineur pair est bien noté. Étant donné que le MYR a été évalué comme n'étant pas accessible au public dans la section 1 (questions MYR-1 à MYR-8), selon la méthodologie de l'OBS, la réponse « D » doit être sélectionnée pour cet indicateur. La réponse existante est donc maintenue.

81. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget present updated revenue estimates for the budget year underway by category (such as tax and non-tax)?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 81 asks whether revenue estimates for the budget year underway in the Mid-Year Review are presented by "category"— that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately. Please note that year-to-date revenues as assessed in Question 73 do not qualify as updated estimates of revenue for the purposes of this indicator.*

*To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must present revenue estimates classified by category.*

Answer:

b. No, the Mid-Year Review does not present revenue estimates by category.

Source:

NS

Comment:

La revue en milieu d'année n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer:

a. Yes, the Mid-Year Review presents revenue estimates by category.

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat 2020 en milieu d'année présente des estimations des revenus par catégorie. Le dit-rapport est disponible sur le site officiel du ministère des Finances (version Arabe, pages 9-15)

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8.pdf)

[10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8.pdf)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examinateur pair est bien noté. Étant donné que le MYR a été évalué comme n'étant pas accessible au public dans la section 1 (questions MYR-1 à MYR-8), selon la méthodologie de l'OBS, la réponse « B » doit être sélectionnée pour cet indicateur. La réponse existante est donc maintenue.

82. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget present updated individual sources of revenue for the budget year underway?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 82 asks whether revenue estimates for individual sources of revenue for the budget year underway are presented in the Mid-Year Review. Please note that year-to-date revenues as assessed in Question 73 do not qualify as updated estimates of revenue for the purposes of this indicator.*

*To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must present all sources of revenue individually, accounting for all revenues, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. To answer "b," the Mid-Year Review must present individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue, but not all revenue. A "c" answer applies if the Mid-Year Review presents estimates of individual revenue sources that account for less than two-thirds of revenue. Answer "d" applies if individual sources of revenue are not presented in the Mid-Year Review.*

Answer:

d. No, the Mid-Year Review does not present individual sources of revenue.

Source:

NS

Comment:

La revue en milieu d'année n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer:

a. Yes, the Mid-Year Review presents individual sources of revenue accounting for all revenue.

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat 2020 en milieu d'année présente des estimations de tous les revenus. Le dit-rapport est disponible sur le site officiel du ministère des Finances (version Arabe, pages 7-15)

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8.pdf)

[10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8.pdf)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examinateur pair est bien noté. Étant donné que le MYR a été évalué comme n'étant pas accessible au public dans la section 1 (questions MYR-1 à MYR-8), selon la méthodologie de l'OBS, la réponse « D » doit être sélectionnée pour cet indicateur. La réponse existante est donc maintenue.

83. Does the Mid-Year Review of the budget include updated estimates of government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the budget year underway?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 83 asks whether the Mid-Year Review includes updated estimates of borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the budget year underway, and provides an explanation of the update.*

*Refer to Question 13 for details on estimates in the Executive's Budget Proposal of borrowing and debt. Key estimates related to borrowing and debt include:*

- *The amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year;*
- *The central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year; and*
- *The interest payments on the outstanding debt for the budget year.*

*Refer to Question 14 for details on estimates in the Executive's Budget Proposal related to the composition of the debt. Core information related to the composition of government debt include:*

- *interest rates on the debt;*
- *maturity profile of the debt; and*
- *whether the debt is domestic or external.*

*To answer "a," the Mid-Year Review must include an updated estimates of borrowing and debt, including its composition, and explain all of the differences between the initial estimates presented in the Executive's Budget Proposal (or Enacted Budget) and the updated estimates. The explanation must include at least estimates of all differences; a narrative discussion is desirable but not required if estimates of all the differences are provided. To answer "b," the estimates of borrowing and debt must be updated, but only some of the differences between the initial and updated estimates are explained. The explanation would be more limited, such as only a narrative discussion of the differences or estimates covering only some of the differences. A "c" response applies if the Mid-Year Review includes updated estimates, but no explanation for the revisions is provided. A "d" response applies if the estimates of borrowing and debt have not been updated.*

Answer:

d. No, estimates of government borrowing and debt have not been updated.

Source:

NS

Comment:

La revue en milieu d'année n'est pas disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer:

b. Yes, estimates of government borrowing and debt have been updated, and information on some of the differences between the original and updated estimates is presented.

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget de l'Etat 2020 en milieu d'année présente des estimations de l'emprunt et de la dette publique. Le dit-rapport est disponible sur le site officiel du ministère des Finances (version Arabe, pages 15 et 16)

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-10/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D8%B5%D9%81%20%D8%A7%D9%84%D8.pdf>

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examinateur pair est bien noté. Étant donné que le MYR a été évalué comme n'étant pas accessible au public dans la section 1 (questions MYR-1 à MYR-8), selon la méthodologie de l'OBS, la réponse « D » doit être sélectionnée pour cet indicateur. La réponse existante est donc maintenue.

84. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the enacted levels (including in-year changes approved by the legislature) and the actual outcome for expenditures?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 84 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and actual expenditures for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for all expenditures, along with a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if estimates of the differences for all expenditures are presented, but a narrative discussion is not included. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences are presented for some, but not all expenditures, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. Answer "d" if no estimates of the differences are presented in the Year-End Report*

**Answer:**

b. Yes, estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for all expenditures are presented, but a narrative discussion is not included.

**Source:**

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019, page 16-20

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

**Comment:**

Les tableaux figurant aux pages précitées présentent les différences entre les dépenses effectives à fin 2019 et celles prévues par la loi de finances complémentaire pour l'année 2019. Ces informations ne sont pas accompagnées par un narratif explicatif. Les narratifs existants expliquent les différences par rapport au niveau de dépenses à fin 2018

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats de l'exécution du budget à fin 2019 présente les différences entre les dépenses effectives de l'année en question par rapport aux prévisions de la loi des finances complémentaire pour l'année 2019.

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

85. Does the Year-End Report present expenditure estimates by any of the three expenditure classifications (by administrative, economic, or functional classification)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 85 asks if expenditure estimates in the Year-End Report are presented by any one of the three expenditure classifications – by administrative, economic, and functional classifications – which were addressed in Questions 1-5 above. Each of the classifications answers a different question: administrative unit indicates who spends the money; functional classification shows for what purpose is the money spent; and economic classification displays what the money is spent on. Unlike classification by administrative unit, which tends to be unique to each country, functional and economic classifications for government budgeting have been developed and standardized by international institutions. Cross-country comparisons are facilitated by adherence to these international classification standards.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present expenditure estimates by all three of the expenditure classifications. Answer "b" if expenditure estimates are presented by two of these three classifications. Answer "c" if expenditure estimates are presented by one of the three classifications. Answer "d" if expenditure estimates are not presented by any of the three classifications in the Year-End Report.*

**Answer:**

c. Yes, the Year-End Report presents expenditure estimates by only one of the three expenditure classifications.

**Source:**

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019, page 16-20

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

**Comment:**

Les dépenses sont présentées uniquement selon une classification économique.



Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats de l'exécution du budget à fin 2019 présente les dépenses réalisées selon la classification économique seulement.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

85b. Based on the response to Question 85, check the box(es) to identify which expenditure classifications are included in the Year-End Report:

Answer:

Economic classification

Source:

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019, page 16-20

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

[11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

Les dépenses sont présentées uniquement selon une classification économique.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats de l'exécution du budget à fin 2019 présente les dépenses effectuées selon la classification économique.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

86. Does the Year-End Report present expenditure estimates for individual programs?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 86 asks if expenditure estimates in the Year-End Report are presented by program. There is no standard definition for the term "program," and the meaning can vary from country to country. However, for the purposes of answering the questionnaire, researchers should understand the term "program" to mean any level of detail below an administrative unit, such as a ministry or department.*

*A note for francophone countries: "Program" level detail is sometimes referred to as le plan comptable or le plan comptable détaillé. (These data are typically coded in the financial management database, following the chart of budgetary accounts, so that they can be organized by administrative and functional classification.)*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present expenditure estimates for all individual programs, accounting for all expenditures. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents expenditures for individual programs that when combined account for at least two-thirds of expenditures, but not all expenditures. Answer "c" if the Year-End Report presents programs that account for only less than two-thirds of expenditures. Answer "d" if expenditures are not presented by program in the Year-End Report.*

Answer:

d. No, the Year-End Report does not present expenditure estimates by program.

Source:

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

[11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport ne présente pas une répartition programmatique des dépenses.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats de l'exécution du budget à fin 2019 ne présente pas une répartition des dépenses par programme.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

87. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the enacted levels (including in-year changes approved by the legislature) and the actual outcome for revenues?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 87 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and actual revenues for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for all revenues, along with a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if estimates of the differences for all revenues are presented, but a narrative discussion is not included. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences are presented for some, but not all revenues, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. Answer "d" if no estimates of the differences are presented in the Year-End Report.*

Answer:

a. Yes, estimates of the differences between the enacted levels and the actual outcome for all revenues are presented, along with a narrative discussion.

Source:

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

De la page 10 à 15, est présentée une analyse détaillée des niveaux effectifs de toutes les recettes encaissées à fin 2019 en comparaison avec les niveaux initialement approuvés. L'analyse est accompagnée d'un narratif explicatif

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats de l'exécution du budget à fin 2019 présente toutes les recettes enregistrées à fin 2019 en comparaison avec les prévisions initiales approuvées.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

88. Does the Year-End Report present revenue estimates by category (such as tax and non-tax)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 88 asks whether revenue estimates in the Year-End Report are presented by "category"— that is, whether tax and non-tax sources of revenue are shown separately.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present revenue estimates classified by category.*

Answer:

a. Yes, the Year-End Report presents revenue estimates by category.

Source:

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019, page 10- 15

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020->

11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\_1.pdf

Comment:

Le rapport présente une estimation des revenus par catégorie (fiscale, non fiscales, ressources d'emprunts), et par source individuelle (IR, IS, Droits de consommation, droits de douane, TVA, etc).

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats de l'exécution du budget à fin 2019 présente une estimation des revenus par catégorie.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

89. Does the Year-End Report present individual sources of revenue?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 89 asks whether revenue estimates for individual sources of revenue are presented in the Year-End Report. The question applies to both tax and non-tax revenue.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present all sources of revenue individually, accounting for all revenue, and "other" or "miscellaneous" revenue must account for three percent or less of all revenue. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents individual sources of revenue that when combined account for at least two-thirds of all revenue, but not all revenue. Answer "c" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of individual revenue sources that account for less than two-thirds of revenue. Answer "d" if individual sources of revenue are not presented in the Year-End Report.*

Answer:

a. Yes, the Year-End Report presents individual sources of revenue accounting for all revenue.

Source:

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019, page 10- 15

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\_1.pdf

Comment:

Le rapport présente une estimation des revenus par catégorie (fiscale, non fiscales, ressources d'emprunts), et par source individuelle (IR, IS, Droits de consommation, droits de douane, TVA, etc).

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats de l'exécution du budget à fin 2019 présente une estimation des revenus par catégorie et par source individuelle.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

90. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original estimates of government borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 90 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the original estimates and the actual outcome for the fiscal year for borrowing and debt, including its composition, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.*

*Refer to Question 13 for details on estimates in the Executive's Budget Proposal of borrowing and debt. Key estimates related to borrowing and debt include:*

- *the amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year;*
- *the central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year; and*
- *the interest payments on the outstanding debt for the budget year.*

Refer to Question 14 for details on estimates in the Executive's Budget Proposal related to the composition of the debt. Core information related to the composition of government debt include:

- interest rates on the debt;
- maturity profile of the debt; and
- whether the debt is domestic or external.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of borrowing and debt, including its composition, for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of borrowing and debt for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of borrowing and debt for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.

Answer:

c. Yes, estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of government borrowing and debt for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year are presented.

Source:

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019, page 15, 23

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20%C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20%C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

Le tableau de la page 15 présente les ressources d'emprunts effectivement encaissées comparées au niveau prévus par la loi de finances complémentaire pour l'année 2019. Le tableau de la page 23 (nouveau) présente l'encours de la dette et sa répartition (domestique/extérieure).

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats de l'exécution du budget à fin 2019 présente des différences entre certaines estimations initiales des emprunts et de la dette du gouvernement pour l'exercice et le résultat réel pour cet exercice.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

90b. Based on the response to Question 90, check the box(es) to identify which estimates of government borrowing and debt, including its composition, have the differences between the original forecast and the actual outcome for the year presented in the Year-End Report:

Answer:

The amount of net new borrowing required during the budget year  
The central government's total debt burden at the end of the budget year  
Whether the debt is domestic or external

Source:

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019, page 15 et page 23

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20%C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20%C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

Le tableau de la page 15 présente le montant des ressources d'emprunt durant l'année 2019. Le tableau de la page 23 (nouveau) présente l'encours de la dette et sa répartition (domestique/extérieure).

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget à fin 2019 présente le montant des ressources d'emprunts, l'encours de la dette et sa répartition soit intérieure ou extérieure.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les paiements des intérêts de la dette pour l'année budgétaire sont présentés par le graphique dans la page 20 du Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019

91. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original macroeconomic forecast for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 91 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the original macroeconomic forecast for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.*

*Refer to Question 15 for the components of the macroeconomic forecast in the Executive's Budget Proposal. Core components include estimates of the nominal GDP level, inflation rate, real GDP growth, and interest rates, although the importance of other macroeconomic assumptions, such as the price of oil, can vary from country to country.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original macroeconomic assumptions for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original macroeconomic assumptions for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original macroeconomic assumptions for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.*

Answer:

d. No, estimates of the differences between the original macroeconomic forecast for the fiscal year and the actual outcome for that year is not presented.

Source:

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

[11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

Les premières pages du rapport présentent une analyse de la conjoncture économique, y compris les indicateurs d'ordre macroéconomique impactant les recettes et les dépenses budgétaires. Toutefois, il n'y a pas d'informations sur les différences entre ces indicateurs et ceux prévus par la loi de finances

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget à fin 2019 présente une analyse de la conjoncture économique avec des indicateurs d'ordre macroéconomique impactant les recettes et les dépenses budgétaires. Toutefois, il n'y a pas d'informations sur les différences entre ces indicateurs et ceux prévus par la loi de finances approuvée.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

91b. Based on the response to Question 91, check the box(es) to identify which elements of the macroeconomic forecast have the differences between the original forecast and the outcome for the year presented in the Year-End Report:

Answer:

None of the above

Source:

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

[11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

NC

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget 2020 à fin du deuxième semestre 2020 présente la comparaison entre le résultat pour l'année en question avec celui de l'année précédente(2019) :Taux de croissance du PIB et celui de l'inflation. Source, le site officiel du ministère des Finances: pages 8 et 9 <http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2021-05/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20dec%202020.pdf>

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

92. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 92 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.*

*Refer to Question 49 for the nonfinancial data on inputs included in the Executive's Budget Proposal.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.*

Answer:

d. No, estimates of the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on inputs and the actual outcome are not presented.

Source:

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport ne présente aucune information sur les données non financière.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget 2020 à fin du deuxième semestre 2020 ne présente pas d'informations sur les données non financières.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

93. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 93 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion. Nonfinancial data on results can include data on both outputs and outcomes, but not on inputs (which are addressed in Question 92).*

*Refer to Question 50 for the nonfinancial data on results included in the Executive's Budget Proposal.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is*

included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.

Answer:

d. No, estimates of the differences between the original estimates of nonfinancial data on results and the actual outcome are not presented.

Source:

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

[11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport ne présente aucune information sur les données non financières.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget 2020 à fin du deuxième semestre 2020 ne présente pas d'informations sur les données non financières.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

94. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the enacted level of funds for policies (both new proposals and existing policies) that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 94 asks whether the Year-End Report includes estimates of the differences between the enacted level of funds for policies that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.*

*Refer to Question 52 for assistance to the most impoverished populations in the Executive's Budget Proposal.*

*To answer "a," the Year-End Report must present estimates of the differences between the enacted level for all policies that are intended to benefit the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between the enacted level for all policies that are intended to benefit the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between the enacted level for some but not all of the policies that are intended to benefit the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented.*

Answer:

d. No, estimates of the differences between the enacted level for policies that are intended to benefit directly the country's most impoverished populations and the actual outcome are not presented.

Source:

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

[11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

Comment:

Le rapport ne présente pas une estimation de la différence entre le budget approuvé dans le cadre des politiques au profit de la population pauvre, et le niveau des dépenses effectives.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget 2020 à fin du deuxième semestre 2020 ne présente pas une estimation de la différence entre le budget approuvé dans le cadre des politiques au profit des populations pauvres et le niveau des dépenses effectives.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

95. Does the Year-End Report present the differences between the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 95 asks whether the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome for the year, and whether these estimates are accompanied by a narrative discussion.

Refer to Question 33 for estimates of extra-budgetary funds in the Executive's Budget Proposal.

To answer "a," the Year-End Report must include estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome, including a narrative discussion. Answer "b" if the Year-End Report presents estimates of the differences between all of the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome, but does not include a narrative discussion. Answer "c" if estimates of the differences between some but not all of the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome are presented, regardless of whether a narrative discussion is included. A "d" response applies if estimates of the differences are not presented

**Answer:**

d. No, estimates of the differences between the original estimates of extra-budgetary funds and the actual outcome is not presented.

**Source:**

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

**Comment:**

Le rapport sur l'exécution du budget de l'Etat du deuxième semestre de l'année 2017 ne présente aucune information sur les fonds extra-budgétaires.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget 2020 à fin du deuxième semestre 2020 ne présente pas d'informations sur les fonds extra-budgétaires.

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

96. Is a financial statement included as part of the Year-End Report or released as a separate report?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 96 asks whether a financial statement is included as part of the Year-End Report, or whether it is released as a separate report. The financial statement can include some or all of the following elements: a cash flow statement, an operating statement, a balance sheet, and notes on accounting. For purposes of responding to this question, the financial statement in question does not need to be audited. For an example of a financial statement, see the document "Financial Statements of the Government of New Zealand 2013" (<https://treasury.govt.nz/sites/default/files/2013-10/fsgnz-year-jun13.pdf>)

To answer "a," a financial statement must either be included in the Year-End Report or must be released as a separate report. Answer "a" applies if a financial statement is released as a separate report, even if the Year-End Report is not publicly available. Answer "b" applies if no financial statement is released either as part of the Year-End Report or as a separate report.

**Answer:**

b. No, a financial statement is neither part of the Year-End Report nor released as a separate report.

**Source:**

Rapport mi-annuel du Budget de l'Etat à fin du deuxième semestre 2019

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019\\_1.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2020-11/rapport%20semestriel%20de%20budget%20de%20l%27Etat%20C3%A0%20fin%20decembre%202019_1.pdf)

**Comment:**

Les états financiers ne sont pas produits.



Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport sur les résultats provisoires de l'exécution du budget 2020 à fin du deuxième semestre 2020 ne présente pas les états financiers et ne sont pas publiés en tant que rapport séparé.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

97. What type of audits (compliance, financial, or performance) has the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) conducted and made available to the public?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 97 asks about the types of audits conducted by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI). There are three basic types of audits:*

- *Financial audits are intended to determine if an entity's financial information is accurate (free from errors or fraud) and presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting and regulatory framework. See ISSAI 200 (<http://www.issai.org/issai-framework/3-fundamental-auditing-principles.htm>) for more detail.*
- *Compliance audits look at the extent to which the relevant regulations and procedures have been followed. See ISSAI 400 (<https://www.issai.org/pronouncements/issai-400-compliance-audit-principles/>) for more details.*
- *Performance audits assess whether activities are adhering to the principles of economy, efficiency, and effectiveness. See ISSAI 300 (<https://www.issai.org/pronouncements/issai-300-performance-audit-principles/>) for more details.*

*Financial and compliance audits are more common than performance audits, which usually occur only once a performance framework has been agreed upon. In some countries, the SAI's mandate limits the type of audit it can conduct.*

*To answer "a," the SAI must have conducted all three types of audit – financial, compliance, and performance – and made all of them available to the public. A "b" response applies if the SAI has conducted two of the three audit types, and a "c" applies if it has conducted only one type of audit. Answers "b" and "c" may be selected even if the Audit Report is not publicly available, as long as the SAI has conducted compliance or performance audits and made them available to the public. A "d" response applies if the SAI has not conducted any of the three types of audits, or has not made them available to the public.*

Answer:

d. The SAI has not conducted any of the three types of audits, or has not made them available to the public.

Source:

Rapport sur la loi de règlement du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2018

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Comment:

Le rapport d'audit de 2018 n'est pas accessible au public à temps. Il était publié le 25 juillet 2020, soit après plus de 18 mois après la clôture de l'année. Le rapport est donc considéré comme non disponible.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport sur la loi de règlement du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2018 a été publié le 25 juillet 2020, soit après plus de 18 mois après la clôture de l'année. Le rapport est donc considéré comme non disponible.

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

98. What percentage of expenditures within the mandate of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) has been audited?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 98 focuses on the coverage of audits by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI), asking what percentage of expenditures within the SAI's mandate has been audited.*

*The SAI's mandate is typically defined in statute. Only expenditures related to budgetary central government (ministries, departments, and agencies) that are within the SAI's mandate should be considered for this question. (Question 99 addresses audits of extra-budgetary funds.) Further, the question does not apply*

to "secret programs" (for example, security-related expenditures that are confidential). Further, if the mandate gives the SAI the authority to outsource some audits, then those audits count for purposes of this question.

Only the Audit Report identified in Section 1 should be used to answer this question. Financial audits and compliance audits, or a hybrid of the two, can be taken into account to answer this question. Performance audits should not be considered for this question.

To answer "a," all expenditures within the SAI's mandate must be audited. A "b" response applies if at least two-thirds, but not all, expenditures within the SAI's mandate have been audited. A "c" response is appropriate when less than two-thirds of expenditures within the SAI's mandate have been audited. A "d" response applies when no expenditures have been audited.

Answer:

d. No expenditures have been audited.

Source:

Rapport sur la loi de règlement du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2018

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Comment:

Le rapport d'audit pour l'année 2018 n'est pas disponible au public selon le guide méthodologique de l'enquête.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport sur la loi de règlement du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2018 a été publié le 25 juillet 2020, soit après plus de 18 mois après la clôture de l'année. Le rapport est donc considéré comme non disponible.

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

99. What percentage of extra-budgetary funds within the mandate of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) has been audited?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 99 focuses on audits of extra-budgetary funds, asking what percentage of extra-budgetary funds within the mandate of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) has been audited. These funds, although technically outside the budget, are governmental in nature and thus should be subject to the same audit requirement as other government programs.*

*The SAI's mandate is typically defined in statute. Only expenditures related to extra-budgetary funds within the SAI's mandate should be considered for this question. (Question 98 addresses audits of budgetary central government.) Further, if the mandate gives the SAI the authority to outsource some audits, then those audits count for purposes of this question.*

*To answer "a," all extra-budgetary funds within the SAI's mandate must be audited. A "b" response applies if extra-budgetary funds accounting for at least two-thirds of, but not all, expenditures associated with extra-budgetary funds within the SAI's mandate have been audited. A "c" response applies if extra-budgetary funds accounting for less than two-thirds of expenditures associated with extra-budgetary funds within the SAI's mandate have been audited. A "d" response applies if extra-budgetary funds have not been audited.*

Answer:

d. No extra-budgetary funds have been audited.

Source:

Rapport sur la loi de règlement du Budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2018

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Comment:

Le rapport d'audit de 2018 n'est pas disponible au public.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport sur la loi de règlement du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2018 a été publié le 25 juillet 2020, soit après plus de 18 mois après la clôture de l'année. Le rapport est donc considéré comme non disponible.

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

100. Does the annual Audit Report(s) prepared by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) include an executive summary?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 100 asks whether the annual Audit Report includes an executive summary. Only the Audit Report identified in Section 1 should be used to answer this question. The Audit Report can be a fairly technical document, and an executive summary of the report's findings can help make it more accessible to the media and the public.*

*To answer "a," the Audit Report must include at least one executive summary summarizing the report's content. Answer "b" applies if the Audit Report does not include an executive summary, or the Audit Report is not made publicly available.*

Answer:

b. No, the annual Audit Report(s) does not include an executive summary.

Source:

Rapport sur la loi de règlement du Budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2018

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Comment:

Le rapport d'audit de 2018 n'est pas disponible au public.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rapport sur la loi de règlement du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2018 a été publié le 25 juillet 2020, soit après plus de 18 mois après la clôture de l'année. Le rapport est donc considéré comme non disponible.

[http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1\\_7\\_22\\_D167](http://www.courdescomptes.nat.tn/Ar/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AE%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%B1_7_22_D167)

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

101. Does the executive make available to the public a report on what steps it has taken to address audit recommendations or findings that indicate a need for remedial action?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 101 asks whether the executive reports to the public on the steps it has taken to address audit recommendations made by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI). The ultimate purpose of audits is to verify that the budget was executed in a manner consistent with existing law, and to hold the government accountable for this execution and its future improvement. The extent to which audits achieve the latter depends on whether there is adequate and timely follow-up on the recommendations provided in the SAI's audit reports.*

*To answer "a," the executive must report publicly on the steps it has taken to address all audit findings. A "b" response applies if the executive reports publicly on the steps it has taken to address most, but not all, audit findings. A "c" response applies if the executive reports publicly on the steps it has taken to address only some audit findings. As long as the executive reports publicly on the steps it has taken to address audit finding, answer "a," "b," or "c" may be selected, even if the Audit Report is not made publicly available. A "d" response applies if the executive does not report at all on its steps to address audit findings.*

Answer:

d. No, the executive does not report on steps it has taken to address audit findings.

Source:

NS

Comment:

L'exécutif ne fait pas de reporting sur les mesures prises pour mettre en oeuvre les recommandations issues du rapport d'audit.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: L'exécutif ne met pas à la disposition du public un rapport sur les mesures qu'il a prises pour donner suite aux recommandations d'audit.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

102. Does either the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) or legislature release to the public a report that tracks actions taken by the executive to address audit recommendations?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 102 asks whether the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) or the legislature track actions by the executive to address audit recommendations. After audit results and recommendations are discussed and validated by the legislature, the executive is normally asked to take certain actions to address the audit findings. For accountability purposes, the public needs to be informed about the status of those actions, and steps the executive has taken to address audit recommendations. In addition to the executive reporting on its actions (see Question 101), the SAI and legislature – as the key oversight institutions – have a responsibility to keep the public informed by tracking the executive's progress in addressing audit recommendations.*

*To answer "a" the SAI or legislature must report publicly on what steps the executive has taken to address all audit findings. A "b" response applies if the SAI or legislature reports publicly on what steps the executive has taken to address most, but not all, audit findings. A "c" response applies if the SAI or legislature reports publicly on what steps the executive has taken to address only some audit findings. As long as the SAI or legislature reports publicly on the steps the executive has taken, answer "a," "b," or "c" may be selected, even if the Audit Report is not made publicly available. A "d" response applies if neither the SAI nor the legislature reports on the executive's steps to address audit findings.*

Answer:

d. No, neither the SAI nor legislature reports on steps the executive has taken to address audit recommendations.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Ni la Cour, ni le parlement ne rapportent publiquement sur les mesures prises par l'exécutif pour mettre en oeuvre les recommandations d'audit.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Ni la Cour des Comptes, ni le Parlement ne rapportent publiquement sur les mesures prises par l'Exécutif pour mettre en oeuvre les recommandations d'audit.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

103. Is there an Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) that conducts budget analyses for the budget formulation and/or approval process?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 103 examines whether an Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) exists that contributes budget analyses to the budget formulation and/or approval process. According to the Principles for Independent Fiscal Institutions, adopted by the OECD Council in 2014, "independent fiscal institutions are publicly funded, independent bodies under the statutory authority of the executive or the legislature which provide non-partisan oversight and analysis of, and in some cases advice on, fiscal policy and performance", and with "a forward-looking ex ante diagnostic task". In practice, they come in two main forms:*

- *Parliamentary budget offices (also known as PBOs) such as the Congressional Budget Office in the United States (<https://www.cbo.gov/>), the Parliamentary Budget Office in South Africa (<https://www.parliament.gov.za/parliamentary-budget-office>), and the Center for Public Finance Studies in Mexico (Centro de Estudios de las Finanzas Públicas, <http://www.cefp.gob.mx/>); or*
- *Fiscal councils such as the Office for Budget Responsibility in the United Kingdom (<https://obr.uk/>) and the High Council for Public Finances in France (Haut Conseil des finances publiques, <https://www.hcfp.fr/>).*

*For more information, see von Trapp et al. 'Principles for Independent Fiscal Institutions and Case Studies', OECD Journal on Budgeting 15:2 (special issue, 2016), <https://doi.org/10.1787/budget-15-5jm2795tv625>.*

To answer "a," there must be an IFI, and its independence must be set in law. In addition, it must have sufficient staffing and resources, including funding, to carry out its tasks. Answer "b" applies if an IFI exists, but either its independence is not set in law or its staffing and resources are insufficient to carry out its tasks. Answer "c" applies if an IFI exists, but its independence is not set in law and it lacks sufficient staffing and resources. Answer "d" applies if no IFI exists.

If the answer is "a," "b," or "c," please specify in the comments the name and type of IFI that exists (e.g., parliamentary budget office or fiscal council). If the answer is "a" or "b," identify the law that guarantees its independence, and provide evidence in support of the assessment of the adequacy of its staffing and resources. This can include the IFI's total budget allocation over recent years, any press reports that discuss perceived funding shortfalls, assessments by international organizations, and/or information from interviews with staff of the IFI.

Answer:

d. No, there is no IFI.

Source:

<http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/conseil-national-de-la-fiscalite-cnf>

Comment:

Il s'agit du Conseil National de la Fiscalité créé en vertu de l'article 4 du code des droits et procédures fiscaux. Etant donné qu'il est présidé par le ministre des finances lui-même, le Conseil n'est pas indépendant. Par ailleurs, il ne publie pas les rapports de ses réunions.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le Conseil National de la Fiscalité (CNF) est créé par l'article 4 du code des droits et procédures fiscaux. Il est chargé de l'évaluation du système fiscal et de sa conformité aux objectifs fixés notamment en matière d'équilibre des finances publiques d'efficience économique et d'équité fiscale. Le CNF émet son avis sur toutes les questions d'ordre fiscal qui lui sont soumises. Il est présidé par le ministre des Finances et ses membres sont désignés par arrêté du ministre des finances, sur proposition des parties concernées et ce, pour une période de 3 ans. Le CNF ne publie pas de rapports sur ses réunions.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

104. Does the Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) publish macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasts?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 104 assesses whether an Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) has a role in producing the macroeconomic forecast (e.g., GDP growth, inflation, interest rates, etc.) and/or the fiscal forecast (revenues, expenditure, deficits, and debt), and if so, what kind of role it has. Macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasting is a typical core function across IFIs, but their role in forecasting takes several forms (von Trapp et al. 2016, p. 17 and Table 2). Some IFIs produce just a macroeconomic forecast, while others produce a complete fiscal forecast (which also typically requires an underlying macroeconomic forecast). In some cases, the fiscal forecast reflects continuation of current budget policies; such forecasts can be used by the legislature, the media, or the public to assess the projections in the executive's budget reflecting the government's policy proposals.

Some IFIs produce the official macroeconomic and fiscal forecasts used in the executive's budget. In other cases, IFIs do not prepare their own independent forecasts, but rather produce an assessment of the official estimates, or provide an opinion on, or endorsement of, the government's forecasts. Some others have no role at all in forecasting.

To answer "a," there must be an IFI that publishes both its own macroeconomic AND fiscal forecasts. Answer "b" applies if an IFI publishes its own macroeconomic OR fiscal forecast (but not both). Answer "c" applies if the IFI does not publish a macroeconomic or fiscal forecast, but rather publishes an assessment of the official forecasts produced by the executive and used in the budget. Choose option "d" if there is no IFI; or if there is an IFI that neither publishes its own macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasts, nor a commentary on the official forecasts for the budget.

Macroeconomic forecasts may include indicators relating to economic output and economic growth, inflation, and the labor market, amongst others. Fiscal forecasts may include estimates of revenues, expenditures, the budget balance, and debt. If the answer is "a" or "b," please specify which indicators and estimates are included in the forecasts and whether the forecast is used by government as the official forecast. If the answer is "c," please describe the nature and depth of the assessment (e.g., the length of the commentary, or whether it covers both economic and fiscal issues).

Answer:

d. No, there is no IFI; or the IFI neither publishes its own macroeconomic and/or fiscal forecasts, nor a commentary on the official forecasts produced by the executive.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le Conseil National de la Fiscalité ne satisfait pas toutes les conditions pour être considéré comme une IFI.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le CNF n'est pas une instance indépendante au sens propre du mot (juridique). Ses rapports ne sont pas publiés pour pouvoir juger de leur apport en matière de prévisions macroéconomiques et/ou budgétaires, ou même au niveau des commentaires sur les prévisions officielles produites par l'exécutif.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

105. Does the Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) publish its own costings of new policy proposals, to assess their impact on the budget?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 105 assesses whether an Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) has a costing function that involves assessing the budgetary implications of new policy proposals for both revenues and expenditures, and if so, what kind of role it has. Many IFIs have a costing role, but with substantial diversity in the nature and extent of this work (von Trapp et al 2016, pp. 17-18 and Table 2). Some assess virtually all new policy proposals, while others cost only a selection of new policy proposals. Others only publish opinions on, or scrutinize the costings of, budget measures produced by the executive.*

*To answer "a," the IFI must publish its own costings of all (or virtually all) new policy proposals. Answer "b" applies if the IFI publishes its own costings, but only for major new policy proposals – for instance, only those proposals that cost or save above a certain amount. Answer "c" applies if the IFI publishes its own costings, but only on a limited number of proposals. This could occur, for instance, if the IFI lacked the capacity to assess proposals dealing with certain sectors. Instead of producing a cost estimate, it can also publish an assessment of the estimates produced by the executive. Answer "d" applies if there is no IFI; or if the IFI does not publish its own costings of new policy proposals or provide an assessment of the official costings of new policy proposals.*

Answer:

d. No, there is no IFI; or the IFI does not publish its own costings of new policy proposals.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le Conseil National de la Fiscalité ne satisfait pas toutes les conditions pour être vu comme une IFI.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le CNF n'est pas une instance indépendante au sens propre du mot (juridique). Ses rapports ne sont pas publiés pour pouvoir juger de leur apport en matière de propositions portant sur les coûts de nouvelles politiques.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

106. In the past 12 months, how frequently did the head or a senior staff member of the Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) take part and testify in hearings of a committee of the legislature?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 106 concerns the interaction between two important oversight actors and assesses how frequently the Independent Fiscal Institution (IFI) made high-level inputs to the work of legislative committees. Almost all IFIs interact with the legislature in some form (von Trapp et al 2016, p. 18), but the intensity of the interaction varies. This question assesses this aspect by asking, with reference to the past 12 months, how frequently the head or a senior staff member of the IFI took part and testified in hearings of a committee of the legislature. The intent is to assess the extent to which the IFI staff member in question was not only present at a meeting of a legislative committee, but was an active participant (as opposed to a passive observer, serving only as a resource when called upon). As evidence to support your answer, you can refer to official records of legislative committees, websites and annual reports of the IFI, press releases and media coverage, for example. Choose answer "a" if this occurred five times or more; "b" for three times or more, but less than five times; and "c" for once or twice. Answer "d" should be selected if the head or a senior staff member of the IFI never took part and testified in hearings of a committee of the legislature, or if there is no IFI.*

Answer:

d. Never, or there is no IFI.

Source:  
NS

Comment:  
Le Conseil National de la Fiscalité ne satisfait pas toutes les conditions pour être vu comme une IFI.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le CNF ou un de ses membres n'ont point rendu public, en tant que telle, une participation et/ou un témoignage lors des auditions d'une commission de la législature. C'est plutôt le ministre et/ou ses hauts cadres en tant que membre de l'Exécutif que ces participations ont eu lieu.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: I choose not to review this question

107. Does the full legislature and/or a legislative committee debate budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 107 asks whether the legislature debated budget policies prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal for the most recent budget year before the research cut-off date. In general, prior to discussing the Executive's Budget Proposal for the coming year, the legislature should have an opportunity to review the government's broad budget priorities and fiscal parameters. Often times this information is laid out in a Pre-Budget Statement, which the executive presents to the legislature for debate. (See Questions 54-58.)*

*A number of countries conduct a pre-budget debate in the legislature around six months before the start of the budget year. In some cases, they adopt laws that guide the upcoming budget, for example the Budget Guidelines Law in Brazil and the Spring Fiscal Policy Bill in Sweden. A pre-budget debate can serve two main purposes: 1) to allow the executive to inform the legislature of its fiscal policy intentions by presenting updated reports on its annual and medium-term budget strategy and policy priorities; and 2) to establish "hard" multi-year fiscal targets or spending ceilings, which the government must adhere to when preparing its detailed spending estimates for the upcoming budget year.*

*To answer "a," the full legislature must debate budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal and approve recommendations for the upcoming budget.*

*Answer "b" applies if a legislative committee (but not the full legislature) debates budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal, and approves recommendations for the budget. Option "b" also applies if, in addition to the action by the committee, the full legislature also debates budget policy in advance of the budget, but does not approve recommendations.*

*Answer "c" applies if the full legislature and/or a legislative committee debates budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal, but does not approve recommendations for the budget. Answer "d" applies if neither the full legislature nor any legislative committee debate budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal.*

*In your comment, please indicate the dates of the budget debate, and if both the full legislature and a legislative committee held a debate. Note that a debate does not need to be open to the public, but a public record of the meeting or a public notice that the meeting occurred is required. In addition, please indicate whether the budget debate was focused on a Pre-Budget Statement published by the Executive. If the Executive did not publish a Pre-Budget Statement, then please indicate what served as the focus of the legislature's debate (for instance, a report released by an IFI or some other institution).*

Answer:

c. Yes, the full legislature and/or a legislative committee debates budget policy prior to the tabling of the Executive's Budget Proposal, but it does not approve recommendations for the upcoming budget.

Source:

[http://www.chambre-dep.tn/site/main/AR/docs/loi\\_finances/2021/projet\\_balance\\_eco\\_2021.pdf](http://www.chambre-dep.tn/site/main/AR/docs/loi_finances/2021/projet_balance_eco_2021.pdf)  
Site officiel de l'Assemblée législative

Comment:

Une semaine environ avant la discussion du Projet de loi de finances. La commission des finances au sein de l'Assemblée discute un document baptisé "Le Budget Economique" qui a pour objectif de corréler le Budget annuel aux politiques publiques découlant de la vision du gouvernement. Le Budget économique est préparé et soumis par le Ministère de Développement et de la Coopération Internationale. Il est également débattu en plénière. Ne prenant pas la forme d'une loi, il n'est pas voté. Il sert seulement de cadrage pour la discussion du budget annuel qui va suivre. Les discussions ne sont pas suivies de recommandations.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La commission des finances au sein de l'Assemblée des Représentants du Peuple (ARP) discute le document soumis par l'Exécutif "Le

Budget Économique" qui a pour but de faire l'état des lieux en termes de conjoncture nationale et internationale et les perspectives de la vision du gouvernement en conséquence. Le document qui est élaboré par le Ministère de Développement et de la Coopération Internationale est également débattu en plénière mais ne prenant pas la forme d'une loi, il n'est pas voté. Il sert seulement de cadrage pour la discussion du budget annuel qui va suivre. Les discussions ne sont pas suivies de recommandations.

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

108. How far in advance of the start of the budget year does the legislature receive the Executive's Budget Proposal?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 108 examines how far in advance of the start of the most recent budget year the legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal. International good practice recommends that the Executive's Budget Proposal should be submitted to the legislature far enough in advance to allow the legislature time to review it properly, or at least three months prior to the start of the fiscal year. (See, for instance, Principle 2.2.2 of the IMF's Fiscal Transparency Handbook (2018) (<https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/IMF069/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859/24788-9781484331859.xml>)).*

*For the purposes of responding to this question, if – and only if – the most recent budget submission occurred later than usual as a result of a particular event, such as an election, please use a more normal year as the basis for the response. If, however, delays have been observed for more than one budget year, and the legislature has not received the Executive's Budget Proposal in a timely manner on more than one occasion in the last three years, then "d" will be the appropriate answer.*

*To answer "a," the legislature must receive the Executive's Budget Proposal at least three months in advance of the start of the budget year. Answer "b" applies if the legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal at least two months, but less than three months, before the start of the budget year. Answer "c" applies if the legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal at least one month, but less than two months, before the start of the budget year. Answer "d" applies if the legislature does not receive the Executive's Budget Proposal at least one month prior to the start of the budget year, or does not receive it at all.*

**Answer:**

b. The legislature receives the Executive's Budget Proposal at least two months, but less than three months, before the start of the budget year.

**Source:**

L'article 66 de la Constitution de la République Tunisienne.

[https://lib.ohchr.org/HRBodies/UPR/Documents/Session27/TN/6Annexe4Constitution\\_fr.pdf](https://lib.ohchr.org/HRBodies/UPR/Documents/Session27/TN/6Annexe4Constitution_fr.pdf)

Divers articles de presse:

<https://www.tustex.com/economie-actualites-economiques/le-projet-de-loi-de-finances-2021-depose-a-l-arp-de-nouvelles-revisions-de-taxes-sur-la-consommation>

**Comment:**

Selon la Constitution, le Projet de loi de finances devrait être soumis à l'Assemblée au plus tard le 15 octobre de chaque année N-1. Selon de diverses sources journalistiques, ce délai a été respecté pour le Projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021. Ci-dessous, est copié un lien d'un article de presse montrant que le PLF 2021 a été déposé au législatif le 15 Octobre 2020.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021 a été soumis par l'Exécutif à l'ARP le 15/10/2020 conformément à l'article 66 de la Constitution de la République Tunisienne.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

109. When does the legislature approve the Executive's Budget Proposal?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 109 examines when the legislature approves the Executive's Budget Proposal. International good practice recommends that the Executive's Budget Proposal should be approved by the legislature before the start of the fiscal year the budget proposal refers to. This gives the executive time to implement the budget in its entirety, particularly new programs and policies.*

*In some countries, the expenditure and revenue estimates of the Executive's Budget Proposal are approved separately; for purposes of this question, at least the expenditure estimates must be approved. Further, approval of the budget implies approval of the full-year budget, not just a short-term continuation of*



spending and revenue authority.

To answer "a," the legislature must approve the Executive's Budget Proposal at least one month before the start of the budget year. Answer "b" applies if the legislature approves the Executive's Budget Proposal less than one month in advance of the start of the budget year, but at least by the start of the budget year. Answer "c" applies if the legislature approves the Executive's Budget Proposal less than one month after the start of the budget year. Answer "d" applies if the legislature approves the Executive's Budget Proposal more than one month after the start of the budget year, or does not approve the budget.

Answer:

b. The legislature approves the budget less than one month in advance of the start of the budget year, but at least by the start of the budget year.

Source:

Article 66 de la constitution de la république tunisienne

[https://lib.ohchr.org/HRBodies/UPR/Documents/Session27/TN/6Annexe4Constitution\\_fr.pdf](https://lib.ohchr.org/HRBodies/UPR/Documents/Session27/TN/6Annexe4Constitution_fr.pdf)

Divers articles de presse.

Comment:

Ledit article stipule que le Projet de Budget doit être approuvé au plus tard le 10 décembre de chaque année N-1. Dans la pratique, ce délai a été respecté pour le projet de budget 2021, tel que le prouve le lien suivant, par exemple. <https://www.webmanagercenter.com/2020/12/10/460536/arp-adoption-de-la-loi-de-finances-2021/>

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021 a été adopté par l'ARP le 10/12/2020 conformément à l'article 66 de la Constitution de la République Tunisienne.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

110. Does the legislature have the authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 110 examines the legislature's power to amend—as opposed to simply accept or reject—the budget proposal presented by the executive. This question is about legal authority rather than actions the legislature takes in practice. The legislature's powers to amend the budget can vary substantially across countries.*

*The "a" response is appropriate only if there are no restrictions on the right of the legislature to modify the Executive's Budget Proposal, including its right to change the size of the proposed deficit or surplus. The "b" response would be appropriate if, for instance, the legislature is restricted from changing the deficit or surplus, but it still has the power to increase or decrease funding and revenue levels. The more limited "c" response would apply if, for instance, the legislature can only re-allocate spending within the totals set in the Executive's Budget Proposal or can only decrease funding levels or increase revenues. Finally, response "d" would apply if the legislature may not make any changes (or only small technical changes), or if amendments must first be approved by the executive. In these cases, the legislature is essentially only able to approve or reject the budget as a whole. If the answer is "b" or "c", please indicate the nature of the amendment powers available to the Parliament and how they are limited.*

Answer:

b. Yes, the legislature has authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal, with some limitations.

Source:

L'article 49 de la nouvelle loi organique du Budget datée du 13 février 2019

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2019-08/loi\\_organique\\_budget\\_2019.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2019-08/loi_organique_budget_2019.pdf)

Comment:

Selon ledit article, le droit d'amendement est lié à l'une des 3 conditions suivantes:

- La réduction des dépenses ou l'augmentation des recettes.
- Propositions d'augmentation des dépenses, à condition de proposer la contrepartie au niveau des recettes.
- La répartition des crédits entre les différents programmes (conditionnée par l'ajustement des indicateurs de performance appropriés).

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Selon l'article 49 de la LOB de 2019, l'ARP peut proposer d'ajouter de nouveaux articles ou d'introduire des amendements au projet de loi de finances de l'année ou de la loi de finances rectificative dans les cas suivants: - pour réduire des dépenses ou augmenter des recettes, - pour proposer de nouvelles dépenses sous réserve de proposer des recettes additionnelles ou une économie de dépenses couvrant les dépenses

additionnelles, - pour introduire des modifications sur la répartition des crédits entre les programmes moyennant les modifications correspondantes au niveau des objectifs et des indicateurs des programmes concernés par les modifications.

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

111. During the most recent budget approval process, did the legislature use its authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 111 assesses whether any formal authority of the legislature to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal is used in practice. The responses to this question should be determined based on action by the legislature related to the Enacted Budget used in the OBS. Choose answer "a" if the legislature used its authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal during the most recent budget approval process, and amendments were adopted (all, or at least some of them). Answer "a" also applies if the legislature used its authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal, but the amendments were rejected by executive veto. Answer "b" applies if the legislature used its authority in law to propose amendments to the Executive's Budget Proposal, but none of these amendments were adopted. Answer "c" applies if the legislature has the authority in law to amend the budget, but no amendments were proposed during its consideration. Answer "d" applies when the legislature does not have any authority to amend the budget (that is, Question 110 is answered "d").*

*If the answer is "a" or "b", please specify in the comments the number of amendments introduced by the legislature (and in the case of an "a" response, the number adopted, or if applicable, information about an executive veto) and describe their nature. For example, did the amendments result in an increase or decrease of the deficit? What were the most significant amendments to revenues and to expenditures in terms of the sums involved? How did amendments affect the composition of expenditures? If the answer is "a," please specify which amendments were adopted, and provide evidence for it.*

**Answer:**

a. Yes, the legislature used its authority in law to amend the Executive's Budget Proposal, and (at least some of) its amendments were adopted.

**Source:**

Deux tableaux annexes du rapport de la commission parlementaire des finances sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021 (disponible sur le site de l'assemblée)

- Tableau 1: Propositions de nouveaux articles [http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code\\_obj=113508&code\\_exp=4&langue=1](http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code_obj=113508&code_exp=4&langue=1)  
- Tableau 2: Propositions d'amendements/modifications des articles mentionnés dans le PLF 2021 présenté par le gouvernement [http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code\\_obj=113508&code\\_exp=5&langue=1](http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code_obj=113508&code_exp=5&langue=1)

**Comment:**

Outre les deux tableaux annexes, le site de l'assemblée publie également une version modifiée du PLF 2021 qui prend en considération les amendements des députés. Ci-dessous est présenté le lien de cette version qui a été par la suite votée en séance plénière [http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code\\_obj=113508&code\\_exp=2&langue=1](http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code_obj=113508&code_exp=2&langue=1)

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le projet de loi de finances de l'année 2021 proposé par l'Exécutif a fait l'objet d'amendements introduits par le Législatif (ARP).

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

112. During the last budget approval process, did a specialized budget or finance committee in the legislature examine the Executive's Budget Proposal?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 112 assesses the role of a specialized budget or finance committee during the budget approval stage. Effective committee involvement is an essential condition for legislative influence in the budget process. Specialized committees provide opportunities for individual legislators to gain relevant expertise, and to examine budgets and policy in depth. Yet, the involvement of committees differs across legislatures. Some legislatures have separate committees to examine spending and tax proposals, while others have a single finance committee. Not all legislatures have a specialized budget or finance committee to examine the budget. In addition, there can be differences in the time available for the committee's analysis of the budget.*

*A report with the committee's findings and recommendations is intended to inform the debate in the full legislature, therefore it must be published before the legislature has adopted the budget.*

*Response "a" requires that, in the last budget approval process, a specialized budget or finance committee had one month or more to examine the Executive's Budget Proposal, and it published a report with findings and recommendations prior to the budget being adopted. Response "b" applies where such a committee examined the draft budget and published a report, but within a shorter timeframe of less than one month. Response "c" applies if a committee examined the budget (without regard to the time period), but did not publish a report prior to the adoption of the budget. Response "d" applies where a*

specialized budget or finance committee did not examine the Executive's Budget Proposal.

Please specify in your comment the name of the committee and the number of days it had available to examine the budget. For bicameral legislatures where one house or chamber has greater constitutional authority in budgetary matters, the question applies to the house or chamber (usually the upper or second one) that is decisive. For bicameral legislatures with co-equal houses or chambers, the question should be answered with reference to the one that achieves the higher score for this question. In the case of bicameral legislatures, please note the relevant arrangements in each house or chamber. If applicable, provide a copy of the report. Please note also if a report is published, but only after the budget has been adopted.

Answer:

a. Yes, a specialized budget or finance committee had at least one month to examine the Executive's Budget Proposal, and it published a report with findings and recommendations prior to the budget being adopted.

Source:

Différents rapports de la commission parlementaire des finances sur le PLF 2021

- Tableau 1: Propositions de nouveaux articles [http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code\\_obj=113508&code\\_exp=4&langue=1](http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code_obj=113508&code_exp=4&langue=1)

- Tableau 2: Propositions d'amendements/modifications des articles mentionnés dans le PLF 2021 présenté par le gouvernement [http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code\\_obj=113508&code\\_exp=5&langue=1](http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code_obj=113508&code_exp=5&langue=1)

- Document présentant la version modifiée du PLF 2021 à la lumière des travaux de la commission [http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code\\_obj=113508&code\\_exp=2&langue=1](http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code_obj=113508&code_exp=2&langue=1)

Comment:

Les rapports cités ci-dessus sont disponibles sur le site web de l'Assemblée

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La commission des finances au sein de l'ARP dispose d'au moins un mois pour examiner le projet de budget de l'Exécutif et publie un rapport contenant des conclusions et des recommandations avant l'adoption du budget.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

113. During the last approval process, did legislative committees, responsible for particular sectors (e.g., health, education, defense, etc.), examine spending in the Executive's Budget Proposal related to the sector for which they are responsible?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 113 assesses the role of committees of the legislature that are responsible for particular sectors (e.g., health, education, defense, etc.) during the budget approval stage. The role of sectoral committees differs across legislatures. Some legislatures do not involve them in the budget approval process, while others do. In addition, the time available for committee analysis differs.

A report with the committee's findings and recommendations is intended to inform the debate in the full legislature, so therefore must be published before the legislature has adopted the budget. Response "a" requires that sector committees had one month or more to examine the Executive's Budget Proposal, and published a report with findings and recommendations prior the budget being adopted. Response "b" applies where such committees examined the draft budget and published a report, but within a shorter timeframe of less than one month. Response "c" applies if sectoral committees examined the budget (without regard to the time period), but did not publish a report prior to the adoption of the budget. Response "d" applies where sectoral committees did not examine the Executive's Budget Proposal.

Please note that the examination of sectoral budgets by a specialized budget or finance committee is assessed in Question 112 and should not be considered for this question.

Please provide in the comments a brief overview of the committee structure and specify the number of days that sectoral committees had available to examine the budget and to publish their reports. For bicameral legislatures where one house or chamber has greater constitutional authority in budgetary matters, the question applies to the house or chamber (usually the upper or second one) that is decisive. For bicameral legislatures with co-equal houses or chambers, the question should be answered with reference to the one that achieves the higher score for this question. In the case of bicameral legislatures, please note the relevant arrangements in each house or chamber. If applicable, provide a sample copy of at least one of the reports. Please note if a report is published, but only after the budget has been adopted.

For purposes of responding to this question, use those sectoral committees that are best performing – that is, the ones that examine the budget the longest and that publish reports.

Answer:

a. Yes, sector committees had at least one month to examine the Executive's Budget Proposal, and they published reports with findings and

recommendations prior to the budget being adopted.

Source:

Rapports des commissions parlementaires pertinentes; comme par exemples:

- Rapport de la commission de l'agriculture, du commerce et des services sur le projet de budget du ministère du transport pour l'année 2021  
[http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code\\_obj=113596&code\\_exp=1&langue=1](http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code_obj=113596&code_exp=1&langue=1)

- Rapport de la commission des jeunes et de la culture sur le projet de budget du ministère de la culture [http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code\\_obj=113712&code\\_exp=1&langue=1](http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code_obj=113712&code_exp=1&langue=1)

Comment:

Les projets de budget par ministère/mission sont déposés au bureau d'ordre de l'assemblée en même temps que le PLF. Ils sont examinés et discutés au sein des commissions parlementaires spécialisées, comme le montrent les liens ci-dessus s'agissant des ministères de transport et de la culture, cités à titre d'exemples.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Au cours du dernier processus d'approbation du projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021, les commissions législatives, responsables de secteurs particuliers, examinent les dépenses dans le projet de budget de l'Exécutif liées au secteur dont elles sont responsables. Les projets de budget par ministère/mission sont déposés au bureau d'ordre de l'ARP en même temps que le projet de budget.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

114. In the past 12 months, did a committee of the legislature examine in-year implementation of the Enacted Budget during the relevant budget execution period?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 114 is about legislative oversight of budget execution. It assesses whether and how often a committee examined the implementation of the budget during the budget execution period (i.e., financial year) for which it was approved, and whether this resulted in an official report with findings and recommendations. This question does not apply to the ex post review of implementation following the end of the budget year as part of the audit stage, which is assessed separately. Nor does it apply to the legislature's review of the budget that it may undertake as part of the process of considering a supplemental budget during the year. In-year monitoring by the legislature will be affected by the frequency that the executive publishes In-Year Reports.*

*To answer "a," a committee must have examined in-year implementation of the Enacted Budget at least three times during the course of the relevant budget year and published reports with findings and recommendations. Answer "b" applies where this occurred only once or twice during the year.*

*Exception: If a legislature is in session only twice during the year, and it examines the implementation of the budget during both sessions, then it would be eligible for an "a" response.*

*Choose "c" if a committee examined in-year implementation (without regard to frequency), but did not publish any report with findings and recommendations. Answer "d" applies where no committee examined in-year implementation.*

*If the answer is "a" or "b," please specify the name of the committee and when it reviewed budget implementation, and provide a copy of its report(s). If the answer is "c," please specify the name of the committee and when it reviewed budget implementation.*

*For purposes of responding to this question, if more than one committee holds in-year reviews of the budget, use the committee that is best performing – that is, the one that examines in-year implementation the most times and that publishes a report.*

Answer:

d. No, a committee did not examine in-year implementation.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Il n'y a aucune référence sur le suivi de l'exécution du budget durant les 12 derniers mois. Cette information a été confirmée par un contact clé parmi le staff de la commission des finances.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il n'y a aucune référence sur le suivi de l'exécution du budget durant les 12 derniers mois.

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

115. Does the executive seek approval from the legislature prior to shifting funds between administrative units that receive explicit funding in the Enacted Budget, and is it legally required to do so?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 115 examines whether the executive seeks approval from the legislature prior to shifting funds between administrative units, and whether it is legally required to do so.*

*In some countries, the executive has the power in law to adjust funding levels for specific appropriations during the execution of the budget. This question examines rules around shifting funds between administrative units (ministries, departments, or agencies) or whatever funding unit (or "vote") is specified in the Enacted Budget.*

*The conditions under which the executive may exercise its discretion to shift funds should be clearly defined in publicly available regulations or law. In addition, the amount of funds that the executive is allowed to transfer between administrative units should not be so excessive as to undermine the accountability of the executive to the legislature.*

*To answer "a," the executive is required by law or regulation to obtain prior legislative approval before shifting funds between administrative units, and it does so in practice. Answer "b" applies if the executive obtains legislative approval before shifting funds between administrative units, but is not legally required to do so. Answer "c" applies if the executive is legally required to receive legislative approval before shifting funds, but does not do so in practice. Answer "d" applies if legislative approval is not legally required for the executive to shift funds between administrative units and the executive does not obtain legislative approval in practice. Answer "d" also applies if the executive is authorized to shift an amount considered so excessive as to undermine accountability (roughly equal to 3 percent of total budgeted expenditures). A "d" response applies if the legislature only approves the shifting of funds after it has already occurred.*

*In the comments, please indicate any law or regulation that provides the executive with standing authority to shift funds between administrative units and, if so, describe that authority. Similarly, legislative approval for shifting funds between administrative units typically occurs with the adoption of legislation such as a supplemental budget. But if other formal procedures for gaining approval from the legislature exist, then please provide information about that approval process.*

**Answer:**

d. There is no law or regulation requiring the executive to obtain approval from the legislature prior to shifting funds between administrative units, and in practice the executive shifts funds between administrative units before obtaining approval from the legislature.

**Source:**

Titre 4 de la nouvelle loi organique du Budget (à partir de la page 15)  
[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2019-08/loi\\_organique\\_budget\\_2019.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2019-08/loi_organique_budget_2019.pdf)

**Comment:**

Selon les dispositions du titre 4 de la loi organique du budget (à partir de la page 15 du document cité en haut), l'exécutif peut procéder à des transferts de crédits selon des conditions précises, mais n'a pas l'obligation d'obtenir une approbation préalable de la part du législatif. Les modifications sont présentées à posteriori (après la clôture de l'année) par décret ou arrêté selon le type de transfert (articles 52 à 56)

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La nouvelle LOB de 2019 ne prévoit aucun règlement exigeant que l'Exécutif obtienne l'approbation du Législatif avant de transférer des fonds entre les unités administratives, et dans la pratique, l'exécutif transfère des fonds entre les unités administratives avant d'obtenir l'approbation de la législature. Selon la LOB, l'opération de transfert intervient par décret gouvernemental sur proposition du ministre chargé des finances. Le virement de crédits entre des programmes relevant du même chef de mission ne peut être opéré que dans la limite de 2% de l'ensemble des crédits alloués à chaque programme. Le virement des crédits entre les programmes au cours de l'année budgétaire intervient par arrêté du ministre chargé des finances. Le ministre chargé des finances prend, après la fin de l'année budgétaire, un arrêté pour l'ensemble des virements.

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

116. Does the executive seek approval from the legislature prior to spending excess revenue (that is, amounts higher than originally anticipated) that may become available during the budget execution period, and is it legally required to do so?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 116 examines whether the executive receives approval from the legislature prior to spending excess revenue, and whether it is legally required to do so. Good practice requires the legislature to approve changes in revenue or expenditure relative to the Enacted Budget. For example, if additional revenue is*

collected unexpectedly during the year, which often happens in oil/mineral-dependent countries, and it was not accounted for in the Enacted Budget, there should be a procedure in place to ensure that the legislature approves any proposed use of these "new" funds. If such requirements are not in place, the executive might deliberately underestimate revenue in the budget proposal it submits to the legislature, in order to have additional resources to spend at the executive's discretion, with no legislative control.

To answer "a," the executive is required by law or regulation to obtain prior legislative approval before spending any funds resulting from higher-than-expected revenues, and it does so in practice. Answer "b" applies if the executive obtains legislative approval before spending excess revenue, but is not legally required to do so. Answer "c" applies if the executive is legally required to receive legislative approval before spending excess revenue, but does not do so in practice. Answer "d" applies if prior legislative approval is not legally required for the executive to spend excess revenue and the executive does not obtain legislative approval in practice. A "d" response applies if the legislature only approves the additional spending after it has already occurred.

Typically, legislative approval of additional spending beyond what was reflected in the Enacted Budget would occur with the adoption of a supplemental budget. But other formal procedures for getting approval from the legislature in advance of it adopting the supplemental budget may exist. If that is the case, then please provide information about that approval process.

Answer:

d. There is no law or regulation requiring the executive to obtain approval from the legislature prior to spending excess revenues, and in practice the executive spends these funds before obtaining approval from the legislature.

Source:

Loi Organique du Budget.

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2019-08/loi\\_organique\\_budget\\_2019.pdf](http://www.finances.gov.tn/sites/default/files/2019-08/loi_organique_budget_2019.pdf)

Comment:

En cas de recettes excédentaires, il n'y a aucune disposition dans la loi exigeant l'obtention d'une approbation préalable de la part du législatif.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La nouvelle LOB de 2019 ne prévoit aucun règlement exigeant que l'Exécutif obtienne l'approbation du Législatif avant de dépenser des revenus excédentaires.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

117. Does the executive seek approval from the legislature prior to reducing spending below the levels in the Enacted Budget in response to revenue shortfalls (that is, revenues lower than originally anticipated) or other reasons during the budget execution period, and is it legally required to do so?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 117 examines whether the executive receives approval from the legislature prior to cutting spending below the levels in the Enacted Budget in response to revenue shortfalls or for any other reason, and whether it is legally required to do so. Good practice requires the legislature to approve changes in revenue or expenditure relative to the Enacted Budget. For example, if less revenue is collected unexpectedly during the year, the legislature should approve or reject any proposed reductions in expenditures that are implemented as a result. If such requirements are not in place, the executive might substantially change the composition of the budget at the executive's discretion, with no legislative control.

Typically, legislative approval of proposals to reduce spending below the levels reflected in the Enacted Budget would occur as part of the supplemental budget. But other formal procedures for getting approval from the legislature in advance of it adopting the supplemental budget may exist. If that is the case, then please provide information about that approval process.

To answer "a," the executive is required by law or regulation to obtain prior legislative approval before implementing spending cuts in response to revenue shortfalls or for other reasons, and it does so in practice. Answer "b" applies if the executive received legislative approval before implementing such cuts, but is not legally required to do so. Answer "c" applies if the executive is legally required to obtain legislative approval before implementing such cuts, but does not do so in practice. Answer "d" applies if legislative approval is not legally required for the executive to implement such cuts and the executive does not obtain such approval in practice. A "d" response applies if the legislature only approves the spending cuts after they have already occurred.

Answer:

d. There is no law or regulation requiring the executive to obtain approval from the legislature prior to reducing spending below enacted levels, and in practice the executive implements these spending cuts before seeking prior approval from the legislature.

Source:

Les lois de finances complémentaires de 2011 à 2020

[http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/loi\\_finance](http://www.finances.gov.tn/fr/loi_finance)

Comment:

Annuellement depuis 2011, le gouvernement a eu recours à des lois de finances complémentaires/rectificatives qui sont adoptées par l'Assemblée

après avoir procédé effectivement aux modifications. Dans la pratique, ces lois sont approuvées en fin d'année.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il n'existe aucune réglementation exigeant que l'Exécutif obtienne l'approbation du Législatif avant de réduire les dépenses en dessous des niveaux adoptés. L'Exécutif soumet généralement au Législatif des projets de loi de finances complémentaires portant sur les modifications apportées au budget approuvé initialement et ce en cours d'exécution (en milieu d'année et/ou à la fin de l'année) en vue de les faire adopter.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

118. Did a committee of the legislature examine the Audit Report on the annual budget produced by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI)?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 118 is about ex post oversight following the implementation of the budget. It probes whether a committee examined the Audit Report on the annual budget produced by the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI), and whether this resulted in an official report with findings and recommendations. A key issue is how soon after the SAI releases the report does it legislature review it. This question does not apply to the legislative scrutiny of in-year implementation of the Enacted Budget during the relevant budget execution period, which is assessed separately. Also, the question is asking specifically about the SAI's annual report on the execution of the budget, not about other audit reports that the SAI may produce. (This is the Audit Report used for responding to Question 98.)*

*To answer "a," a legislative committee must have examined the annual Audit Report within three months of it being released by the SAI, and then published a report (or reports) with findings and recommendations. (Note that the three-month period should only take into account time when the legislature is in session.)*

*Answer "b" applies when the committee examines it within six months of it being released (but more than three months), and then published a report with its findings and recommendations. Choose "c" if a committee examined the annual Audit Report more than six months after it became available or it did not publish any report with findings and recommendations. Answer "d" applies where no committee examined the annual Audit Report.*

*If the answer is "a" or "b," please specify the name of the committee and when it reviewed the Audit Report, and provide a copy of its report(s). If the answer is "c," please specify the name of the committee and when it reviewed budget implementation. Answers "a," "b," or "c" may be selected if the Audit Report is produced by the SAI but not made publicly available.*

Answer:

d. No, a committee did not examine the Audit Report on the annual budget.

Source:

[http://arp.tn/site/main/AR/activites/fiche\\_act.jsp?cn=114471&t=37](http://arp.tn/site/main/AR/activites/fiche_act.jsp?cn=114471&t=37)  
(site officiel de l'assemblée des représentants du peuple)

Comment:

Contrairement au rapport d'audit pour l'année 2016, celui de 2018 n'aurait pas été examiné par la commission des finances. Selon le site web de l'assemblée (lien en haut), le rapport d'audit pour l'année 2018 a été remis à l'assemblée le 5 février 2021, c'est à dire bien après les délais impartis.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La commission des finances au sein de l'ARP n'a pas examiné le rapport d'audit, sur la loi de règlement du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2018 élaboré par la Cour des Comptes.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

119. Was the process of appointing (or re-appointing) the current head of the SAI carried out in a way that ensures his or her independence?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 119 concerns the appointment process of the current head of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI). Appointment procedures vary greatly across countries, as well as across different types of SAIs. Moreover, conventions and informal practices can greatly affect the de facto independence of the head of the SAI. While these factors make it difficult to devise a single metric against which all SAIs can be assessed with regard to this particular aspect, this question focuses on whether the legislature or judiciary must appoint or approve the appointment of the head of the SAI as a way to ensure the SAI's independence from the executive. However, if the appointment is carried out in another way that nonetheless ensures the independence of the SAI head, then that approach could be also considered.*

To answer "a," the legislature or judiciary must appoint (or re-appoint) the head of the SAI, or approve the recommendation of the executive, as a way that ensure his or her independence from the executive. (As noted above, alternative approaches may also be acceptable.) Choose "b" if the appointment process does not ensure the independence of the head of the SAI, e.g. the executive may appoint the head of the SAI without the final consent of the legislature or judiciary.

Irrespective of which answer you selected, provide a description of how the head of the SAI is appointed.

Answer:

a. Yes, the head of the SAI may only be appointed by the legislature or judiciary, or the legislature or judiciary must give final consent before the appointment takes effect.

Source:

<https://legislation-securite.tn/ar/node/104563>

Loi Organique 41-2019 de la Cour des comptes (article 21)

Comment:

Depuis l'entrée en vigueur de la nouvelle loi organique de la cour des comptes à partir du premier janvier 2020, le Premier Président de la cour est désigné par le Conseil de la justice financière qui fait partie du Conseil Supérieur de la Magistrature. Cette décision est par la suite "formalisée" à travers un décret présidentiel qui l'officialise.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le premier Président de la Cour des Comptes, chef de l'ISC, est désigné par le Conseil de la justice financière, organe judiciaire faisant partie du Conseil supérieur de la magistrature. Cette désignation est en fait officialisée par un décret présidentiel, conformément à la nouvelle loi organique de la Cour des Comptes.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

120. Must a branch of government other than the executive (such as the legislature or the judiciary) give final consent before the head of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) can be removed from office?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 120 covers the manner in which the head or senior members of the SAI may be removed from office. This question draws on best practices identified in the Lima Declaration of Guidelines on Auditing Precepts (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/LimaDeclaration.pdf>), including measures intended to guarantee the office's independence from the executive.*

*To answer "a," the head of the SAI may only be removed by the legislature or judiciary, or the legislature or judiciary must give final consent before the head of the SAI is removed. For example, the legislature or judiciary may give final consent following a certain external process, such as a criminal proceeding. So while the executive may initiate a criminal proceeding, the final consent of a member of the judiciary – or a judge – is necessary to render a verdict of wrongdoing that may lead to the removal from office of the head of the SAI. Answer "b" applies if the executive may remove the head of the SAI without the final consent of the judiciary or legislature.*

Answer:

c. Not applicable/other (please comment).

Source:

<https://legislation-securite.tn/ar/node/104563>

Loi Organique 41-2019 de la Cour des comptes (article 21)

Comment:

La loi organique ne se prononce pas sur les modalités de destitution du Premier Président de la cour. L'article 21 porte uniquement sur les modalités de désignation. Par ailleurs, la loi est entrée en vigueur récemment (le premier janvier 2020). La question ne s'est donc pas posée dans la pratique. Après consultation de deux experts en la matière, la question de la destitution du Président s'avère confuse au niveau juridique. Les avis divergent se situant entre deux interprétations: la première se réfère au processus de désignation impliquant le Conseil Supérieur de la Magistrature. Ce dernier aurait donc la faculté de démettre le Président, étant l'instance qui l'a proposé/désigné. L'autre interprétation implique le président de la république qui aurait la possibilité de démettre le président de la cour par décret présidentiel, sans prendre l'avis du Conseil.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree



Comments: La loi organique de la Cour des Comptes, entrée en vigueur à partir du 01/01/2020, ne se prononce pas sur les modalités de destitution du Premier Président de la Cour. L'article 21 porte uniquement sur les modalités de désignation. La question de la destitution du Président est certes ambiguë sur le plan juridique. Certains pensent que l'organe ayant désigné le Président de cette instance, à savoir le Conseil Supérieur de la Magistrature, il est à même de le démettre. D'autres voient que la désignation du Président de la Cour est officialisée et prend effet par décret présidentiel. Dans ce cas de figure, le président de la République aurait la possibilité de démettre le président de la Cour par décret présidentiel, sans prendre l'avis du Conseil Supérieur de la Magistrature.

Government Reviewer  
Opinion: Agree

121. Who determines the budget of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI)?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 121 asks who determines the budget of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI). To ensure objective audits of government budgets, another important component of the SAI's independence from the executive is the extent to which the SAI's budget is determined by a body other than the executive, and whether the SAI has adequate resources to fulfill its mandate.*

*Answer "a" applies if the funding level is broadly consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate, AND either the SAI determines its own budget and then submits it to the executive (which accepts it with little or no change) or directly to the legislature, or the budget of the SAI is determined directly by the legislature or judiciary (or some independent body). Answer "b" applies if the SAI's budget is determined by the executive (absent a recommendation from the SAI), and the funding level is broadly consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate. Answer "c" applies if the legislature or judiciary (or some independent body) determines the SAI's budget, but the funding level is not consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate. Answer "d" applies if the executive determines the SAI's budget, and the funding level is not consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate. Please provide evidence in support of the assessment that the funding level is or is not broadly consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate.*

Answer:

a. The SAI determines its own budget (i.e., submits it to the executive, which accepts it with little or no change, or directly to the legislature), or the budget of the SAI is determined by the legislature or judiciary (or some independent body), and the funding level is broadly consistent with the resources the SAI needs to fulfill its mandate.

Source:

-Loi organique de la Cour( Article 3) <https://legislation-securite.tn/ar/node/104563>

- Divers articles de presse, comme par exemple <https://www.webmanagercenter.com/2020/12/05/460257/arp-debats-sur-le-budget-de-la-cour-des-comptes-de-2021/>

Comment:

Selon l'article 3 de la nouvelle LO de la cour - entrée en vigueur début 2020- la cour jouit d'une "autonomie totale" en matières administrative et financière. Dans la pratique, la proposition budgétaire de la cour pour l'année 2021 a été débattue et adoptée le 5 décembre 2020 lors d'une séance plénière à l'Assemblée tel que le montrent plusieurs articles et communiqués de presse.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Selon l'article 3 de la nouvelle loi organique de la Cour des Comptes, entrée en vigueur le 01/01/ 2020, cette instance jouit d'une autonomie totale en matières administrative et financière. Concrètement et pour l'année budgétaire 2021, la Cour des Comptes a soumis sa propre proposition budgétaire, qui a été débattue et adoptée le 5 décembre 2020 lors d'une séance plénière à l'ARP.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

122. Does the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) have the discretion in law to undertake those audits it may wish to?

*GUIDELINES:*

*Question 122 explores the scope of the investigative powers of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) as prescribed in law.*

*Question 97 asks which of the three types of audits – financial, compliance, and performance – the SAI conducts. This question asks if the SAI is constrained by law (rather than by a lack of capacity or an inadequate budget) from undertaking any form of audit or investigating irregularities in any program or activity.*

*There are numerous examples of limitations. For instance, some SAIs are not permitted by their legal mandate to audit joint ventures or other public-private arrangements. Others are only allowed to undertake financial audits, precluded from conducting performance or value-for-money audits. The SAIs in some countries do not have the legal mandate to review arrangements involving oil or stabilization funds, or other types of special or extra- budgetary funds. The SAI*

may also not have the ability to audit commercial projects involving the public and private sector.

To answer "a," the SAI must have full discretion in law to decide which audits to undertake. Answer "b" applies if some limitations exist, but the SAI enjoys significant discretion to undertake those audits it wishes to. Answer "c" applies if the SAI has some discretion, but significant legal limitations exist. Answer "d" applies if the SAI has no power at all to choose which audits to undertake

Consulting the Lima Declaration of Guidelines on Auditing Precepts (<http://internationalbudget.org/wp-content/uploads/LimaDeclaration.pdf>) may be useful in answering this question as its provisions serve to define the appropriate scope of a SAI's legal mandate and jurisdiction.

Answer:

a. The SAI has full discretion to decide which audits it wishes to undertake.

Source:

Loi organique de la Cour 41-2019 (article 4)  
<https://legislation-securite.tn/ar/node/104563>

Comment:

Selon les dispositions de l'article 4, la cour dispose du "droit d'autosaisie" lui permettant de procéder aux audits de tous les établissements relevant de ses attributions. Ledit article lui garantit également l'accès à toutes les informations demandées.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: L'article 4 de la nouvelle loi organique de la Cour des Comptes, entrée en vigueur le 01/01/2020, lui octroi le droit d'auto-saisine. C'est à dire, lui permet de procéder aux audits de tous les établissements relevant de ses attributions. Ledit article lui garantie également l'accès à toutes les informations demandées.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

123. Are the audit processes of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) reviewed by an independent agency?

**GUIDELINES:**

Question 123 assesses whether and to what extent the audit processes of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) are subject to review by an independent agency. The latter could be a peer SAI, an international organization, an academic institution with relevant expertise, or an independent domestic agency with quality assurance functions in the area of financial reporting.

To answer "a," an independent agency must conduct and publish a review of the audit processes of the SAI on an annual basis. Answer "b" applies if a review was carried out within the past five years, and published, but it is not conducted annually, but. Choose answer "c" if the SAI has an internal unit that reviews the audit processes of the SAI on a regular basis, but an independent agency does not conduct such a review. Answer "d" applies if the audit processes of the SAI are reviewed neither by an independent agency nor by a unit within the SAI.

If the answer is either "a" or "b," please specify the name of the independent agency and when last it conducted such a review, and provide a copy of the published report. If the answer is "c," please specify the name of the unit within the SAI that is tasked with conducting such reviews.

Answer:

d. No, the audit processes of the SAI are reviewed neither by an independent agency nor by a unit within the SAI.

Source:

Articles 8 et 12 de la loi organique 34-2016 portant sur le Conseil Supérieur de la Magistrature  
<https://legislation-securite.tn/fr/node/45776>

Comment:

Selon la loi, la cour des comptes opère sous le contrôle et la supervision du Conseil de la Magistrature Financière, mais dans la pratique, le conseil n'a jamais conduit de revue du processus d'audit.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Selon la loi organique organique de la Cour des Comptes, entrée en vigueur le 01/01/2020, cette instance opère le processus d'audit sous le contrôle et la supervision du Conseil de la Magistrature Financière, mais dans la pratique ce dernier n'a jamais conduit de revue du processus d'audit.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: I choose not to review this question

124. In the past 12 months, how frequently did the head or a senior staff member of the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) take part and testify in hearings of a committee of the legislature?

**GUIDELINES:**

*Question 124 concerns the interaction between two important oversight actors and assesses how frequently the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) made high-level inputs to the work of legislative committees. Many SAIs interact with the legislature in some form, but the nature and intensity of the interaction varies. This question probes this aspect by asking, with reference to the past 12 months, how frequently the head or a senior staff member of the SAI took part and testified in hearings of a committee of the legislature. The intent is to assess the extent to which the SAI representative in question was not only present at a meeting of a legislative committee, but was an active participant (as opposed to a passive observer, serving only as a resource when called upon). You can refer to official records of legislative committees, websites and annual reports of the SAI, press releases and media coverage, for example. Choose answer "a" if this occurred five times or more; "b" for three times or more, but less than five times; "c" for once or twice, and "d" for never.*

**Answer:**

b. Sometimes (i.e., three times or more, but less than five times).

**Source:**

- Audition du 19 novembre 2020 à la commission de la législation générale  
<https://majles.marsad.tn/fr/event/2020/11/19/09/legislation>

-<https://ar.lemaghreb.tn/%D8%B3%D9%8A%D8%A7%D8%B3%D8%A9/%D9%85%D8%AC%D9%84%D8%B3-%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D9%88%D8%A7%D8%A8/item/46591-%D8%AE%D9%84%D8%A7%D9%84-%D8%AC%D9%84%D8%B3%D8%A9-%D8%AD%D9%88%D8%A7%D8%B1-%D9%85%D8%B9-%D8%B1%D8%A6%D9%8A%D8%B3-%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%AC%D9%84%D8%B3-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%B9%D9%84%D9%89-%D9%84%D9%84%D9%82%D8%B6%D8%A7%D8%A1-%D9%88%D9%85%D9%85%D8%AB%D9%84%D9%8A-%D9%87%D9%8A%D8%A7%D9%83%D9%84%D9%87-%D8%AA%D9%82%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%B1-%D9%85%D8%AD%D9%83%D9%85%D8%A9-%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%AD%D8%A7%D8%B3%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%AA-%D8%A5%D8%B4%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%8A%D8%A7%D8%AA-%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%B1%D9%81%D9%82-%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%82%D8%B6%D8%A7%D8%A6%D9%8A-%D9%88%D8%AA%D9%86%D9%81%D9%8A%D8%B0-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D8%AD%D9%83%D8%A7%D9%85-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A5%D8%AF%D8%A7%D8%B1%D9%8A%D8%A9-%D8%A3%D9%87%D9%85-%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%AD%D8%A7%D9%88%D8%B1> (14 novembre 2020)

-<https://www.jawharafm.net/ar/article/%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%B1%D8%A6%D9%8A%D8%B3-%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%A3%D9%88%D9%84-%D9%84%D9%85%D8%AD%D9%83%D9%85%D8%A9-%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%85%D8%AD%D8%A7%D8%B3%D8%A8%D8%A7%D8%AA-%D9%87%D9%86%D8%A7%D9%83-%D9%86%D9%88%D9%91%D8%A7%D8%A8-%D9%81%D9%8A-%D9%88%D8%B6%D8%B9%D9%8A%D9%91%D8%A9-%D8%AA%D8%B6%D8%A7%D8%B1%D8%A8-%D9%85%D8%B5%D8%A7%D9%84%D8%AD-/105/182502> (5 décembre 2020)

**Comment:**

Comme le montrent les liens en haut, le Premier Président de la cour s'est rendu à 3 audiences à l'assemblée durant la période allant du 1er janvier au 31 décembre 2020. Ces audiences ont porté sur le projet de budget de la cour ainsi que sur le rapport annuel. Les principales structures concernées sont la commission des finances et celle de la réforme administrative et la lutte contre la corruption.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Durant la période allant du 01/01/2020 au 31/12/2020, le Premier Président de la Cour des comptes s'est rendu à 3 reprises pour des audiences à l'ARP. Les structures concernées au sein de l'ARP sont la commission des finances et celle de la réforme administrative et la lutte contre la corruption. Les audiences ont porté sur le projet de budget de la Cour ainsi que sur son rapport annuel.

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

125. Does the executive use participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during the formulation of the annual budget (prior to the budget being tabled in parliament)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles on "Inclusiveness" and "Timeliness" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the executive are truly interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the executive.*

*The drafting of this question and its answers are partially drawn from the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation, in particular with regards to the concepts of "involvement" (option "a" in the responses) and "consultation" (option "b"). See:*

[https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations\\_course/IAP2\\_P2\\_Spectrum\\_FINAL.pdf](https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations_course/IAP2_P2_Spectrum_FINAL.pdf).

Please consider only participation mechanisms that the Ministry of Finance, lead budget agency, or central coordinating agency designated by the government to implement participation mechanisms ("the executive") is currently using to allow the public to participate in the formulation of the annual budget, including annual pre-budget discussions. Participation mechanisms used only by line ministries should not be used to answer this question. If there is more than one mechanism used by the executive, please select the deepest or most interactive mechanism that reflects the government's efforts to incorporate citizens' input into the formulation of the annual budget. The participation mechanisms can involve a range of different issues, such as spending and tax policy, funding and revenue levels, and macro-fiscal planning.

To answer "a," the executive must use open participation mechanisms that involve the public in the formulation of the annual budget. This means that a public process is in place whereby CSOs and/or individual members of the public and government officials interact, and have the opportunity to express their opinions to each other in what can be considered a public dialogue between them (i.e., in-person and online discussion forums). Additionally, the mechanism should be open to any CSO and/or individual members of the public who wish to participate. By selecting this answer, the researcher must present evidence to support the presence of a public dialogue among citizens and government officials. Examples include public meetings and online deliberative exchanges.

Answer "b" applies if an open consultation mechanism is in place whereby members of the public (i.e., individuals and/or CSOs as well as academics, independent experts, policy think tanks, and business organizations) can provide their input in the formulation of the annual budget. This answer applies if the government is using a mechanism that is structured and well established, and not ad-hoc. The researcher must present evidence to support the presence of consultative processes through which the executive seeks out inputs from citizens. Examples include surveys, focus groups, report cards, published policy consultation exercises, and online platforms that government officials actively manage to solicit inputs.

Answer "c" applies if the executive has established a mechanism or mechanisms to allow citizens to participate in the budget formulation phase, but:

1) The mechanisms are not structured and happen only on ad-hoc basis, or not regularly.

and/or

2) The executive consults with and/or interacts with, citizens, but there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, and the executive determines fully or partially such selection process by inviting specific groups (for example by making an open call but just to experts from a particular sector, or naming specific organizations). While it is not possible for all citizens and/or CSOs to participate in this or other phases of the budget process, options "a" and "b" apply if the government does not exercise any discretion in determining who is allowed to participate. While there is likely going to be self-selection, it is important that the selection is not made by the executive.

In cases where there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, to select answer choice "c", there should be some sort of public record (held in public, minutes of meetings released to public) so that the all CSOs and individual members of the public can have knowledge of the meeting, who participated, and what was discussed.

Examples of mechanisms that might qualify as a "c" response include hotlines, Facebook announcements, and one-off meetings with NGOs in which there is a public record.

The researcher must present evidence to support selection of a "c" response.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation stage.

Answer:

c. Yes, the executive uses participation mechanisms during the budget formulation phase, but either these mechanisms capture only some ad-hoc views, or the executive invites specific individuals or groups for budget discussions (participation is not, in practice, open to everyone).

Source:

Avis des partenaires sociaux.

Comment:

Aucun mécanisme de participation n'a été engagé par l'exécutif durant la phase de formulation du projet de budget 2021. Contrairement aux années précédentes, les partenaires sociaux n'ont pas été consultés.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: L'Exécutif n'a pas mis en place un mécanisme de participation durant la phase d'élaboration du projet de budget 2021. Rien n'indique que l'Exécutif ait établi de concertations avec les partenaires sociaux habituels avant de soumettre son projet de budget au Législatif.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Disagree

Suggested Answer:

c. Yes, the executive uses participation mechanisms during the budget formulation phase, but either these mechanisms capture only some ad-hoc views, or the executive invites specific individuals or groups for budget discussions (participation is not, in practice, open to everyone).

Comments: A fin de concrétiser l'approche participative dans la phase de formulation et de préparation du budget de l'Etat, le ministre des finances organise des réunions avec des représentants des OSC y compris les unions de travail (UGTT), l'union tunisienne de l'industrie de commerce et de l'artisanat (UTICA).....

Researcher Response

Après vérification, il s'avère qu'il y a eu des réunions de concertation sur le PLF entre le gouvernement et quelques organisations, tel que le montre l'article suivant <https://www.webmanagercenter.com/2020/11/26/459729/rencontre-gouvernement-ugtt-sur-le-projet-de-loi-de-finances-2021/>

J'approuve le changement de réponse de "d" à "c".

IBP Comment

Le commentaire de l'examinateur du gouvernement ainsi que la "Response to Review" du chercheur sont bien notés. La réponse est révisée de "d" à "c".

126. With regard to the mechanism identified in question 125, does the executive take concrete steps to include vulnerable and under-represented parts of the population in the formulation of the annual budget?

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principle of "Inclusiveness", and examines the executive's effort to actively reach out to citizens who are from socially vulnerable groups and/or underrepresented in national processes. The emphasis here is on the executive's efforts to seek out the views of members of the public from socially vulnerable groups and/or who are underrepresented in the process.*

*To answer "a," the executive must actively seek out individuals from at least one vulnerable and underrepresented community and/or civil society organization representing vulnerable and underrepresented individuals and communities. The researcher must provide evidence to show the government's efforts and actions. The researcher must speak with the relevant government official(s), and subsequently double check with an alternative source, such as representatives of vulnerable/underrepresented groups.*

*Answer "b" applies if the executive does not take concrete steps to incorporate vulnerable/underrepresented individuals, or organizations representing them, into participation mechanisms or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation stage.*

Answer:

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

Source:

NS

Comment:

L'exécutif n'entreprend pas d'initiatives impliquant les groupes vulnérables dans la préparation du budget.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rien n'indique que l'Exécutif ait utilisé un quelconque mécanisme de participation des groupes vulnérables de la population durant la phase d'élaboration du projet de budget 2021.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

127. During the budget formulation stage, which of the following key topics does the executive's engagement with citizens cover?

For the purpose of this question, key topics are considered to be:

1. Macroeconomic issues
2. Revenue forecasts, policies, and administration
3. Social spending policies
4. Deficit and debt levels
5. Public investment projects
6. Public services

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Timeliness". Please consider all of the mechanisms currently used by the executive to promote public participation during the formulation of the annual budget.*

*Please note that while the public engagement can/may cover other topics -- and for this reason the other questions assessing the executive's engagement with the public during budget formulation can be answered on the basis of engagement on topics other than the six listed above -- for the purpose of answering this question, "key topics" are considered to be only the ones listed above. If the executive's engagement with the public covers topics other than the six listed above, please specify these topics in the comments.*

*Note also that this question assesses only the coverage of public engagement (i.e., "what issues is the public invited to engage on?") and issues related to the depth of engagement or selectivity of engaged are not dealt with by this question.*

If written materials about the public engagement, such as an invitation, do not specify the coverage of the public engagement, but the researcher has personally participated in the engagement, s/he may respond to this question based on firsthand experience of the coverage of the public engagement.

Answer "d" applies if requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation stage.

Answer:

c. The executive's engagement with citizens covers at least one (but less than three) of the above-mentioned topics.

Source:

NS

Comment:

L'exécutif n'engage aucun mécanisme participatif avec le citoyen lors de la phase de formulation du budget.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: L'Exécutif n'a usé d'aucun mécanisme de participation des citoyens durant le processus d'élaboration du budget 2021.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: A fin de concrétiser l'approche participative dans la phase de formulation et de préparation du budget de l'Etat, le ministre des finances organise des réunions avec des représentants des OSC y compris les unions de travail (UGTT), l'union tunisienne de l'industrie de commerce et de l'artisanat (UTICA).....

Researcher Response

Réponse "d" maintenue, dans la mesure où cette question se rapporte à des consultations impliquant le grand public/citoyens et non pas à quelques organisations spécifiques.

IBP Comment

Les commentaires des examinateurs externes et la "Response to Review" du chercheur sont bien notés. Alors que cette question fait référence aux « citoyens », elle s'applique au mécanisme évalué à la question 125. Pour garantir l'application cohérente de la méthodologie de l'enquête dans tous les pays, la réponse est révisée de « d » à « c ».

128. Does the executive use participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input in monitoring the implementation of the annual budget?

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles on "Inclusiveness" and "Timeliness" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the executive are truly interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the executive.*

*The drafting of this question and its answers are partially drawn from the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation, in particular with regards to the concepts of "involvement" (option "a" in the responses) and "consultation" (option "b"). See:*

[https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations\\_course/IAP2\\_P2\\_Spectrum\\_FINAL.pdf](https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations_course/IAP2_P2_Spectrum_FINAL.pdf).

*Please consider only participation mechanisms that the Ministry of Finance, lead budget agency, or central coordinating agency designated by the government to implement participation mechanisms ("the executive") is currently using to allow the public to participate in monitoring the implementation of the annual budget. If the executive has designated a central coordinating agency to implement participation mechanisms throughout the national budget process, researchers may consider these mechanisms. Participation mechanisms used only by line ministries should not be used to answer this question. If there is more than one mechanism used by the executive, please select the deepest or most interactive mechanism that reflects the government's efforts to incorporate citizens' input into the implementation of the annual budget. The participation mechanisms can involve a range of different issues, such as revenue administration, public service delivery, public investment project implementation, including procurement, and the administration of social transfer schemes.*

*To answer "a," the executive must use open participation mechanisms that involve the public in the implementation of the annual budget. This means that a public process is in place whereby CSOs and/or individual members of the public and government officials interact, and have the opportunity to express their opinions to each other in what can be considered a public dialogue between them (i.e., in-person and online discussion forums). Additionally, the mechanism should be open to any CSO and/or individual members of the public who wish to participate. By selecting this answer, the researcher must present evidence to support the presence of a public dialogue among citizens and government official. Examples include public meetings, online, deliberative exchanges, procurement complaint mechanisms, and social monitoring and dialogue.*

*Answer "b" applies if an open consultation mechanism is in place whereby members of the public (i.e., individuals and/or CSOs as well as academics, independent experts, policy think tanks, and business organizations) can provide their input on the implementation of the annual budget. This answer applies if the government is using a mechanism that is structured and well established, and not ad-hoc. The researcher must present evidence to support the presence of consultative processes through which the executive seeks out inputs from citizens. Examples include public hearings, surveys, focus groups, report cards, and online platforms that government officials actively manage to solicit inputs.*

Answer "c" applies if the executive has established a mechanism or mechanisms to allow citizens to provide input on budget implementation, but:

1) The mechanisms are not structured, happen only on ad-hoc basis, or not regularly.

and/or

2) The executive consults with and/or interacts with, citizens, but there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, and the executive determines fully or partially such selection process by inviting specific groups (for example by making an open call but just to experts from a particular sector, or naming specific organizations). While it is not possible for all citizens and/or CSOs to participate in this or other phases of the budget process, options "a" and "b" apply if the government does not exercise any discretion in determining who is allowed to participate. While there is likely going to be self-selection, it is important that the selection is not made by the executive.

In cases where there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, to select answer choice "c", the researcher must have evidence that the government is holding participation mechanisms that have some sort of public record (held in public, minutes of meetings released to public) so that all CSOs and members of the public can have knowledge of the meeting, who participated, and what was discussed.

Examples include hotlines, Facebook announcements, one-off meetings with NGOs in which there is a public record.

The researcher must present evidence to support selection of a "c" response.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation stage.

Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

Source:

NS

Comment:

L'exécutif n'adopte pas de mécanismes à travers lesquels le public peut fournir des inputs sur l'exécution du budget.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: L'Exécutif n'a utilisé aucun mécanisme de participation par lesquels le public peut contribuer au suivi de la mise en œuvre du budget annuel.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

129. With regard to the mechanism identified in question 128, does the executive take concrete steps to receive input from vulnerable and underrepresented parts of the population on the implementation of the annual budget?

**GUIDELINES:**

This question reflects the GIFT principle of "Inclusiveness", and examines the executive's effort to actively reach out to citizens who are from socially vulnerable groups and/or underrepresented in national processes. The emphasis here is on national government's efforts to obtain input from members of the public who are from socially vulnerable groups and/or underrepresented in national processes during the implementation of the annual budget.

To answer "a," the executive must actively seek out individuals from at least one vulnerable and underrepresented community and/or civil society organization representing vulnerable and underrepresented individuals and communities. The researcher must provide evidence to show the government's efforts and actions. The researcher must speak with the relevant government official(s), and subsequently double check with an alternative source, such as representatives from vulnerable/underrepresented groups.

Answer "b" applies if the national executive does not take concrete steps to incorporate vulnerable/underrepresented individuals, or organizations representing them, into participation mechanisms or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation stage.

Answer:

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

Source:

NS

Comment:

L'exécutif n'entreprend pas d'initiatives permettant aux groupes vulnérables de fournir des inputs sur le suivi de l'exécution du budget.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: L'Exécutif n'entreprend pas d'initiatives permettant aux groupes vulnérables de la population de fournir des inputs pour le suivi de l'exécution du budget.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

130. During the implementation of the annual budget, which of the following topics does the executive's engagement with citizens cover?

For the purpose of this question, key topics are considered to be:

1. Changes in macroeconomic circumstances
2. Delivery of public services
3. Collection of revenue
4. Implementation of social spending
5. Changes in deficit and debt levels
6. Implementation of public investment projects

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Timeliness". Please consider all of the mechanisms currently used by the executive to promote public participation during the implementation of the annual budget.*

*Please note that while the public engagement can/may cover other topics -- and for this reason the other questions assessing the executive's engagement with the public during budget implementation can be answered on the basis of engagement on topics other than the six listed above -- for the purpose of answering this question, "key topics" are considered to be ONLY the ones listed above. If the executive's engagement with the public covers topics other than the six listed above, please specify these topics in the comments.*

*Note also that this question assesses only the coverage of public engagement (i.e., "what issues is the public invited to engage on?") and issues related to the depth of engagement or selectivity of engaged are not dealt with by this question.*

*If written materials about the public engagement, such as an invitation, do not specify the coverage of the public engagement, but the researcher has personally participated in the engagement, s/he may respond to this question based on firsthand experience of the coverage of the public engagement.*

*Answer "d" applies if requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation stage.*

Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Il n'y a pas de mécanismes engageant les citoyens durant l'implémentation du Budget.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Il n'existe pas de mécanismes de participation des citoyens dans la mise en oeuvre du budget annuel.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

131. When the executive engages with the public, does it provide comprehensive prior information on the process of the engagement, so that the public can participate in an informed manner?

Comprehensive information must include at least three of the following elements:



1. Purpose
2. Scope
3. Constraints
4. Intended outcomes
5. Process and timeline

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question relates to the GIFT principle of "Openness," and addresses whether the executive provides relevant information on the process of the engagement before public participation takes place, in order to help citizens engage effectively. The question addresses whether the "rules of the public engagement" are clearly spelled out, in advance and in detail, so that those members of the public who want to engage know how to do so, in terms of when they can do so, what they are expected to provide input on, by when, to whom, etc. This question does not cover the substance of the engagement, which is covered by questions 127 and 130.*

*Non-comprehensive information means that the government provides information that includes at least one but less than three of the elements listed above.*

*Purpose refers to a brief explanation of why the public engagement is being undertaken, including the executive's objectives for its engagement with the public.*

*Scope refers to what is within the subject matter of the engagement as well as what is outside the subject matter of the engagement. For example, the scope may include how a current policy is administered but exclude the specifics of the policies themselves.*

*Constraints refers to whether there are any explicit limitations on the engagement. An example of a constraint could be that any policy changes must not cost (or forgo revenue) more than a specific amount or have no net fiscal cost.*

*Intended outcomes refers to what the executive hopes to achieve as a result of the engagement. Examples of intended outcomes could be revising a policy to better reflect citizen or service-user views or to improve the way in which a particular program is administered.*

*Process refers to the methods by which the public engagement will take place and the discrete steps in the process. For example, the process may simply be a one-off Internet-based consultation, with a summary published of public inputs and the official response. The process may involve simultaneous or overlapping steps, and may be conducted in one round or in two or more rounds of engagement.*

*Timeline refers to the specific dates on which the discrete steps in the process will take place, or during which they will be completed, and clear start and end dates for the overall engagement.*

*Answer "d" applies if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation or formulation stage.*

Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

Source:

NS

Comment:

L'exécutif ne fournit pas d'informations exhaustives sur le processus de participation.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Rien n'indique que l'Exécutif s'engage avec le public afin de lui permettre de participer en toute connaissance de cause au processus d'élaboration du budget.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

132. With regard to the mechanism identified in question 125, does the executive provide the public with feedback on how citizens' inputs have been used in the formulation of the annual budget?

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Sustainability", and examines the extent to which the executive provides information to citizens on which public inputs were received, which ones are used in the formulation of the annual budget, and how/why.*

*By "written record", we mean a document that is produced and released by the lead budget agency (Ministry of Finance, Treasury) that has set up and holds the participation activity.*

*Answer "a" applies when the executive provides a written document with:*

- The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public and

- A detailed report on how the inputs were used or not used (such report should include information on which inputs were used or not used, why, and how)

Answer "b" applies when the executive provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public and
- A not-so-detailed report, such as a document with a few paragraphs, on how public inputs were used or not used. This document only gives a general idea on how those inputs were used or not used.

Answer "c" applies when the executive provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public or
- A report (being it detailed or not-so-detailed) on how public inputs have been used or not used.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation stage.

Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

Source:

NS

Comment:

L'exécutif ne fournit pas de feedback sur la manière par laquelle les inputs des citoyens ont été pris en considération.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: L'Exécutif n'a pas mis en place un mécanisme de participation durant la phase d'élaboration du projet de budget 2021. Et il ne fournit pas au public un retour d'information sur la manière dont les éventuelles contributions des citoyens ont été prises en compte dans la formulation du budget annuel.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

133. With regard to the mechanism identified in question 128, does the executive provide the public with information on how citizens' inputs have been used to assist in monitoring the implementation of the annual budget?

**GUIDELINES:**

This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Sustainability", and examines the extent to which the executive provides information to citizens on which public inputs were received during the implementation of the annual budget, which ones are taken into account to improve budget monitoring, and how/why.

By "written record", we mean a document that is produced and released by the lead budget agency (Ministry of Finance, Treasury) that has set up and holds the participation activity.

Answer "a" applies when the executive provides a written document with:

- The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public and
- A detailed report on how the inputs were used or not used (such report should include information on which inputs were used or not used, why, and how)

Answer "b" applies when the executive provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs received (e.g., a written transcript) from the public and
- A not-so-detailed report, such as a document with a few paragraphs, on how public inputs were used or not used. This document only gives a general idea on how those inputs were or were not taken into account by the executive during budget monitoring.

Answer "c" applies when the executive provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs (e.g., a written transcript) received from the public or

- A report (being it detailed or not-so-detailed) on how public inputs have been used or not used.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget implementation stage.

Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

Source:

NS

Comment:

L'exécutif ne fournit pas d'information sur la manière par laquelle les avis des citoyens ont été pris en considération dans l'implémentation du budget.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: L'Exécutif ne fournit pas d'informations sur la manière par laquelle les avis des citoyens ont été pris en considération dans la mise en oeuvre du budget annuel.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

134. Are participation mechanisms incorporated into the timetable for formulating the Executive's Budget Proposal?

*GUIDELINES:*

*This question reflects the GIFT principles on "Sustainability," "Timeliness" and "Complementarity" and addresses whether the executive is able to link participation mechanisms to the administrative processes that are used to create the annual budget.*

*Please note that "timetable" refers to a document setting deadlines for submissions from other government entities, such as line ministries or subnational government, to the Ministry of Finance or whatever central government agency is in charge of coordinating the budget's formulation. This document is sometimes referred to as the budget calendar and is the same document referenced in Question 53.*

*Answer "a" applies if the national executive establishes a clear set of guidelines that enable citizens and civil servants to understand when participation mechanisms should be used to enable citizen inputs to be incorporated into the annual budget. For answer choice "a", the timetable must be available to the public prior to the budget preparation process beginning.*

*Answer "b" applies if the executive does not establish a clear set of guidelines that enable citizens and civil servants to understand when participation mechanisms should be used to enable citizen inputs to be incorporated into the annual budget or if the executive does not use public participation mechanisms during the budget formulation or implementation stage.*

Answer:

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

Source:

Circulaire de préparation du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2021  
<http://www.gbo.mes.rnu.tn/Fiche/circulaire-16.pdf>

Comment:

Contrairement aux années précédentes, la circulaire de préparation du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2021 n'incorpore pas de calendrier budgétaire.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La circulaire du ministre des Finances portant sur la préparation du budget de l'Etat pour l'année 2021 n'a pas fixé de calendrier pour les mécanismes de participation.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

135. Do one or more line ministries use participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during the formulation or implementation of the annual budget?

**GUIDELINES**

*While questions 125 – 134 focus only on participation mechanisms that the Ministry of Finance, lead budget agency, or central coordinating agency currently use to allow the public to participate in the national budget process, this question asks about participation mechanisms used by line ministries to allow the public to participate in national budget processes. Thus, participation mechanisms used by the Ministry of Finance, lead budget agency, or central coordinating agency should not be used to answer this question. If there is more than one mechanism used by a line ministry or if multiple line ministries use participation mechanisms, please select the deepest or most interactive mechanism that reflects the government's efforts to incorporate citizens' input into the formulation and/or implementation of the annual budget.*

*This question reflects the GIFT principles on "Inclusiveness" and "Timeliness" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the executive are truly interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the executive.*

*The drafting of this question and its answers are partially drawn from the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation, in particular with regards to the concepts of "involvement" (option "a" in the responses) and "consultation" (option "b"). See:*

[https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations\\_course/IAP2\\_P2\\_Spectrum\\_FINAL.pdf](https://cdn.ymaws.com/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/foundations_course/IAP2_P2_Spectrum_FINAL.pdf)

*To answer "a," a line ministry must use open participation mechanisms that involve the public in the formulation or implementation of the annual budget. This means that a public process is in place whereby CSOs and/or individual members of the public and government officials interact, and have the opportunity to express their opinions to each other in what can be considered a public dialogue between them (i.e., in-person and online discussion forums). Additionally, the mechanism should be open to any CSO and/or individual members of the public who wish to participate. By selecting this answer, the researcher must present evidence to support the presence of a public dialogue among citizens and government official. Examples include public meetings and online deliberative exchanges.*

*Answer "b" applies if an open consultation mechanism is in place whereby members of the public (i.e., individuals and/or CSOs as well as academics, independent experts, policy think tanks, and business organizations) can provide their input in the formulation or implementation of the annual budget. This answer applies if the government is using a mechanism that is structured and well established, and not ad-hoc. The researcher must present evidence to support the presence of consultative processes through which a line ministry seeks out inputs from citizens. Examples include surveys, focus groups, report cards, published policy consultation exercises, and online platforms that government officials actively manage to solicit inputs.*

*Answer "c" applies if a line ministry has established a mechanism or mechanisms to allow citizens to participate in the budget formulation phase, but:*

*1) The mechanisms are not structured and happen only on ad-hoc basis, or not regularly.*

*and/or*

*2) A line ministry consults with and/or interacts with, citizens, but there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, and the line ministry determines fully or partially such selection process by inviting specific groups (for example by making an open call but just to experts from a particular sector, or naming specific organizations). While it is not possible for all citizens and/or CSOs to participate in this or other phases of the budget process, options "a" and "b" apply if the government does not exercise any discretion in determining who is allowed to participate. While there is likely going to be self-selection, it is important that the selection is not made by the executive.*

*In cases where there is discretion in who is allowed to participate, to select answer choice "c", there should be some sort of public record (held in public, minutes of meetings released to public) so that the all CSOs and individual members of the public can have knowledge of the meeting, who participated, and what was discussed.*

*The researcher must present evidence to support selection of a "c" response.*

*Examples of mechanisms that might qualify as a "c" response include hotlines, Facebook announcements, and one-off meetings with NGOs in which there is a public record.*

Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Les principes du budget participatif ne sont pas adoptés au niveau des ministères.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les principes du budget participatif ne sont pas adoptés au niveau des ministères.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

136. Does the legislature or the relevant legislative committee(s) hold public hearings and/or use other participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during its public deliberations on the formulation of the annual budget (pre-budget and/or approval stages)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principle on "Sustainability," "Transparency," and "Complementarity" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the legislature are interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the legislature, rather than being limited to allowing the public to attend or hear public budget deliberations.*

*Please consider participation mechanisms that the legislature (both in its whole institution or its relevant budget/public accounts/finance committees) has put in place and is using to allow the public to participate in their deliberations on the annual budget. This includes deliberations during the pre-budget phase (i.e., when the executive is still in the process of formulating the draft budget) and the budget discussions after the budget has been tabled to parliament and before it is approved. In the comment box, please specify during which stage of the budget cycle the legislature has put in place a public participation mechanism.*

*Mechanisms through which members of the public reach out to individual Members of Parliament as opposed to the legislature (both in its whole institution or its relevant budget/public accounts/finance committees) or unofficial hearings organized by a subset of committee members should not be considered in answering this question.*

*If there is more than one mechanism, please select a mechanism that best shows/reflects the legislature's efforts to incorporate citizens into the formulation of the annual budget. The participation mechanisms can involve a range of different issues, such as revenues, policy selection, and macro-fiscal planning (please note that the issue of coverage is covered in a subsequent question).*

*To answer "a," the legislature must hold public hearings where citizens are allowed to testify. This answer applies only if the legislature does not exercise discretion in determining which citizens and/or CSOs can testify (for example, participation takes place on a first-come-first-served basis).*

*Answer "b" should be selected if the following applies:*

- *The legislature holds public hearings on the budget;*
- *Testimony is not allowed from members of the public or CSOs; but*
- *There are other means used by the legislature to receive and collect views from citizens and CSOs on the budget, and the legislature does not exercise discretion in determining which citizens and/or CSOs can provide input. The researcher must provide evidence to support the presence of those alternative processes through which the legislature seeks inputs from citizens. For example, there should be a public record indicating that views from citizens and the public were sought.*

*Answer "c" should be selected if the following applies:*

- *The legislature holds public hearings on the budget;*
- *Testimony is not allowed from members of the public or CSOs;*
- *No other means are used by the legislature to receive and collect views/input from citizens and CSOs on the budget, but*
- *The legislature invites a few individuals/groups to provide input (through public hearings or elsewhere)*
- *The legislature has a provision (via standing orders or in law) through which the public can submit their inputs, and members of the public or CSOs actively use it to submit opinions on the budget.*

*Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the annual budget*

**Answer:**

c. Yes, public hearings on the budget are held. No testimony from the public is provided during the public hearings, and there are no other mechanisms through which public contributions are received, but the legislature invites specific individuals or groups to testify or provide input (participation is not, in practice, open to everyone).

**Source:**

Annexe 1 du rapport de la commission des finances sur le projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021  
[http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code\\_obj=113508&code\\_exp=3&langue=1](http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code_obj=113508&code_exp=3&langue=1)

**Comment:**

Des séances d'audition ont été tenues par la commission des finances au sein de l'Assemblée dans le cadre de la discussion du projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2019. Ces consultations concernent uniquement quelques organisations de la société civile spécialisées et des organisations professionnelles (Ordre de métiers, associations scientifiques, syndicats, patronat...). L'annexe 1 du rapport de la commission récapitule les principales propositions et commentaires venant des organisations qui ont été concertées.

**Peer Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Des séances d'audition ont été tenues par la commission des finances au sein de l'ARP dans le cadre de la discussion du projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2019. Ces consultations concernent quelques organisations de la société civile spécialisées et des organisations professionnelles (Ordre de métiers, associations scientifiques, syndicats, patronat...).

**Government Reviewer**

Opinion: Agree

**IBP Comment**

Le commentaire de l'examinateur pair est bien noté. Il y a une petite faute de frappe dans le commentaire initial du chercheur- il s'agit du projet de loi de finances pour l'année 2021 au lieu de 2019.

137. During the legislative deliberations on the annual budget (pre-budget or approval stages), which of the following key topics does the legislature's (or relevant legislative budget committee) engagement with citizens cover?

For the purpose of this question, key topics are considered to be:

1. Macroeconomic issues
2. Revenue forecasts, policies, and administration
3. Social spending policies
4. Deficit and debt levels
5. Public investment projects
6. Public services

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Timeliness". Please consider the range of mechanisms currently used by the legislature to promote public participation during legislative deliberations on the annual budget.*

*Please note that while the public engagement can/may cover other topics, for the purpose of answering this question, "key topics" are considered to be only the ones listed above. If the legislature's engagement with the public covers topics other than the six listed above, please specify these topics in the comments.*

*Note also that this question assesses only the coverage of public engagement (i.e., "what issues is the public invited to engage on?") and issues related to the depth of engagement or selectivity of engaged are not dealt with by this question.*

*If written materials about the public engagement, such as an invitation, do not specify the coverage of the public engagement, but the researcher has personally participated in the engagement, s/he may respond to this question based on firsthand experience of the coverage of the public engagement.*

*Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the annual budget.*

Answer:

b. The legislature seeks input on at least three (but less than six) of the above-mentioned topics.

Source:

Discussions avec le conseiller de la commission des finances et un responsable à l'Union Tunisienne de l'Industrie et de l'Artisanat (UTICA)

Comment:

Comme c'était le cas pour le PLF 2019, les auditions qui ont été tenues ont porté sur les prévisions macroéconomiques, les dépenses sociales, les politiques publiques en matière d'encouragement de l'investissement et le financement du déficit budgétaire.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les auditions tenues à l'ARP portent sur les prévisions macroéconomiques, les dépenses sociales, les politiques publiques en matière d'encouragement de l'investissement et le financement du déficit.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

138. Does the legislature provide feedback to the public on how citizens' inputs have been used during legislative deliberations on the annual budget?

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Sustainability", and examines the extent to which the legislature provides information to citizens on which public inputs were received and how inputs were used during legislative deliberations (please note that these deliberations can refer to the pre-budget and approval phases). By "written record" in this question, we mean a document that is produced and released by the legislature.*

*Answer "a" applies when the legislature provides a written document with:*

- *The inputs received from the public (e.g., a written transcript) and*

- A detailed report on how the inputs were used or not used (such report should include information on which inputs were used or not used, why, and how).

Answer "b" applies when the legislature provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs received from the public (e.g., a written transcript) and
- A not-so-detailed report on how public inputs were used or not used. This document only gives a general idea on how those inputs were used or not used in legislative deliberations on the annual budget (please note that these deliberations refer to the pre-budget and approval phases).

Answer "c" applies when the legislature makes available a video recording of the relevant legislative session or provides a written document that includes:

- The inputs received from the public (e.g., a written transcript) or
- A report (being it detailed or not-so-detailed) on how public inputs have been used or not used.

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the annual budget.

Answer:

a. Yes, the legislature provides a written record which includes both the list of the inputs received from the public and a detailed report of how the inputs were used during legislative deliberations on the budget.

Source:

Annexe 1 du rapport de la commission des finances sur le PLF 2021  
[http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code\\_obj=113508&code\\_exp=3&langue=1](http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code_obj=113508&code_exp=3&langue=1)

Version modifiée du PLF 2021

[http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code\\_obj=113508&code\\_exp=2&langue=1](http://www.arp.tn/site/servlet/Fichier?code_obj=113508&code_exp=2&langue=1)

Comment:

L'annexe 1 du rapport de la commission (premier lien) présente une matrice exhaustive de toutes les propositions venant de la vingtaine d'OSC consultées (par article du projet de loi et par organisation). Le deuxième document présente une version modifiée du projet de loi montrant comment ces propositions ont été prises en considération.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Les rapports de la commission des finances au sein de l'ARP fournissent les informations au public sur les contributions des OSC consultées ainsi que la prise en compte de leurs propositions dans le budget annuel.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

139. Does the legislature hold public hearings and/or use other participation mechanisms through which the public can provide input during its public deliberations on the Audit Report?

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question reflects the GIFT principle on "Sustainability," "Transparency," and "Complementarity" and assesses the extent to which the participation mechanism(s) used by the legislature are interactive and involve a two-way conversation between citizens and the legislature, rather than being limited to allowing the public to attend or hear public budget deliberations.*

*A key constitutional role of the legislature in almost all countries is to oversee the government's management of public resources. While the Supreme Audit Institution is responsible for checking the government's accounts and publishing the outcome of their audits, for accountability purposes it is essential that the legislature reviews and scrutinizes those reports, and checks on whether the executive is taking the appropriate corrective actions based on the Supreme Audit Institution's recommendations.*

*Holding public hearings to review audit findings allows the public to learn more about how the government has managed its resources for the budget years that have ended, and demand accountability in case of mismanagement and irregularities. Reviewing and discussing those reports in public is therefore a key responsibility of a legislature.*

*Please note that by "Audit Report" we refer to the same audit report assessed in the transparency section of this Survey, i.e., one of the eight key budget documents that all governments (in this case, the Supreme Audit Institution) must produce, according to best practice.*

*Please consider participation mechanisms that the legislature (both in its whole institution or its relevant budget/public accounts/finance committees) have put in place and using to allow the public to participate in their deliberations on the Audit Report.*

*Mechanisms through which members of the public reach out to individual members of parliament as opposed to the legislature (both in its whole institution or*

its relevant budget/public accounts/finance committees) or unofficial hearings organized by a subset of committee members should not be considered in answering this question.

To answer "a," the national legislature must hold public hearings where citizens are allowed to testify. This answer applies only if the legislature does not exercise discretion in determining which citizens and/or CSOs can testify (for example, participation takes place on a first-come-first-served basis).

Answer "b" should be selected if the following applies:

- The legislature holds public hearings on the budget;
- No testimony is allowed from the public; BUT
- There are other means used by the legislature to receive and collect views from citizens and CSOs on the budget, and the legislature does not exercise discretion in determining which citizens and/or CSOs can provide input. The researcher must provide evidence to support the presence of those alternative processes through which the legislature seeks inputs from citizens. For example, there should be a public record indicating that views from citizens and the public were sought.

Answer "c" should be selected if the following applies:

- The legislature holds public hearings on the budget;
- No testimony is allowed from the public;
- No other means are used by the legislature to receive and collect views/input from citizens and CSOs on the budget, BUT
- The legislature invites a few individuals/groups to provide input (through public hearings or elsewhere)

Answer "d" applies if the requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if the legislature does not use public participation mechanisms during its deliberations on the Audit Report.

Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

Source:

NS

Comment:

Le législatif n'adopte pas de mécanismes participatifs par rapport au rapport d'audit.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: Le Législatif n'adopte pas de mécanismes de participation du public pour le rapport d'audit.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

140. Does the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) maintain formal mechanisms through which the public can suggest issues/topics to include in the SAI's audit program (for example, by bringing ideas on agencies, programs, or projects that could be audited)?

**GUIDELINES:**

*This question assesses whether the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) has established mechanisms through which the public can provide suggestions on issues/topics to be included in its audit program. When deciding its audit agenda, the SAI may undertake audits for a sample of agencies, projects, and programs in the country; and such a selection could be based on complaints and suggestions made by members of the public. To receive such suggestions, the SAI may create formal mechanisms, like setting up a website, hotline, or office (or assigning staff to liaise with the public).*

*Please note that formal mechanisms that do not explicitly seek the public's input in the audit program (such as general comment submission boxes on the SAI's website) should not be considered for this question.*

Answer:

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

Source:

NS

Comment:

La cour des comptes n'adopte pas de mécanismes permettant au public de s'impliquer dans l'identification des secteurs/thématiques faisant l'objet d'audit.



Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La Cour des Comptes, en tant qu'Institution supérieure de contrôle, n'adopte pas de mécanismes formels par lesquels le public peut suggérer des questions/sujets à inclure dans le programme d'audit.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

141. Does the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) provide the public with feedback on how citizens' inputs have been used to determine its audit program?

*GUIDELINES:*

*This question reflects the GIFT principles of "Transparency" and "Sustainability", and examines the extent to which the Supreme Audit Institution provides information to citizens on which public inputs were received, which ones are used to determine the Supreme Audit Institution's audit program. By "written record" in this question, we mean a document that is produced and released by the Supreme Audit Institution.*

*Answer "a" applies when the Supreme Audit Institution provides a written document with:*

- *The inputs received from the public and*
- *A detailed report on how the inputs were used or not used (such report should include information on which inputs were used or not used, why, and how).*

*Answer "b" applies when the SAI provides a written document that includes:*

- *The inputs received from the public and*
- *A not-so-detailed report on how public inputs were used or not used. This document only gives a general idea on how those inputs were used or not used to determine the SAI's annual audit program.*

*Answer "c" applies when the SAI provides a written document that includes:*

- *The received from the public or*
- *A report (being it detailed or not-so-detailed) on how public inputs have been used or not used.*

*Answer "d" applies if requirements for a "c" response or above are not met or if maintain formal mechanisms through which the public can suggests issues/topics to include in the SAI's audit program.*

Answer:

d. The requirements for a "c" response or above are not met.

Source:

NS

Comment:

La cour ne fournit pas de feedbacks sur comment les inputs du public ont été prises en compte.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La Cour des Comptes ne fournit pas au public un retour d'information sur la manière dont les contributions des citoyens ont été utilisées pour déterminer son programme d'audit.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

142. Does the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) maintain formal mechanisms through which the public can contribute to audit investigations (as respondents, witnesses, etc.)?

*GUIDELINES:*

*This question mirrors question 140, but instead of covering public assistance in formulating the SAI's audit program, it focuses on whether the Supreme Audit Institution has established mechanisms through which the public can participate in audit investigations. In addition to seeking public input to determine its audit agenda, the SAI may wish to provide formal opportunities for the public and civil society organizations to participate in the actual audit investigations, as witnesses or respondents.*

Answer:

b. The requirements for an "a" response are not met.

Source:

NS

Comment:

La cour n'adopte pas de mécanismes permettant au public de prendre part au processus d'investigation.

Peer Reviewer

Opinion: Agree

Comments: La Cour des Comptes n'adopte pas de mécanismes formels par lesquels le public peut contribuer aux enquêtes d'audit.

Government Reviewer

Opinion: Agree